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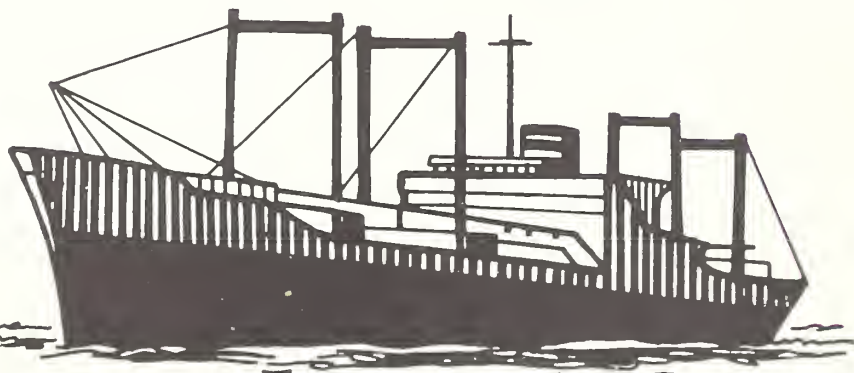
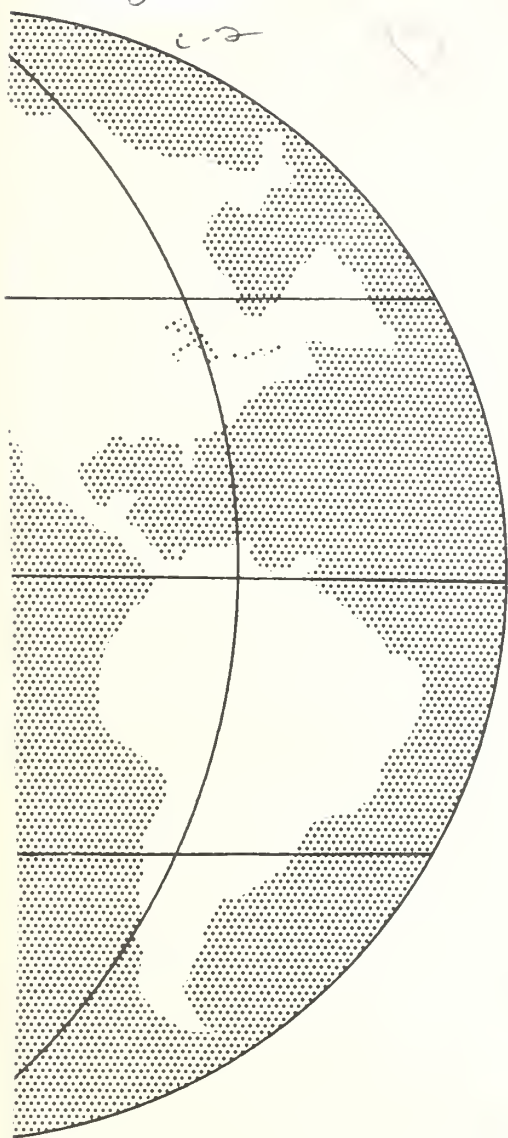
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JUNE 1966

FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES



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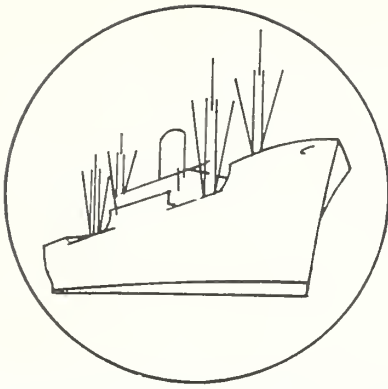
- Export Payment Assistance to U.S. Agricultural Exports, Fiscal Year 1964-65.
- U.S. Agricultural Imports by Country, Fiscal Years 1959-60 Through 1964-65
- Imports of Fruits and Vegetables Under Quarantine, Fiscal Year 1964-65
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FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES

Digest

This issue contains a review of export payment assistance to U.S. agricultural exports in fiscal year 1964-65 and summarizes recent developments in export payment programs. During the year, exports valued at an estimated \$2,213 million, or 36 percent of total U.S. agricultural exports of \$6,096 million, received export payment assistance. These payments are made on some U.S. price-supported commodities to compensate the exporter who purchases at a higher domestic price and sells in foreign markets at a lower world price. Export payments were estimated at \$483 million in 1964-65 compared with \$822 million a year earlier. Payments on wheat and flour, cotton, rice, and certain dairy products accounted for 95 percent of the total.

* * * * *

U.S. agricultural imports in fiscal year 1964-65 totaled \$3,987 million compared with \$4,096 million in 1963-64 and \$4,017 million in 1959-60. The decline from the previous year was the result of a decline for both supplementary (competitive or partially competitive) and complementary (noncompetitive) products. Supplementary imports, however, accounted for a larger share of purchases than they did 5 years earlier. Increased competition from synthetic materials has exerted a downward pressure on imports of natural rubber and carpet wool. Major shifts have occurred in imports by country since 1959-60. Purchases of lower priced African coffees have increased. Mexico, Dominican Republic, Peru, Brazil, Australia, and South Africa are supplying much of the sugar formerly imported from Cuba. The pattern of imports by area has altered in the past 5 years. Latin America's share, although still the largest, has fallen off while imports from Europe, Africa, and Oceania have increased. Asia's share of imports has not changed markedly; purchases from the Philippines have become more important while those from other Asian countries have declined. Canada's share of U.S. agricultural imports has changed very little over the period.

* * * * *

Import statistics for fruits and vegetables under quarantine during fiscal year 1964-65 are included in this issue. Fresh and frozen fruits and vegetables and certain types of nuts entering the United States are subject to provisions of plant quarantines and restrictive orders administered by USDA's Agricultural Research Service. Fruit and vegetable imports from all sources except Canada are inspected for harmful insects and diseases at ports of entry.

* * * * *

U.S. agricultural exports for July-April 1965-66 were estimated at \$5,570 million, 11 percent higher than the same months a year ago. Substantial increases occurred in exports of feed grains, hides and skins, milled rice, protein meal, and soybeans. Cotton exports continued to decline, and during July-April, were 32 percent below a year earlier. April 1966 agricultural exports were estimated at 2 percent below April 1965.

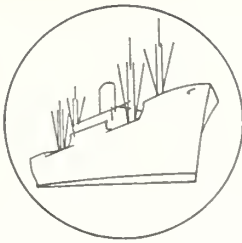
U.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community (EEC) totaled \$1,251 million in July-March 1965-66 -- up 20 percent from the same period in 1964-65. Commodities subject to variable import levies amounted to 46 percent of total agricultural exports to the EEC compared with 38 percent during July-March 1964-65. This increase was due to larger exports of feed grains and wheat. Excluding these commodities, July-March exports of variable levy products totaled \$80 million, down \$19 million, or 19 percent from a year earlier. Agricultural commodities not subject to variable levies were up 6 percent over July-March 1964-65. Soybeans accounted for much of the increase; their export value was up one-third. Other increases occurred in fruits and vegetables, hides and skins, oilcake and meal, tobacco, variety meats, and tallow.

* * * * *

U.S. agricultural exports rose \$132 million from a year earlier to a record \$3,379 million in July-December 1965. Substantial gains in dollar exports of feed grains, wheat, soybeans, rice, and fruits accounted for the increase of \$320 million in commercial sales for dollars. Declines in Government program exports partially offset the rise in dollar sales. Sales for foreign currency under Title I, P.L. 480, long-term supply and dollar credit sales under Title IV and foreign donations under Title III were lower than in the 1964 period. Shipments under the barter program were nearly doubled and donations under Title II were higher than a year earlier.

* * * * *

U.S. agricultural imports for consumption in July-March 1965-66 totaled \$3,326 million up 13 percent from a year earlier. Imports in March 1966 were valued at \$431 million compared with \$420 million in March 1965. Supplementary imports for July-March 1965-66 were up 18 percent from the corresponding months a year ago. Live animal imports increased sharply. Other increases in supplementary imports occurred in meat and meat products, apparel wool, and dairy products. Complementary imports were \$1,511 million in July-March 1965-66, compared with \$1,393 million in July-March 1964-65. Coffee imports were up 10 percent and reached a total of \$903 million. The value of crude natural rubber imports was down due to lower unit value.



SPECIAL in this issue

EXPORT PAYMENT ASSISTANCE TO U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS,
FISCAL YEAR 1964-65

by

Eleanor N. DeBlois 1/

INTRODUCTION

U.S. exports of agricultural products in 1964-65 totaled a record \$6,096 million, continuing the strong upward trend of the past decade. World demand for U.S. agricultural commodities -- especially feed grains, soybeans and products, and animal products -- has increased sharply in recent years. However, exports of cotton and tobacco in 1964-65 were down from a year earlier, resulting largely from increased foreign competition. Wheat exports were down but still second highest of record. The record year was 1963-64 when wheat exports were stimulated by large purchases by the USSR.

The United States is the world's largest exporter of farm products, supplying one-fifth of world exports of agricultural commodities. Production from one out of every four harvested acres in the United States is exported. In 1964-65, exports accounted for over half of the U.S. production of wheat, soybeans, milled rice, and dry edible peas; over 40 percent of the nonfat dry milk, tallow, and hops; almost one-third of the dried prunes and cottonseed; about one-fourth of the cotton, tobacco, raisins, grain sorghums, and flaxseed; and one-sixth of the corn, barley, lard, and dry edible beans.

Nearly three-fourths of the exports of farm products in 1964-65 were commercial sales for dollars. These dollar exports, plus dollars saved and repaid under Public Law 480 programs, helped to improve the U.S. balance-of-payments position.

About one-fourth of the export total consisted of exports under Government-financed programs, mostly under P.L. 480, the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954. These exports help meet world food needs, support economic development abroad, further U.S. foreign policy, and help develop commercial markets for U.S. agricultural products.

1/ International Economist, Trade Statistics and Analysis Branch, Foreign Development and Trade Division, Economic Research Service, USDA.

Some price-supported agricultural commodities cannot compete in foreign markets without some form of compensation to the exporter who purchases at the higher domestic price and sells in foreign markets at a lower world price. This compensation may be in the form of export payments in cash or in kind on exports from commercial stocks or may consist of sales of commodities in CCC inventory or tobacco under loan to CCC at competitive world prices. Export payment programs are under constant review and modification to meet changing supply and export demand situations. The programs are also changed by agricultural legislation.

The term "export payment" in this article includes export payments in cash or in kind and differentials between the U.S. domestic market price and CCC sales price for commodities sold for export from Government-owned stocks at competitive world prices.

This article (1) summarizes the extent of export payment assistance to U.S. exports of farm products for fiscal year 1964-65; (2) reviews basic changes in farm programs and foreign trade policy under the Food and Agriculture Act of 1965; (3) summarizes a revision in the CCC export credit sales program which provides for exports of certain commodities from private stocks and notes a recent revision which provides for acceptance of certain foreign bank obligations; (4) describes the export payment program on U.S. chickens shipped to Austria and Switzerland, announced September 22, 1965; and (5) reviews the extent of export payment assistance by commodity groups.

Summary of Export Payment Assistance, Fiscal Year 1964-65

Commercial sales of farm products for dollars totaled \$4,426 million in 1964-65, 72.6 percent of the record \$6,096 million export total. An estimated \$1,060 million of dollar exports (17.4 percent of total exports) received export payments and \$3,366 million (55.2 percent of total exports) did not require this assistance (table 1 and figure 1).

In 1963-64, dollar exports receiving export payment assistance were 23 percent of total exports. The decline to 17.4 percent in 1964-65 was largely due to the smaller volume of wheat and cotton exports. In 1963-64, dollar shipments not requiring export payments were 51 percent of total exports. The rise to 55.2 percent in 1964-65 was due to increased commercial exports of oilseeds and products, feed grains (principally corn), animals and products, and fruits and preparations.

Exports under Government-financed programs amounted to \$1,670 million (27.4 percent of total exports). These exports included an estimated \$1,153 million (18.9 percent of total exports) which received export payments, \$278 million (4.6 percent) which were not assisted by export payments, and \$239 million (3.9 percent) which consisted of donations under Titles II and III, P.L. 480. In 1963-64, program exports which received export payments were 15 percent of total exports; the rise to 18.9 percent in 1964-65 was due to the larger volume of wheat and flour exported under programs.

Table 1.--U.S. agricultural exports for dollars and under Government-financed programs, with and without the assistance of export payments: Estimated value by commodity, year ending June 30, 1965

Commodity	Commercial sales for dollars			Exports under Government-financed programs 1/			Total agricultural exports 2/		
	With export payments 3/	Without export payments	Total	With export payments 3/	Without export payments	Total	With export payments 3/	Without export payments	Total
	-- Million dollars --								
Wheat and flour	239	---	239	911	---	89	1,000	1,150	---
Cotton	426	---	426	158	---	---	158	584	---
Rice, milled	137	---	137	66	---	---	66	203	---
Feed grains and rye	124	746	870	10	54	9	73	134	800
Dairy products	106	28	134	8	17	67	92	114	45
Tobacco	4	357	361	5/	34	---	34	4	391
Oilseeds and products	12	951	963	---	128	33	161	12	1,079
Peanuts	12	2	14	---	---	---	---	12	2
Animals and products, except dairy	---	552	552	---	40	---	40	---	592
Fruits and vegetables and preparations	---	437	437	---	3	3	6	---	440
Other	---	293	293	---	2	38	40	---	295
Total	1,060	3,366	4,426	1,153	278	239	1,670	2,213	3,644
Column total as percentage of total exports	17.4	55.2	72.6	18.9	4.6	3.9	27.4	36.3	59.8
									3.9
									100.0

1/ Includes programs authorized by P.L. 83-480, Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended, and P.L. 87-195, Act for International Development of 1961, as amended. Donations are under Titles II and III of P.L. 83-480. See "High Level Dollar Exports Boost Total Exports of U.S. Farm Products for Second Consecutive Fiscal Year," ERS-Foreign-150, January 1966.

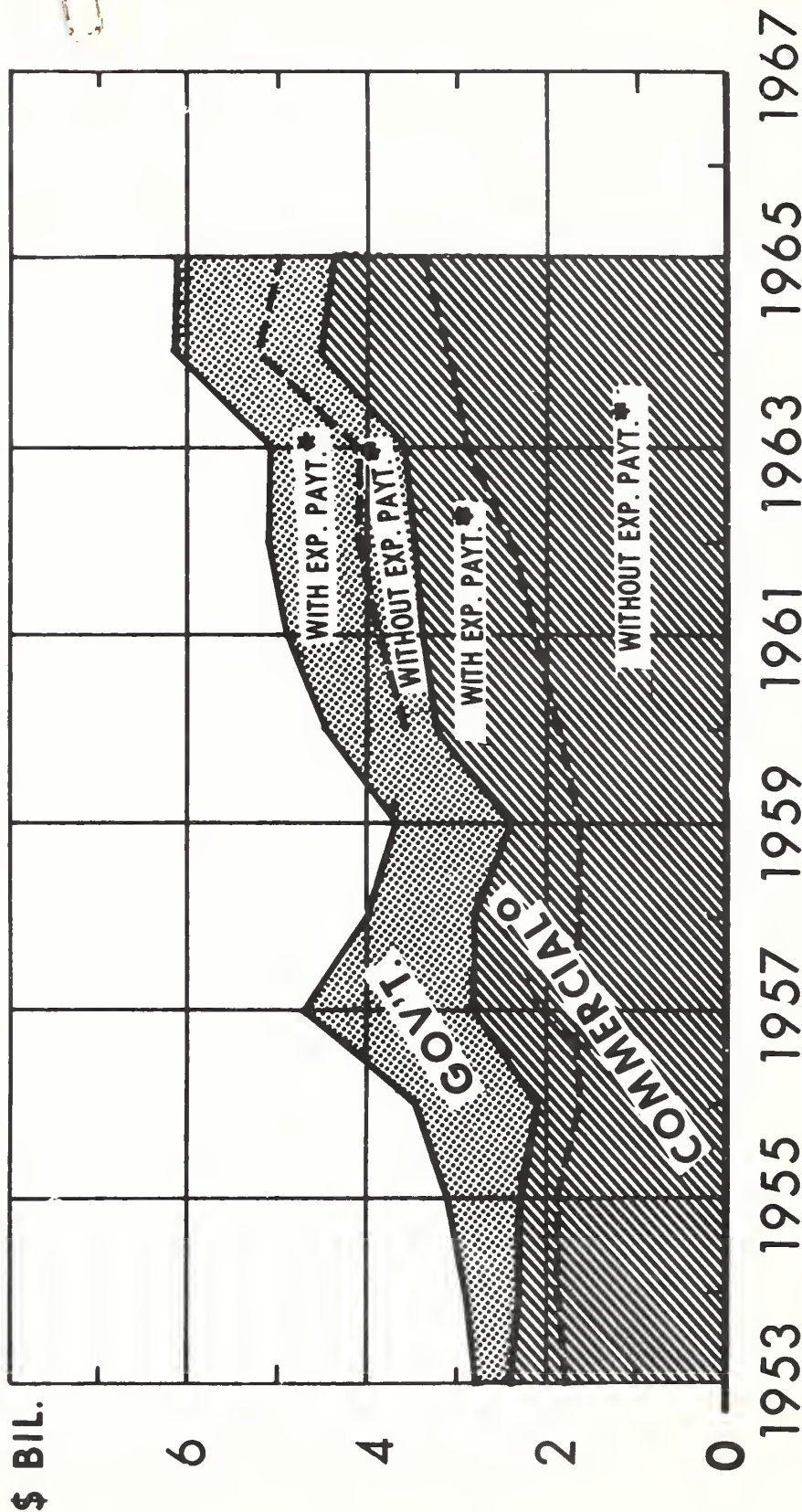
2/ Declared value of export does not include export payment since exporter does not receive the amount of the export payment from importer. (See table.)

3/ Exports of wheat grain were assisted by export payments in kind and wheat flour by payments in cash both under and outside the International Wheat Agreement. Exports of upland cotton, nonfat dry milk, butter and milkfat products /included in dairy products/; and flaxseed /included in oilseeds and products/ received payments in kind. Exports of rice received payments in kind or in cash until the elimination of the cash option in December 1964. Tobacco exports received payments in cash under Sec. 32 of P.L. 74-320 of 1935, as amended. Upland and domestically-produced extra long staple cotton, grain sorghums /included in feed grains/; nonfat dry milk, butter (exported as butter or milkfat products), and cheese /included in dairy products/; flaxseed (exported as seed or linseed oil) and cottonseed oil /included in oilseeds and products/; and peanuts were sold for export from Government-owned stocks at less than domestic market price (peanuts at less than domestic market price for edible purposes). 4/ Total exports of dairy products include an estimated \$10 million for donations of butter and butteroil and total exports of oilseeds and products included an estimated \$9 million for donations of vegetable oil under Title III, P.L. 83-480, included by the Bureau of the Census in "other food for relief and charity" prior to January 1, 1965.

5/ Less than \$500,000.

U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS

Commercial, and Under Specified Government Programs
With and Without Export Payment Assistance



*"EXPORT PAYMENTS" INCLUDE PAYMENTS IN CASH OR IN-KIND AND SALES FROM GOVERNMENT OWNED STOCKS AT LESS THAN DOMESTIC MARKET PRICES. DATA FOR EXPORT PAYMENTS UNDER GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS ARE NOT AVAILABLE BEFORE 1960. YEAR ENDING JUNE 30. ⁰DOLLAR SALES.

Export payments were an estimated \$482.9 million in 1964-65, compared with \$821.7 million a year earlier. These totals include payments in cash and in kind and estimated differentials between CCC sales prices and domestic market prices on exports from Government-owned stocks (table 2).

The reduction in total export payments was due partly to smaller average export payments for most commodities and partly to the decline in volume of exports of some commodities which received export payments, especially wheat and cotton. The average export payment on wheat and flour in 1964-65 was 27 cents per bushel compared with 56 cents in 1963-64. Export payments on upland cotton were reduced from 8½ cents per pound (\$42.50 for a 500 pound bale) in 1963-64 to 6½ cents per pound (\$32.50 for a 500 pound bale) in 1964-65. The reduction in export payments on wheat and cotton in 1964-65 compared with 1963-64 amounted to \$321 million, 95 percent of the \$339 million reduction in total export payments for all commodities.

Domestic Farm Programs and Foreign Trade Policy Under the Food and Agriculture Act of 1965 -- P.L. 89-321

On November 3, 1965, the President approved a new farm program enacted by Congress, which extends over the next 4 years and involves basic changes in farm programs. The objective of the legislation was to bring a better balance between production and use of food and fiber and at the same time lower the cost to the American taxpayer. The provisions of the Act of 1965 continue and extend the policy of a closer alignment between price support levels and world market prices. At the same time farm income will be strengthened through provisions for direct payments to farmers who cooperate by diverting productive acres from the production of unneeded crops to other uses. While direct payments to cooperating producers in combination with a market price-support loan is not a new concept, extending its use to cotton as well as feed grains and wheat is a major breakthrough.

The new program is designed to enable the farmer to price his products competitively in world markets and to lessen the acquisition and disposal of surpluses through Government channels. The provisions of the new farm programs as they relate to foreign marketing of wheat and cotton are briefly reviewed in the commodity sections of this report.

Revised CCC Export Credit Sales Program to Provide for Exports From Private Stocks and to Provide for Acceptance of Certain Foreign Bank Obligations

On February 11, 1965, USDA issued a revision in regulations for the CCC export credit sales program to provide deferred payment terms in connection with certain agricultural commodities exported from private stocks. Earlier, export credit arrangements had been available only for commodities in CCC inventory or for tobacco under loan to CCC.

Table 2.--Estimated export payments 1/ on U.S. agricultural exports: Average per unit and total, year ending June 30, 1965

Commodity	Unit:	Average:	Total
	:	per unit:	
	:	:	Million
	:	Dollars	dollars
Wheat and flour.....	Bu. :	2/0.27	180.9
Cotton, upland.....	Bale:	3/32.50	143.8
Cotton, extra-long-staple, domestically produced.....	Bale:	4/45.00	0.9
Rice.....	Cwt.:	5/2.22	64.5
Grain sorghums.....	Bu. :	6/.123	13.6
Milk, nonfat dry.....	Lb. :	7/.069	35.1
Butter.....	Lb. :	7/.248	30.0
Milkfat (butteroil, anhydrous milkfat, ghee, etc.).....	Lb. :	7/.33	5.2
Cheese.....	Lb. :	6/.145	0.6
Tobacco.....	Lb. :	8/.092	0.8
Flaxseed.....	Bu. :	7/.10	0.4
Cottonseed oil.....	Lb. :	6/.0525	0.2
Peanuts.....	Lb. :	6/.07	6.9
Total.....	---	---	482.9

1/ Export payments consist of payments in kind and in cash and the estimated differential between the domestic market price and CCC export sales price on sales for export from CCC stocks. Export payments are not included in the declared value of agricultural exports, as shown in table 1, as the exporter does not receive the amount of the export payment from the importer.

2/ Average payment in kind on wheat, 23 cents, and average payment in cash on wheat equivalent of wheat flour, 80 cents per bushel. During 1964-65 export payments on wheat included a refund of all or part of the cost of a wheat export marketing certificate. Export payments on flour included a full refund of the cost of a domestic marketing certificate for wheat.

3/ Based on cotton export payment-in-kind rate of 6.5 cents per pound x 500 pound bale.

4/ Estimated differential between domestic market price and CCC export sales price, 9 cents per pound, x 500 pound bale.

5/ Average of payments in cash and in kind until elimination of option for cash redemption in December 1964.

6/ Estimated differential between domestic market price and CCC export sales price. Export payment for peanuts is estimated differential between domestic market price of peanuts for edible purposes and CCC sales price.

7/ Weighted average of payments in kind and estimated differential between domestic market price and CCC export sales price.

8/ Average payment in cash under Section 32 of P.L. 74-320, 1935.

Under the earlier program, export credit arrangements were not only limited to commodities in CCC stocks, but were also limited by the type, grade, and merchandisable position of these commodities. Further limitations involved CCC pricing policy, which for certain commodities was designed to meet domestic stabilization objectives. In addition, credit could not be extended under the previous program to cover the processing for export of CCC-owned commodities or to cover inland freight charges on stocks stored in interior locations.

Under the revised program, exporters who ship from private stocks receive an Export Commodity Certificate (CCC-341) for an amount equal to the port value of the commodity. The "port value" is defined as the exporter's sales price, basis delivery at U.S. port position. Such certificates may be transferred or may be used for the purchase of commodities from CCC inventory (or tobacco under loan to CCC) for export pursuant to announcements issued by CCC providing for redemption of such certificates. Exporters may ship from private stocks although the same commodity is available from CCC.

Exports from private stocks under the revised program began in February and totaled \$4.4 million through June 1965. Exports from private stocks increased to a total of \$38.6 million in July-December 1965, nearly half of the \$78.3 million total of credit sales during the 6-month period.

All sales under the program are made to U.S. exporters who in turn pass on credit to the foreign buyers. Until February 1966, an assurance of payment from a bank in the United States was required for all purchases. On February 17, 1966, a revision was announced which permits acceptance of certain foreign bank obligations. The revised regulations, by giving exporters additional sources of credit, are expected not only to increase dollar exports of U.S. farm products from CCC-owned and private stocks, but also to meet generally expanded needs for export credit whenever such credit is not available from U.S. banks.

Export Payment Program on U.S. Exports of Chickens to Austria and Switzerland

On September 22, 1965, the Department initiated an export payment-in-cash program for U.S. Grade A chickens exported to Switzerland and Austria. Export payments are made on whole, frozen, ready-to-cook USDA Grade A chickens, including broilers, roasters, and stewing hens, with or without giblets and necks.

Through vigorous promotion efforts the United States built up a large volume of poultry sales in Austria and Switzerland. Such U.S. sales have declined sharply in recent years because a number of European countries began subsidizing their chicken exports to these 2 countries. Large subsidies enabled European producers to undersell efficiently produced U.S. poultry, which had been exported without export payment assistance.

The United States undertook multilateral and bilateral discussions in an effort to persuade European exporting countries to discontinue or modify their subsidy practices, but without results. The only practical solution appeared to be a limited subsidy program until the United States and other exporters can arrive at a mutually satisfactory solution. Payments under this program are made under Section 32, P.L. 74-320. This program was in effect until January 28, 1966, at which time it was temporarily suspended.

Commodity Groups Partially or Wholly Assisted by Export Payments
in Fiscal Year 1964-65

Wheat and flour

U.S. exports of wheat and flour totaled \$1,239 million (715 million bushels) in 1964-65 compared with \$1,518 million (848 million bushels) in 1963-64. Strong competition from other exporting countries and weakened import demand reduced U.S. exports from the record level of 1963-64 when Western Europe and the Soviet Union imported substantial quantities of U.S. wheat because of poor harvests. In 1964-65, supplies in exporting countries were expanding and production in many importing countries had increased.

Wheat legislation, Public Law 88-297 approved April 11, 1964, bolstered farm income from wheat by providing cooperating farmers a price-support loan of \$1.30 per bushel (national average) for the 1964 crop and domestic and export marketing certificates. The domestic marketing certificate, covering the producer's share in the national allocation for domestic use, was valued at 70 cents per bushel. The export marketing certificate was valued at 25 cents per bushel. For the 1965 crop, the loan rate is \$1.25 per bushel, the value of the domestic marketing certificate is 75 cents, and the value of the export marketing certificate is 30 cents per bushel. Export payments on wheat were made to exporters in 1964-65 and are being made in 1965-66 as necessary to bridge the gap between the world price and the domestic market price plus the cost of the export marketing certificate. Processors are required to obtain domestic marketing certificates to cover all wheat used for food products. Export payments on flour were made in 1964-65 and are being made in 1965-66 to bridge the gap between the world price and the cost to millers plus domestic marketing certificates.

During July-June 1964-65, export payments in kind on wheat grain averaged approximately 23 cents per bushel; and export payments in cash on wheat flour, approximately 80 cents per bushel equivalent. The estimated total of export payments on wheat and flour was \$180.9 million, averaging approximately 27 cents per bushel. Estimated export payments on the 624 million bushels of wheat exported, excluding 11 million bushels donated under Titles II and III, P.L. 480, amounted to \$143.5 million. Estimated export payments on the 46.7 million bushel wheat-equivalent (20.5 million cwt. of flour) of flour exported, excluding 33.2 million bushels (14.6 million cwt.) donated under P.L. 480, amounted to \$37.4 million.

In the latter part of January 1965, the USDA increased the export payment (which had the effect of lowering the net export price) because world wheat prices had generally declined in response to the increasingly keen competitive situation.

Export payments were made during the year on sales under the International Wheat Agreement and on nonagreement sales. The 1962 International Wheat Agreement, which became effective on August 1, 1962, for a 3-year period, was extended by protocol for one year through July 31, 1966. On April 4, 1966, the Secretary of Agriculture on behalf of the United States, signed the protocol to extend the current International Wheat Agreement through July 31, 1967. This action is subject to Senate ratification.

1966 wheat program authorized by the Food and Agriculture Act of 1965, P.L. 89-321, November 3, 1965.--This legislation continues the voluntary wheat program for the crops of 1966 through 1969. This program is quite similar to the present program. Price-support loans, at a national average of \$1.25 per bushel for the 1966 crop, are offered to producers who comply with their allotments and other program provisions. Marketing quotas are suspended while the program is in effect. For 1966, wheat for domestic use will be supported at parity through the issuance of domestic marketing certificates valued at the difference between the national average loan rate of \$1.25 per bushel and parity as of the beginning of the marketing year, July 1, 1966. These certificates may be sold to CCC at face value. The number of domestic marketing certificates issued cannot be for less than 500 million bushels. They will be issued on 45 percent of production based on "projected yields." Processors of wheat will be required to buy domestic certificates for the wheat used in the manufacture of food products. They will purchase certificates at face value less the amount by which total price support (parity) exceeds \$2.00 a bushel. This will result in CCC's paying the difference between \$2.00 per bushel and parity.

Noncertificate wheat and wheat for export will be supported through loans at a level based on the world market price and the feeding value of wheat -- for 1966, \$1.25 per bushel. Export marketing certificates will not be issued to farmers. Export certificate costs to exporters will be on a day-to-day basis rather than on a predetermined annual value as in 1965. If U.S. prices are above world market prices, export marketing certificates will have no value and an export payment reflecting the difference between the U.S. and world price levels will be made to exporters. If world prices are above U.S. prices, the marketing certificate value will be the difference between the U.S. price and world prices, and will be collected from exporters. At the end of the marketing year, the proceeds from export marketing certificates minus export payments will be distributed to eligible producers on a pro rata basis. However, the current relationship of U.S. wheat prices to world prices indicates that export payments will exceed certificate collections in the months ahead.

Export payments will continue on flour exports under the 1966 program if the cost to millers of wheat plus domestic certificates is above world prices.

Amended wheat export regulations for exports on or after July 1, 1966, were announced by USDA March 17, 1966.

Feed grains and rye

U.S. exports of feed grains and rye set an **alltime** fiscal year record in 1964-65, continuing the strong upward trend of the past 10 years. The increased feeding requirements of the expanding livestock industries in the major industrialized countries largely account for the continued rise in U.S. feed grain exports.

No export payments in kind have been made on shipments of feed grains and rye from commercial stocks since the early part of 1961-62. Shipments of corn, which made up more than three-quarters of the exports in this group, as well

as barley, oats, and rye, were fully competitive in world markets and received no export payment assistance. However, records of export sales from CCC stocks indicate that nearly all shipments of grain sorghums consisted of sales from Government inventories at less than the domestic market price. The estimated average differential between CCC sales prices and domestic market prices was 12.3 cents per bushel (22 cents per cwt.) and the estimated total differential amounted to \$13.6 million.

Rice

Exports of milled rice in fiscal 1964-65 totaled \$203 million, 5 percent below the record exports of a year earlier. Exports for dollars rose \$7.5 million, but shipments under Government-financed programs fell \$18.9 million from 1963-64. It is estimated that all exports of milled rice received export payments in kind or in cash until the elimination of the cash option in December 1964. The average export payment was \$2.22 per hundredweight and total export payments amounted to \$64.5 million.

Cotton

U.S. exports of cotton declined substantially to \$584 million (4.5 million running bales) in fiscal year 1964-65 from \$670 million (5.1 million running bales) a year earlier. Increased availabilities abroad, curtailment of cotton spinning in certain major European countries, and postponement of purchases awaiting clarification of U.S. price trends contributed to the decline.

Cotton equalization payments in kind, supplemented by sales for export from CCC-owned stocks at prices which reflected the equalization differential, facilitated exports of upland cotton. The cotton equalization payment rate for upland cotton in 1964-65 was 6½ cents per pound (\$32.50 for a 500 pound bale). Estimated export payments on upland cotton in fiscal year 1964-65, including export equalization payments and the differential on CCC export sales (excluding exports produced on export market acreage described below), amounted to \$143.8 million.

Exports of domestically produced extra-long-staple cotton were assisted by sales for export from CCC stocks at prices competitive with cotton of similar quality in world markets. The estimated average differential between the domestic market price of domestically produced extra-long-staple cotton and the CCC export sales price was 9 cents per pound (\$45.00 for a 500 pound bale) and the estimated total differential was \$0.9 million.

Programs operated during the August-July 1964-65 and 1965-66 marketing years, as well as the new cotton program for the 1966-69 cotton crops, are summarized below.

Cotton equalization payment-in-kind program.--Under the authority of the 1964 cotton legislation, a cotton equalization program was established for the 1964-65 and 1965-66 cotton marketing years (August-July). The objective of the program is to eliminate inequities due to differences in the cost of upland cotton to domestic and foreign users and to expand domestic consumption of

upland cotton. Payments are made through the issuance of equalization payment-in-kind certificates to cotton handlers (textile mills, exporters, and other buyers and sellers of cotton at any point in the marketing channel). Also, cash payments are made to cotton handlers requesting CCC's assistance in the marketing of certificates and such certificates are pooled and the rights made available to persons desiring to use them to acquire cotton. The law prohibits making equalization payments to producers. Equalization certificates issued under this program may be redeemed in CCC-owned cotton at domestic market prices and the cotton acquired in exchange for such certificates or in liquidation of rights in a certificate pool may be sold in either the domestic or export market.

From the beginning of the program August 1, 1964, through July 31, 1965, proof of export had been received on 2.6 million (500 pound) bales. Proof of domestic consumption had been received through the same date on 8.8 million (500 pound) bales. For the 1964-65 marketing year, as noted above, the payment-in-kind rate was 6.5 cents per pound for eligible cotton, both domestically consumed and exported. The initial rate for the 1965-66 marketing year was announced as 5.75 cents per pound and such rate is expected to continue through the marketing year.

CCC export sales program for upland cotton.--The cotton equalization payment program on exports of upland cotton from commercial stocks was supplemented during the 1964-65 marketing year by sales from CCC-owned stocks at competitive prices. An export sales program is also in effect for the 1965-66 marketing year. From the beginning of the program in September 1964 through July 31, 1965, 757,620 running bales of upland cotton had been sold for export. An additional 689,690 running bales were acquired for export under the barter and CCC credit sales programs -- 448,611 under the barter program and 241,079 under the credit sales program.

Export market acreage.--The Agricultural Act of 1964 provides for export market acreage in addition to the effective farm allotment when this additional acreage will not interfere with reducing the carryover of upland cotton by at least a million bales a year. For 1964, the export acreage was set at 5 percent of the effective allotment (the farm allotment after any release or apportionment). The production of the export acreage must be exported and is not eligible for price-support or equalization payments. A total of 47,816 acres of cotton was planted under export acreage allotments. Through the end of the 1964-65 marketing year, proof of exports from this acreage had been received on 45,008 (500 pound) bales. Proof of exports continued to be received and had totaled 81,522 bales through February 25, 1966. No export market acreage was authorized for the 1965-66 marketing year.

CCC export sales program for domestically produced extra-long-staple cotton.--During the 1964-65 cotton marketing year, sales of domestically produced extra-long-staple cotton from CCC price-support inventory totaled 33,275 running bales. Under Section 3 of P.L. 88-638, enacted October 9, 1964, the Secretary of Agriculture is directed to offer for sale for export CCC stocks of domestically produced extra-long-staple cotton acquired through price-support

operations at prices not in excess of the prices at which cotton of comparable quality is being offered by other exporting countries, whenever extra-long-staple cotton is determined to be in surplus supply. For purposes of the sales-for-export program, the surplus supply of extra-long-staple cotton for the 1964-65 cotton marketing year was determined to be 165,700 bales. Through December 1964, sales quotas were limited to 5,000 bales per month. Sales quotas of 18,000 bales per month were established for January through July 1965. For the 1965-66 cotton marketing year, the surplus supply of domestically produced extra-long-staple cotton was determined to be 129,600 bales. Sales quotas were set at 10,000 bales for each of the months of August 1965 through July 1966.

Export sales program for foreign-grown extra-long-staple cotton.--During August-July 1964-65, CCC sold for export 21,144 running bales of foreign-grown extra-long-staple cotton released from the Strategic and Critical Materials stockpile. These sales were made on a competitive bid basis at not less than world market prices as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture. The cotton sold included 20,544 bales of Egyptian cotton and 600 bales of Sudanese cotton. Sales of cotton from the stockpile are not reflected in U.S. exports of domestic merchandise as shown in table 1, but are reported by the Bureau of the Census as U.S. exports of foreign merchandise.

New cotton program for the 1966-69 crops.--The Food and Agriculture Act of 1965, P.L. 89-321, approved November 3, 1965, authorizes a new cotton program for the 1966-69 crops of upland cotton.

High cotton production levels without a comparable increase in domestic use and exports prompted the enactment of measures designed to bring the surplus under control. While the domestic cotton allotment program in effect for the 1964 and 1965 crops helped reduce production, it did not achieve the necessary reduction, primarily because of rising per-acre yields.

The new legislation continues the one-price program and maintains the national minimum allotment, domestic allotment, and price-support concepts, but with substantial changes from past years. The new provisions are designed to reduce cotton production and costs to the Government of maintaining excessive inventories and to keep cotton competitively priced in domestic and world markets without decreasing farmers' incomes. Cotton growers gave final approval to the new program for the 1966 crop by approval of marketing quotas on November 23, 1965.

Price-support loans at levels close to world prices and price-support and acreage diversion payments will be available to farmers who voluntarily participate in the acreage diversion program. For the 1966 crop, the national average loan rate is 21 cents per pound for middling 1-inch cotton at average location. This relatively low loan rate compared with prior years is designed to continue one-price cotton for domestic consumption and export and to make it possible for U.S. cotton to move in domestic or export channels without the need for either an equalization or an export payment. Price-support and acreage diversion payments made directly to eligible producers will offset the lower loan rate and maintain farm incomes. Provision is made for allocating a limited

acreage to those farmers who wish to produce cotton for export only. The maximum acreage is fixed at 250,000, but producers have applied for only about 100,000 acres for 1966. These producers will not be eligible for price-support loans and will receive no payments.

Dairy products

U.S. exports of dairy products declined \$34 million in fiscal year 1964-65 from the year-earlier total. An increase of \$21 million in commercial sales for dollars, principally of butter and anhydrous milkfat, was more than offset by a decline in exports under Government-financed programs. Donations of nonfat dry milk, butter, and anhydrous milkfat were substantially below the 1963-64 volume.

It is estimated that half the U.S. exports of dairy products in fiscal year 1964-65 received export payments in kind or consisted of sales from CCC stocks at less than the domestic market prices. Another 30 percent consisted of donations under Public Law 480 and 20 percent received no export payment assistance. Commodities wholly or partially assisted by export payments, including differentials on sales from CCC stocks, were nonfat dry milk, butter, anhydrous milkfat, and cheese. Commodities exported without export payments were principally evaporated and condensed milk, dry whole milk, and infants' and dietetic foods, chiefly milk.

It is estimated that nearly all exports of nonfat dry milk (excluding donations under Titles II and III, P.L. 480) were assisted by payments in kind or consisted of sales from CCC stocks at less-than-domestic market prices. About two-thirds of the exports (excluding donations) were from commercial stocks and received payments in kind and one-third came from CCC stocks at less-than-domestic market prices, including a large volume exported under government-to-government sales at reduced prices.

Most of the 132 million pounds of nonfat dry milk sold to Japan in June 1964 was exported in fiscal year 1964-65. On June 2, 1965, a similar sale of over 99 million pounds was made for use in the Japanese school lunch program during 1965-66. During fiscal year 1964-65, over 22 million pounds of milk were shipped to Brazil and 8.8 million pounds were exported to Italy for school lunch and child feeding programs under government-to-government contracts at reduced prices.

In November 1965, CCC sold nonfat dry milk and butter at reduced prices to the Catholic Relief Service in Rome, Italy, for use in charitable feeding programs in Italy. In January 1966, similar sales of nonfat dry milk were concluded with Ozar Hatorah, Inc., a charitable organization providing educational services for needy children in the Middle East, and to Church World Service, a voluntary relief agency, for refugee and child feeding programs in Tanzania, the Republic of the Congo, or India.

The estimated average export payment on nonfat dry milk in fiscal year 1964-65 was 6.9 cents per pound, including payments in kind and the differential between the CCC sales price and the domestic market price on export sales from CCC stocks. Estimated total export payments amounted to \$35.1 million.

It is estimated that all butter exports from the United States in fiscal year 1964-65 (excluding donations) received payments in kind or consisted of sales from Government-owned stocks at less-than-domestic market prices. About 80 percent of the exports so assisted were from commercial stocks and received payments in kind. Twenty percent consisted of sales from CCC stocks at less-than-domestic market prices. The estimated average export payment, including payments in kind and differentials on sales from CCC stocks, was 24.8 cents per pound and the estimated total export payment amounted to \$30.0 million.

It is estimated that all exports of anhydrous milkfat (butteroil, and other high milkfat products) during July-June 1964-65 (excluding donations) received payments in kind or were exported in lieu of butter sold from CCC stocks at less-than-domestic market prices. Nearly all of these exports were from commercial stocks and received export payments in kind. A relatively small quantity was exported instead of an equivalent quantity of butter sold from Government-owned stocks. The estimated average export payment was 33 cents per pound and the estimated total export payment amounted to \$5.2 million.

Nearly half of the volume of cheese exported from the United States in 1964-65 consisted of sales from CCC stocks at less-than-domestic market prices, including 1,000 metric tons sold to Italy in January 1965 for school lunch and other feeding programs for needy children. Since the discontinuance of donations to Italy under P.L. 480 for school lunch operations, the Government of Italy has regularly purchased cheese and other agricultural commodities for dollars for the school lunch program. The estimated average differential between the CCC export sales price and the domestic market price, including the government-to-government sale to Italy, was 14.5 cents per pound and estimated total export payments amounted to \$0.6 million.

Dairy product export sales from CCC stocks were temporarily discontinued on February 10, 1966, because inventories were committed. The dairy products payment-in-kind program on exports from commercial stocks was temporarily suspended on March 2, 1966 until such time as the domestic supply situation justifies a program of this type.

Tobacco

Exports of unmanufactured tobacco from the United States declined 6 percent in 1964-65 to \$395 million (484 million pounds) from \$421 million (532 million pounds) a year earlier. U.S. flue-cured tobacco, the principal export type, faced strong competition from Rhodesia, whose flue-cured production in 1964 increased 60 percent over 1963 and whose prices were down substantially.

The payment-in-cash export program for tobacco from 1956 and earlier crops pledged to CCC as loan collateral was completed in 1964-65. Only 9 million pounds, less than 2 percent of U.S. tobacco exports, were shipped under this program in 1964-65. The estimated export value of tobacco shipped under this program during the year was \$4.3 million, the average export payment was 9.2 cents per pound and the recorded total of export payments was \$0.8 million. During the entire period of the program which began in fiscal year 1961-62,

over 68 million pounds of tobacco have been exported and payments amounted to \$7 million. Payments under the program were made in cash from funds authorized under Section 32 of P.L. 74-320.

Oilseeds and products

Oilseeds and products led dollar sales for the fourth consecutive year, accounting for over one-fifth of total dollar exports. Commercial exports of oilseeds and products rose to \$963 million in 1964-65 from \$754 million in 1963-64. The increasing demand for high protein feeds for the rapidly expanding livestock industries of the leading industrial countries, as well as increased use of edible vegetable oils in food products, has created a strong world demand for oilseeds and products.

Only 1 percent of the exports in this commodity group were assisted by export payments. Oilseeds and products accounted for 28 percent of dollar sales without export payments in 1964-65. Exports which received no export payments included soybeans, \$598 million; soybean and cottonseed oil -- except \$0.5 million of cottonseed oil exported to Italy for child feeding programs at a reduced price -- \$267 million; and oilcake and meal, \$178 million.

During July-June 1964-65, principally during July-September 1964, CCC sold for export on a competitive bid basis over 5 million bushels of flaxseed, nearly 3.4 million bushels of which were sold below domestic market price. Although flaxseed from CCC stocks could be exported as seed or an equivalent quantity of linseed oil, records of exports indicate that most of the flaxseed was exported as seed.

The Department of Agriculture on November 12, 1964, announced an export payment-in-kind program to move flaxseed and linseed oil into export channels from market supplies. Program regulations were announced February 1, 1965, but the program did not become effective until April 1965 when USDA officials determined that the competitive position of flaxseed and linseed oil in world markets justified export payments. Export payments equal to the difference between the domestic and world market price are made in transferrable payment-in-kind certificates (Form CCC-341), which are redeemable for an equal value of any CCC-owned commodity, or tobacco under loan, offered for sale under a regulation or announcement issued by CCC providing for redemption of such certificates. The first daily export payment rates were announced April 16, 1965. Exports of flaxseed during May and June 1965 were assisted by payments in kind.

It is estimated that \$11.6 million, slightly over three-fifths of total flaxseed exports of \$18.8 million in 1964-65, consisted of sales from CCC stocks at less-than-domestic market price or were exported under the payment-in-kind program during May and June 1965. The estimated average differential between the domestic market price and the CCC export sales price on the 3.4 million bushels of flaxseed from CCC stocks was 9 cents per bushel. The average payment in kind was 14.6 cents per bushel. The weighted average of estimated differentials and payments in kind was 10 cents per bushel. Estimated total export payments under both the export sales and payment-in-kind programs amounted to \$0.4 million.

During September and October 1964, over 4 million pounds of refined cottonseed oil were exported to Italy for child feeding programs under a CCC sales contract announced May 7, 1964. This sale was made at 13.125 cents per pound, about 5.25 cents below domestic market price. The export value of the oil exported under this contract was \$0.5 million and the estimated total differential between the domestic market price and CCC sales price was \$0.2 million.

Peanuts

Exports of peanuts from the United States in 1964-65 amounted to \$14 million compared with \$6 million in 1963-64 and \$3 million in 1961-62. A larger supply of peanuts available for export, market development work, particularly on the part of the trade, and greater emphasis on the part of the Commodity Credit Corporation on movement of peanuts in the export market have contributed to the increase during the past 2 years.

It is estimated that \$12 million of the \$13.5 million of shelled peanuts exported in 1964-65 consisted of sales from CCC-owned stocks at less than the domestic market price of peanuts for nuts. The \$2 million shown in table 1 as exported without export payments includes \$1.2 million of peanuts exported from CCC stocks for crushing abroad at prices competitive with the domestic market price of peanuts for crushing, all exports of unshelled peanuts totaling \$0.7 million and a relatively small quantity of shelled peanuts from commercial stocks. The estimated differential between the CCC sales price and the domestic market price of peanuts for nuts was 7 cents per pound and the estimated total differential was \$6.9 million.

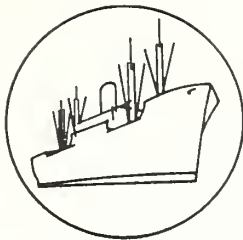
Commodity Groups Not Assisted by Export Payments in Fiscal Year 1964-65

Animals and products (except dairy)

U.S. exports of animals and products, 93 percent dollar sales, were slightly higher in 1964-65 than a year earlier. Exports of tallow, hides and skins, and variety meats reached record highs. Shipments of beef and veal were higher than in 1963-64, but exports of pork and poultry meat declined. Exports of animals and products (except dairy products) received no export payment assistance in 1964-65 and made up 16 percent of commercial exports without export payments.

Fruits and vegetables and preparations

Movement abroad of fruits and preparations in 1964-65 totaled \$289 million with most of the \$15 million rise from a year earlier taking place in shipments of canned and fresh fruits. Exports of vegetables and preparations fell \$10 million to \$154 million from 1963-64, primarily due to the sharp decline in shipments of dry edible beans. Exports of fruits and vegetables received no export payments and dollar shipments in this commodity group made up 13 percent of dollar sales without export payments during the year.



SPECIAL in this issue

U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS BY COUNTRY, 1959-60 THROUGH 1964-65

U.S. agricultural imports for consumption were valued at \$3,987 million in fiscal year 1964-65 compared with \$4,096 million in the previous year, and \$4,017 million in 1959-60. This reduction of 3 percent reflected an overall decline of 6 percent in the volume of agricultural imports; supplementary (competitive or partially competitive) items fell 3 percent in quantity, and complementary (noncompetitive) products fell 9 percent.

A gradual shift in the composition of agricultural imports has occurred during the past 5 years. Supplementary imports have been increasing while complementary imports have been decreasing. Meats, dairy products, fruits, and vegetables have accounted for the increase in supplementary imports. Such suppliers as Australia, Mexico, Denmark, Italy, and others have benefited from the increased demand for these products. In contrast, import values have declined for such complementary products as cocoa beans, crude natural rubber, and carpet wool. For cocoa beans, the downward value movement has reflected a substantial decline in price because of overproduction. Other commodities such as carpet wool and crude natural rubber have been displaced by increased use of synthetic materials. Imports of complementary products have declined from Brazil, Indonesia, Malaysia, Nigeria, Liberia, and Thailand as the result of lower prices or increased competition from synthetic products. Sugar imports have changed as the result of the trade embargo with Cuba. The Philippines supplied 33 percent of the value of U.S. sugar imports in 1964-65, the same as in 1959-60. Other producers such as Mexico, the Dominican Republic, Peru, Brazil, Australia, and South Africa have increased shipments to the United States because of the loss of Cuban supplies. In addition, domestic producers have been allocated a larger share of the U.S. market in recent years.

One of the major factors behind the stability of import values over the past 5 years has been a change in the distribution of coffee purchases -- coffee represents over one-fourth of the value of U.S. agricultural imports -- from the major Latin American suppliers to lower priced African coffees.

The sources of U.S. agricultural imports have shifted to Europe and Africa from Latin America in the past 5 years. Europe's share of imports has risen to 15 percent from 13 percent, and Africa's share has gone up to 12 percent from 8 percent; at the same time, the proportion of imports from Latin America has declined to 41 percent from 47 percent (table 3).

Table 3 .--U.S. agricultural imports: Value by major areas
and share of total, fiscal years
1959-60 through 1964-65

Area	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64	1964-65
-- Million dollars --						
Latin America	1,887	1,690	1,606	1,656	1,739	1,641
Asia	853	701	739	726	753	761
Europe	508	506	535	554	555	594
Africa	343	366	381	393	451	472
Oceania	242	219	302	393	424	332
Canada	184	159	204	185	174	187
Total	4,017	3,641	3,767	3,907	4,096	3,987
-- Percent --						
Latin America	47	47	43	42	42	41
Asia	21	19	20	19	19	19
Europe	13	14	14	14	14	15
Africa	8	10	10	10	11	12
Oceania	6	6	8	10	10	8
Canada	5	4	5	5	4	5
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100

Imports by Area

Latin America.--U.S. agricultural imports from Latin America in 1964-65 totaled \$1,641 million, down 6 percent from the previous year and 13 percent from 1959-60. This decline stems largely from developments in the coffee trade. A shift has occurred in the pattern of U.S. coffee imports; purchases have increased from some Latin American countries -- mainly in Central America -- and from Africa. Brazilian and Colombian shares have declined. These 2 countries accounted for 48 percent of the value of U.S. coffee imports in 1964-65 compared with 67 percent in 1959-60. Other Latin American countries accounted for 28 percent of the value in 1964-65 compared with 20 percent in 1959-60.

An almost complete cessation in imports from Cuba, a major Latin American supplier in 1959-60, has also contributed to the reduction in total purchases from Latin America.

Agricultural imports from Mexico, Central America, and the Caribbean Islands, on the other hand, have risen in the past 5 years.

Agricultural imports from the 9 Latin American Free Trade Association members in 1964-65 amounted to \$1,182 million, 72 percent of total U.S. agricultural imports from Latin America (table 4). Imports in 1964-65 were lower than in the preceding year and about the same as in 1959-60. Imports have steadily increased from all LAFTA countries except Brazil and Colombia; those from Argentina in 1964-65 dropped sharply below the 1963-64 level.

Table 4.--U.S. agricultural imports from the Latin American
Free Trade Association: Value by country,
fiscal years 1959-60 through 1964-65

Country	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64	1964-65
-- Million dollars --						
Argentina	88.3	84.9	85.7	99.9	122.9	81.4
Brazil	531.8	470.5	484.7	451.0	513.7	408.2
Chile	4.7	4.8	5.4	5.7	6.4	6.3
Colombia	265.8	260.1	207.4	218.0	222.8	224.3
Ecuador	57.8	55.4	48.1	65.9	72.6	87.9
Mexico	186.4	260.4	274.3	257.8	278.7	269.7
Paraguay	4.8	6.9	5.9	6.0	8.2	8.3
Peru	30.6	79.2	94.8	84.9	75.0	77.6
Uruguay	13.3	16.8	20.1	18.2	10.8	18.7
Total	1,183.5	1,239.0	1,226.4	1,207.4	1,311.1	1,182.4

Central American Common Market countries supplied \$236 million of U.S. agricultural imports in 1964-65, up sharply from \$152 million in 1959-60 (table 5). The gain occurred mainly in imports from Costa Rica, Honduras, and Nicaragua -- particularly for purchases of coffee and bananas.

Asia.--U.S. agricultural imports from Asia in 1964-65 rose to \$761 million from \$753 million a year earlier, but remained below the 1959-60 level of \$853 million. The Philippines led Asian suppliers in 1964-65, accounting for \$300 million. Sugar and coconut products were the principal commodities from the Philippines. Agricultural imports from Malaysia, Indonesia, Japan, Thailand, and Pakistan in 1964-65 were below 1959-60 levels.

Europe.--U.S. agricultural imports from Europe rose to \$594 million in 1964-65 from \$508 million in 1959-60. About 45 percent of the 1964-65 imports from Europe came from EEC countries, 19 percent from EFTA countries, and most of the remainder from Turkey, Spain, and Greece. Some of the more important items from Europe were wines, cheeses, canned hams, olives, and canned tomatoes.

Agricultural imports from the European Economic Community totaled \$265 million in 1964-65 compared with \$220 million 5 years earlier (table 6). Imports increased from all EEC members except the Netherlands, although the Netherlands remained the largest supplier in the Community.

Table 5 .--U.S. agricultural imports from the Central American Common Market: Value by country, fiscal years 1959-60 through 1964-65

Country	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64	1964-65
	-- Million dollars --					
Costa Rica	28.0	39.3	35.7	40.0	45.8	54.9
El Salvador	29.6	24.0	37.0	36.9	40.2	33.3
Guatemala	59.2	57.6	50.8	66.8	60.4	63.6
Honduras	21.1	32.2	27.2	26.6	29.1	53.3
Nicaragua	13.7	24.7	22.4	29.7	24.2	31.3
Total	151.6	177.8	173.1	200.0	199.7	236.4

Table 6.--U.S. agricultural imports from the European Economic Community: Value by country, fiscal years 1959-60 through 1964-65

Country	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64	1964-65
	-- Million dollars --					
Belgium-Luxembourg:	6.6	8.4	9.3	10.6	10.6	11.3
France	42.1	45.5	51.9	50.1	57.9	70.2
Italy	57.0	57.0	62.1	66.6	65.2	71.4
Netherlands	84.4	80.1	76.6	78.9	74.9	74.1
West Germany	30.1	29.2	29.3	29.2	32.3	38.2
Total	220.2	220.2	229.2	235.4	240.9	265.2

European Free Trade Association member countries were the source of \$113 million of U.S. agricultural imports in 1964-65, up \$23 million from 1959-60 (table 7). Denmark remained the principal EFTA supplier. Imports from all EFTA suppliers, except the United Kingdom, were up from their 1959-60 levels.

Agricultural imports from Comecon members -- Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland, Rumania, and USSR -- amounted to slightly under \$40 million in 1964-65 compared with \$34 million in 1959-60 (table 8). Poland supplied 87 percent of those imports; canned ham was the major commodity purchased.

Africa.--Africa has increased its share of U.S. agricultural imports over the past 5 years. Value increased to \$472 million in 1964-65 from \$343 million in 1959-60. A large part of the gain consisted of coffee. Purchases of African coffees in 1964-65 amounted to about \$243 million, or 23 percent of the value of U.S. coffee imports, whereas in 1959-60 the corresponding value was about \$128 million, or 12 percent. The largest African coffee suppliers were Ethiopia, Angola, Uganda, Ivory Coast, and Burundi-Rwanda, in that order. Other important African suppliers and commodities were: Ghana (cocoa beans), South Africa (wool and sugar), Nigeria (cocoa beans and natural rubber), Liberia (natural rubber), Malagasy Republic (coffee and spices), and Kenya (coffee and tea).

Table 7.--U.S. agricultural imports from the European Free Trade Association: Value by country, fiscal years 1959-60 through 1964-65

Country	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64	1964-65
	-- Million dollars --					
Austria	0.7	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.6	1.7
Denmark	43.8	43.9	57.1	64.0	63.2	66.9
Norway	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.7	2.1	2.7
Portugal	3.2	3.9	4.6	4.1	5.5	6.2
Sweden	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.7	2.8	2.7
Switzerland	10.6	12.3	13.0	12.3	12.1	11.7
United Kingdom ...	27.8	22.2	23.1	28.1	24.0	21.3
Total	89.5	86.2	102.0	113.9	111.3	113.2

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports from Council of Mutual Economic Cooperation (Comecon) members: Value by country, fiscal years 1959-60 through 1964-65

Country	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64	1964-65
	-- Million dollars --					
Bulgaria	0.7	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.2
Czechoslovakia ...	1.7	1.7	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0
East Germany	1/	1/	1/	1/	0.5	0.4
Hungary	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4
Poland	28.4	29.6	33.6	27.8	27.8	34.6
Rumania	0.1	1.5	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
USSR	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.4	2.1	1.9
Total	33.7	35.8	38.1	31.8	32.9	39.7

1/ Less than \$50,000.

Oceania.--Agricultural imports from Oceania fell to \$332 million in 1964-65 from \$424 million the year before, mainly reflecting reduced meat purchases from Australia and New Zealand. Imports of apparel wool, hides and skins, and dairy products from the 2 countries were higher in 1964-65, but did not offset the reductions for meat. Consequently, Oceania's share of U.S. agricultural imports fell in 1964-65 to 8 percent from 10 percent in the 2 preceding years. The share was slightly over 6 percent in 1959-60.

Canada.--Agricultural imports from Canada in 1964-65 had a value of \$187 million, up slightly from the previous year but about the same as in 1959-60. Canada supplies 4 to 5 percent of the value of U.S. agricultural imports. Imports of dutiable cattle, beef, pork, and fruit from Canada showed gains over the 1963-64 period, while imports of grains were smaller.

Table 9.-- U.S. agricultural imports: Value by country of origin,
specified fiscal years

Country of origin	Year beginning July 1					
	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64	1964-65
	-- Thousand dollars --					
Greenland	0	0	1	0	8	12
Canada	184,163	158,944	203,773	185,530	173,554	186,811
Miquelon and St. Pierre Islands	3	0	0	0	0	0
Latin American Republics:						
Mexico	186,397	260,436	274,284	257,827	278,642	269,728
Guatemala	59,176	57,562	50,759	66,757	60,356	63,643
El Salvador	29,640	24,019	36,975	36,869	40,199	33,285
Honduras	21,060	32,239	27,227	26,647	29,084	53,345
Nicaragua	13,720	24,675	22,361	29,675	24,230	31,252
Costa Rica	28,033	39,324	35,719	40,016	45,754	54,938
Panama	17,972	13,254	13,193	12,129	18,931	32,435
Cuba	423,641	72,669	22,659	9,676	5,104	3,322
Haiti	11,869	12,581	14,275	18,896	15,353	14,974
Dominican Republic	61,513	109,802	98,789	129,077	123,093	106,085
Colombia	265,818	260,059	207,445	218,017	222,838	224,330
Venezuela	20,305	24,548	14,022	16,673	21,804	17,498
Ecuador	57,846	55,431	48,085	65,939	72,627	87,900
Peru	30,614	79,146	94,747	84,912	75,015	77,618
Bolivia	1,848	1,796	1,695	1,655	1,572	2,489
Chile	4,669	4,766	5,411	5,727	6,379	6,269
Brazil	531,776	470,542	484,667	451,041	513,686	408,146
Paraguay	4,850	6,883	5,935	5,965	8,172	8,286
Uruguay	13,264	16,845	20,117	18,161	10,826	18,710
Argentina	88,312	84,897	85,702	99,852	122,873	81,397
Total Latin American Republics	1,872,323	1,651,474	1,564,067	1,595,511	1,696,538	1,595,650
Other Latin America:						
British Honduras	129	241	522	395	2,276	6,496
Canal Zone	582	114	47	185	19	40
Bermuda	200	252	183	116	71	18
Bahamas	1,003	1,692	1,115	1,562	3,660	2,531
Jamaica	3,017	15,536	11,713	22,720	14,618	14,402
Leeward and Windward Islands	1,209	1,377	1,001	1,132	808	1,147
Barbados	956	948	1,521	2,354	1,420	1,666
Trinidad and Tobago	4,619	9,142	9,802	8,986	5,946	6,002
Netherlands Antilles	187	215	100	67	37	20
French West Indies	173	2,105	7,049	11,640	10,289	6,769
British Guiana	118	5,432	7,950	10,588	2,424	6,205
Surinam (Netherlands Guiana)	2,078	1,221	722	585	1,189	410
French Guiana	147	166	117	1	21	37
Falkland Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Latin America	1,886,741	1,689,915	1,605,909	1,655,842	1,739,316	1,641,393
Europe:						
Iceland	1,820	731	424	871	661	330
Sweden	2,591	2,380	2,364	2,687	2,765	2,717
Norway	804	872	983	1,693	2,104	2,668
Finland	962	771	966	1,007	1,363	1,337
Denmark	43,802	43,908	57,088	63,979	63,147	66,876
United Kingdom of Great Britain and						
Northern Ireland	27,818	22,228	23,140	28,062	24,027	21,344
Ireland (Eire)	21,144	22,226	27,592	29,652	22,459	5,558
Netherlands (Holland)	84,396	80,114	76,594	78,920	74,933	74,095
Belgium and Luxembourg	6,597	8,365	9,266	10,598	10,600	11,373
France	42,075	45,487	51,878	50,070	57,900	70,186
West Germany	30,153	29,245	29,359	29,152	32,322	38,183
East Germany	13	8	6	13	475	419
Austria	680	648	863	982	1,557	1,668
Czechoslovakia	1,678	1,667	1,023	1,049	1,139	1,004
Hungary	1,221	802	492	371	251	364
Switzerland	10,609	12,289	12,960	12,312	12,131	11,648
Estonia	0	0	0	0	3	2
Latvia	0	0	0	114	0	1/
Lithuania	13	0	0	0	0	0
Poland and Danzig	28,387	29,588	33,589	27,750	27,770	34,600

Continued -

Table 9.-- U.S. agricultural imports: Value by country of origin,
specified fiscal years - Continued

Country of origin	Year beginning July 1					
	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64	1964-65
	-- Thousand dollars --					
<u>Europe - Continued:</u>						
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1,567	1,279	1,479	1,316	2,074	1,937
Azores	103	107	98	63	103	68
Spain	36,347	36,537	40,399	36,228	42,797	47,542
Portugal	3,170	3,908	4,594	4,145	5,519	6,230
Gibraltar	1/	13	8	0	14	10
Malta, Gozo, and Cyprus -	1,024	713	698	---	---	---
Malta and Gozo 2/	---	---	---	20	13	0
Cyprus 2/	---	---	---	743	907	1,016
Italy	57,014	57,005	62,132	66,613	65,161	71,390
Free Territory of Trieste	88	14	11	17	145	38
Yugoslavia	7,686	10,174	9,102	14,035	15,247	19,003
Albania	77	29	109	102	92	95
Greece	28,926	29,683	29,259	26,925	28,102	37,907
Rumania	123	1,519	495	255	158	238
Bulgaria	690	948	976	861	907	1,170
Turkey	66,396	62,817	57,425	63,191	58,163	63,196
Total Europe	507,974	506,075	535,372	553,796	555,009	594,212
<u>Asia:</u>						
Syrian Arab Republic	8,004	4,867	3,222	3,045	5,970	3,010
Lebanon	2,741	2,864	3,460	4,108	5,758	4,945
Iraq	10,532	7,757	6,785	7,959	8,003	5,688
Iran (Persia)	21,381	15,495	15,496	14,856	18,888	20,684
Israel	784	713	1,058	1,272	1,732	1,844
Palestine (Gaza Strip)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jordan	0	17	0	10	21	0
Kuwait	0	0	0	0	0	10
Saudi Arabia	8	27	10	6	14	49
Other Arabia Peninsula States	775	727	799	617	726	1,359
Aden	201	255	97	61	98	155
Bahrain	0	0	0	0	0	0
Afghanistan	1,899	2,716	737	1,574	1,147	1,372
India	81,397	70,311	89,707	72,598	86,501	83,654
Goa, Damao, and Diu 2/	---	---	---	0	0	0
Pakistan	24,951	21,594	25,092	21,585	19,537	15,536
Nepal	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ceylon	37,584	31,652	31,278	32,757	33,371	31,891
Burma	612	550	663	453	272	62
Thailand (Siam)	67,194	38,351	33,446	35,066	24,090	18,022
Viet-Nam	6,863	3,631	4,310	2,184	1,388	2,219
Laos	43	0	0	0	19	116
Cambodia	10,808	3,000	3,620	5,990	5,668	2,267
Malaysia 3/ -	---	---	---	---	74,612	73,679
Federation of Malaya	114,459	70,964	88,320	100,781	---	---
Singapore, State of	19,975	10,220	12,919	8,328	---	---
Indonesia	135,173	106,101	84,946	70,797	95,935	117,410
Philippines	246,744	248,688	243,831	257,445	280,716	299,764
Macao (Macau)	0	0	0	0	0	9
Other Portuguese Asia 4/	328	971	661	---	---	---
Other Southern and Southeastern Asia ...	1	3	1	0	81	82
China	1/	0	0	2	25	0
Outer Mongolia	4,778	1,821	3,638	2,800	3,556	2,926
North Korea	0	7	1/	0	0	0
Korea, Republic of	1,946	2,340	2,614	3,260	4,568	6,560
Hong Kong	2,917	2,390	2,286	2,272	2,665	2,751
Taiwan (Formosa)	7,747	10,481	33,749	30,083	30,897	27,067
Japan	42,616	42,208	46,021	45,906	46,614	38,294
Nansei and Nanpo Islands	1/	0	1	0	14	16
Total Asia	852,461	700,721	738,767	725,815	752,886	761,441
<u>Australia and Oceania:</u>						
Australia	113,657	102,168	168,444	241,767	252,432	196,811
New Guinea	67	579	627	2,722	1,616	1,378
New Zealand and Western Samoa	126,114	114,666	131,381	146,911	162,159	127,114
British Western Pacific Islands	2	6	18	1,609	7,207	6,283

Continued -

Table 9.-- U.S. agricultural imports: Value by country of origin,
specified fiscal years - Continued

Country of origin	Year beginning July 1					
	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64	1964-65
-- Thousand dollars --						
<u>Australia and Oceania - Continued:</u>						
French Pacific Islands	224	176	362	268	120	79
Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands ..	2,397	1,386	1,493	0	0	0
Total Australia and Oceania	242,461	218,981	302,325	393,277	423,534	331,665
<u>Africa:</u>						
Morocco	1,928	3,108	2,256	2,210	2,236	1,819
Algeria	493	440	138	477	251	285
Tunisia	643	365	573	1,520	131	1,691
Libya	1	18	1	1	0	1
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	12,224	13,418	15,337	13,141	11,150	15,391
Sudan	1,100	929	884	946	1,476	1,811
Canary Islands	2	1	28	20	1	1
Other Spanish Africa	435	836	1	6	79	0
Federal Republic of Cameroon	4,907	5,867	6,633	4,676	7,723	6,298
Other Western Equatorial Africa -	1,107	297	1,090	183	5/ 1,052	---
Central African Republic 6/	---	---	---	---	492	276
Gabon 6/	---	---	---	---	447	418
Other Western Africa -	21,342	31,223	32,087	27,378	5/ 16,603	---
Mauritania 6/	---	---	---	---	15	330
Senegal 6/	---	---	---	---	96	20
Guinea 6/	---	---	---	---	1,746	1,443
Ivory Coast 6/	---	---	---	---	33,363	48,003
Togo 6/	---	---	---	---	2,108	237
Other Western Africa 6/	---	---	---	---	818	331
Ghana	40,168	58,864	56,211	43,424	44,108	54,066
Nigeria	33,360	42,847	45,136	35,573	25,753	27,542
British West Africa and Sierra Leone - ..	1,588	2,280	1,060	1,453	5/ 597	---
Sierra Leone 6/	---	---	---	---	1,173	1,126
British West Africa 6/	---	---	---	---	10	5
Madeira Islands	53	63	41	68	117	140
Angola	27,155	23,610	28,068	38,187	41,071	48,045
Other Western Portuguese Africa	843	1,600	1,024	2,232	650	981
Liberia	29,847	27,058	23,656	22,488	22,354	24,247
Republic of the Congo; and						
Ruanda-Urundi -	60,334	38,203	35,878	34,031	5/ 19,527	---
Congo (Leopoldville) 6/	---	---	---	---	13,623	15,788
Burundi and Rwanda 6/	---	---	---	---	434	24,349
Somali Republic 7/ -	---	287	283	200	182	261
Somaliland (Italian Adm.)	803	---	---	---	---	---
British Somaliland	156	---	---	---	---	---
Ethiopia (Abyssinia)	24,338	30,078	28,583	32,524	45,775	56,629
French Somaliland	534	419	437	256	347	200
British East Africa and Tanganyika -	41,067	50,652	45,051	59,964	5/ 32,373	---
Uganda 6/	---	---	---	---	24,129	40,046
Kenya 6/	---	---	---	---	13,660	16,728
Tanzania 8/ -	---	---	---	---	---	12,213
Tanganyika 6/	---	---	---	---	7,185	---
Zanzibar 6/	---	---	---	---	105	---
Seychelles and Dependencies	99	88	85	104	106	121
Mauritius and Dependencies	9	17	1,415	3,278	10,918	837
Mozambique	2,750	3,193	3,687	3,676	4,477	4,401
Malagasy Republic	12,419	10,592	13,410	17,321	13,681	21,970
Republic of South Africa	22,896	19,117	36,270	46,004	45,784	40,299
Zambia, Southern Rhodesia, and Malawi ..	596	885	1,440	1,268	3,474	3,325
Total Africa	343,197	366,355	380,763	392,609	451,400	471,674
Total all countries	4,017,000	3,640,991	3,766,910	3,906,869	4,095,707	3,987,208

1/ Less than \$500. 2/ Not separately classified prior to 1962-63. 3/ Effective 1963-64. Includes the former Federation of Malaya and State of Singapore. 4/ Not separately classified beginning 1962-63. 5/ July-December only. 6/ January-June only. New classification effective January 1, 1964. 7/ Effective 1960-61. Includes the former Somaliland (Italian Adm.) and British Somaliland. 8/ Effective 1964-65. Includes the former Tanganyika and Zanzibar.

Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years

Country and year beginning July 1	Total	Comple-mentary 1/	Supple-mentary 1/	Selected complementary products						
				Coffee	Crude rubber	Cocoa beans	Carpet wool	Bananas	Tea	Spices 2/
-- Thousand dollars --										
Total										
1959-60	4,017,000	2,034,837	1,982,163	1,047,833	382,734	153,568	116,297	81,229	56,378	43,957
1960-61	3,640,991	1,830,670	1,810,321	1,011,532	244,674	166,958	105,199	75,649	52,412	35,585
1961-62	3,766,910	1,715,338	2,051,572	946,525	231,102	139,827	95,742	77,981	57,142	34,499
1962-63	3,906,869	1,698,709	2,208,160	938,790	226,615	128,454	100,552	76,399	60,863	34,176
1963-64	4,095,707	1,871,105	2,224,602	1,120,678	185,375	122,004	110,083	93,081	59,083	32,060
1964-65	3,987,208	1,858,768	2,128,440	1,075,382	192,366	124,354	74,609	159,133	57,006	38,970
Brazil (1)										
1959-60	531,776	485,924	45,852	435,340	224	37,427	85	13	284	1,207
1960-61	470,542	414,924	55,618	380,347	249	25,027	137	13	281	237
1961-62	484,667	397,735	86,932	373,030	493	14,839	490	0	216	943
1962-63	451,041	349,760	101,281	332,888	135	9,237	90	10	242	500
1963-64	513,686	437,927	75,759	404,726	239	20,532	100	50	265	1,320
1964-65	408,146	329,400	78,746	303,562	106	15,637	107	0	424	1,664
Philippines (2)										
1959-60	246,744	11,440	235,304	0	35	0	0	0	0	0
1960-61	248,688	9,952	238,736	0	13	0	0	0	0	8/
1961-62	243,831	9,551	234,280	0	22	0	0	0	0	8/
1962-63	257,445	8,014	249,431	22	3	0	0	0	0	8/
1963-64	280,716	8,740	271,976	74	0	0	0	0	0	0
1964-65	299,764	8,565	291,199	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Mexico (3)										
1959-60	186,397	67,941	118,456	55,021	0	2,478	1	1,055	0	2,608
1960-61	260,436	66,405	194,031	55,490	0	1,529	0	700	0	1,785
1961-62	274,284	79,760	194,524	68,123	3	2,567	0	1,253	0	1,229
1962-63	257,827	62,856	194,971	43,328	8/	8,401	0	324	0	564
1963-64	278,642	73,983	204,659	59,622	0	2,620	0	210	0	384
1964-65	269,728	91,589	178,139	80,967	0	2,429	0	564	0	628
Colombia (4)										
1959-60	265,818	265,564	254	265,012	0	82	0	420	0	0
1960-61	260,059	258,727	1,332	258,403	0	32	0	214	0	0
1961-62	207,445	199,474	7,971	199,369	0	31	2	10	0	0
1962-63	218,017	208,986	9,031	208,852	0	57	1	0	0	0
1963-64	222,838	216,526	6,312	216,408	0	4	0	40	0	3
1964-65	224,330	214,678	9,652	214,592	0	16	0	0	0	0
Australia (5)										
1959-60	113,657	400	113,257	0	0	8	192	0	0	0
1960-61	102,168	412	101,756	0	37	0	167	0	0	0
1961-62	168,444	566	167,878	0	0	41	314	0	0	0
1962-63	241,767	504	241,263	0	0	42	228	0	0	0
1963-64	252,432	474	251,958	9	0	82	170	0	0	8/
1964-65	196,811	536	196,275	0	0	83	222	0	0	0
Canada (6)										
1959-60	184,163	2,727	181,436	1	10	0	3	0	749	2
1960-61	158,944	2,987	155,957	1	9	0	226	0	790	1
1961-62	203,773	3,498	200,275	1	0	0	192	8/	982	8/
1962-63	185,530	5,881	179,649	12	14	0	140	1	1,363	3
1963-64	173,554	7,941	165,613	2	3	0	166	1	1,927	3
1964-65	186,811	8,393	178,418	38	31	17	214	73	2,171	1
New Zealand (7)										
1959-60	126,114	30,574	95,540	0	0	555	29,905	0	0	0
1960-61	114,666	33,809	80,857	0	0	394	33,296	0	0	0
1961-62	131,381	36,089	95,292	0	0	448	35,505	0	0	0
1962-63	146,911	35,801	111,110	0	0	844	34,848	0	0	0
1963-64	162,159	43,868	118,291	2	0	705	43,054	0	0	0
1964-65	127,114	33,261	93,853	0	0	384	32,781	0	0	0

Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years

Country and year beginning July 1	Selected supplementary products										Other supple. and comple. products
	Cane sugar	Dutiable cattle and meats	Fruits, nuts, and vegetables	Fats, oils, oilbearing materials	Tobacco, unmd.	Apparel, wool	Hides and skins	Grains and preps.	Dairy products		
		2/		4/			5/	6/	7/		
-- Thousand dollars --											
Total											
1959-60	507,479	404,773	229,969	172,502	114,882	94,861	79,326	61,032	49,199	420,981	
1960-61	440,064	382,442	229,028	144,970	115,583	79,446	58,101	53,265	52,727	393,356	
1961-62	471,097	520,954	236,678	147,137	108,667	108,950	68,834	55,157	54,108	412,510	
1962-63	547,962	601,459	241,722	155,204	95,497	124,032	55,556	38,570	54,824	426,194	
1963-64	539,447	546,111	288,235	151,880	103,026	101,443	66,451	45,526	57,261	473,963	
1964-65	443,515	430,138	312,066	182,587	125,648	140,739	70,287	43,973	67,644	448,791	
Brazil (1)											
1959-60	0	6,364	9,308	21,800	1	323	6,461	0	114	12,825	
1960-61	15,157	3,220	11,488	20,218	72	208	3,459	0	26	10,403	
1961-62	36,036	8,537	8,814	25,560	232	147	5,013	0	12	10,305	
1962-63	59,869	3,876	7,313	23,166	1,045	374	3,617	0	54	8,625	
1963-64	36,005	4,405	7,339	18,391	2,279	297	4,806	275	2	12,655	
1964-65	26,696	5,932	10,452	22,807	3,365	2,266	4,456	89	176	10,407	
Philippines (2)											
1959-60	117,439	0	29,005	84,911	2,709	0	0	3	0	12,642	
1960-61	142,326	0	23,384	68,213	3,710	0	31	2	0	11,009	
1961-62	144,577	1	19,938	64,482	2,909	0	8/	3	0	11,899	
1962-63	143,594	0	19,334	80,783	3,363	0	0	2	0	10,344	
1963-64	153,781	0	23,866	86,383	4,230	0	0	5	0	12,377	
1964-65	152,041	0	22,299	109,709	4,817	0	6	5	0	10,884	
Mexico (3)											
1959-60	7,472	45,063	43,698	1,879	1	1	10	58	8/	27,052	
1960-61	86,013	49,633	36,677	1,825	0	0	15	9	0	26,760	
1961-62	60,491	67,173	43,072	1,237	43	0	2	145	35	28,911	
1962-63	40,642	77,836	50,026	1,627	533	0	10	39	3	34,494	
1963-64	62,158	48,584	66,413	1,831	603	0	57	14	2	36,144	
1964-65	51,173	38,297	67,691	1,368	1,185	2	42	151	2	25,229	
Colombia (4)											
1959-60	23	0	7	8	16	0	28	0	0	222	
1960-61	877	0	16	12	368	0	19	0	0	118	
1961-62	6,803	0	12	85	938	0	41	0	0	154	
1962-63	6,968	0	11	29	1,806	0	38	0	0	255	
1963-64	2,554	118	18	6	3,312	8/	115	0	0	260	
1964-65	5,777	0	3	14	3,464	0	108	57	0	299	
Australia (5)											
1959-60	0	77,386	618	207	0	26,548	2,252	528	1,944	3,974	
1960-61	0	72,503	504	217	0	23,017	1,065	43	1,662	2,953	
1961-62	8,902	114,954	1,281	324	0	32,641	1,670	3,110	2,585	2,622	
1962-63	21,650	161,423	2,312	238	0	47,265	1,127	5	4,034	3,443	
1963-64	23,972	176,913	857	366	0	38,222	1,969	1,272	3,360	5,240	
1964-65	21,872	103,665	540	620	14	57,451	2,210	322	4,317	5,495	
Canada (6)											
1959-60	34	67,737	11,746	715	47	825	5,306	49,178	651	47,159	
1960-61	434	48,424	16,272	832	32	645	4,077	42,740	789	43,672	
1961-62	59	95,184	13,773	1,217	26	689	4,554	39,253	2,420	45,423	
1962-63	368	82,491	14,903	1,684	35	877	3,836	27,550	3,127	49,126	
1963-64	0	54,070	20,471	971	60	512	2,842	32,452	3,309	56,765	
1964-65	8/	68,318	28,419	649	85	711	4,437	27,463	3,568	50,616	
New Zealand (7)											
1959-60	0	60,276	113	618	0	9,799	15,933	0	5,842	3,073	
1960-61	0	50,795	157	654	0	6,288	12,328	0	7,387	3,367	
1961-62	0	56,522	270	462	0	9,997	17,340	1	6,981	3,855	
1962-63	0	77,487	236	416	0	11,810	11,689	8/	4,571	5,010	
1963-64	0	75,747	456	260	0	11,217	18,057	0	7,682	4,979	
1964-65	0	42,869	326	370	0	16,035	18,371	0	10,768	5,210	

Continued -

Table 10-- U. S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups,
specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year beginning July 1	Total	Comple- mentary 1/	Supple- mentary 1/	Selected complementary products						
				Coffee	Crude rubber	Cocoa beans	Carpet wool	Bananas	Tea	Spices 2/
-- Thousand dollars --										
Indonesia (8)										
1959-60	135,173	133,937	1,236	938	112,940	28	0	0	5,713	12,161
1960-61	106,101	104,072	2,029	1,652	81,851	18	0	0	5,605	13,394
1961-62	84,946	81,139	3,807	5,119	56,482	29	0	0	6,132	11,020
1962-63	70,797	69,517	1,280	8,663	41,008	0	0	0	5,613	12,528
1963-64	95,935	93,588	2,347	15,453	56,763	0	0	0	4,412	14,740
1964-65	117,410	114,463	2,947	8,238	82,863	35	0	0	4,515	15,882
Dominican Rep. (9):										
1959-60	61,513	41,730	19,783	15,957	0	15,904	0	4,294	0	3
1960-61	109,802	29,370	80,432	13,683	0	7,032	0	3,286	0	3
1961-62	98,789	28,882	69,907	15,762	0	6,753	0	1,249	0	15
1962-63	129,077	29,774	99,303	14,468	0	10,847	0	916	0	3
1963-64	123,093	35,874	87,219	20,116	0	10,319	0	698	0	16
1964-65	106,085	39,486	66,599	28,396	0	8,949	0	99	0	4
Ecuador (10)										
1959-60	57,846	57,628	218	11,975	41	9,849	0	35,513	0	0
1960-61	55,431	54,642	789	14,841	29	12,440	0	26,786	0	0
1961-62	48,085	44,071	4,014	6,812	0	4,523	0	32,211	0	0
1962-63	65,939	56,768	9,171	15,323	66	6,545	0	34,175	0	0
1963-64	72,627	66,810	5,817	12,328	0	7,406	0	46,029	0	1
1964-65	87,900	81,145	6,755	14,170	0	5,826	0	59,637	0	0
India (11)										
1959-60	81,397	37,448	43,949	268	108	0	5,795	0	14,893	9,576
1960-61	70,311	28,985	41,326	1,220	59	0	2,749	0	13,768	5,270
1961-62	89,707	30,496	59,211	973	270	0	1,649	0	15,240	6,738
1962-63	72,598	26,948	45,650	350	48	0	535	0	16,313	4,932
1963-64	86,501	26,633	59,868	1,977	65	0	2,976	0	14,447	2,273
1964-65	83,654	25,706	57,948	2,995	84	0	1,214	0	12,370	3,301
Argentina (12)										
1959-60	88,312	36,571	51,741	0	0	0	35,670	0	3	15
1960-61	84,897	32,302	52,595	106	0	0	31,749	0	88	36
1961-62	85,702	28,794	56,908	80	0	0	28,040	0	207	65
1962-63	99,852	31,346	68,506	0	0	0	30,689	0	256	11
1963-64	122,873	24,122	98,751	19	0	0	23,603	0	92	34
1964-65	81,397	17,954	63,443	0	0	20	17,531	0	51	9
Peru (13)										
1959-60	30,614	13,805	16,809	12,331	4	17	0	0	22	7
1960-61	79,146	17,449	61,697	16,446	2	54	8	0	1	12
1961-62	94,747	15,862	78,885	14,842	14	53	0	0	0	10
1962-63	84,912	22,580	62,332	21,100	0	0	0	27	42	14
1963-64	75,015	22,166	52,849	20,446	6	0	0	288	62	37
1964-65	77,618	34,750	42,868	33,397	19	24	0	414	0	6
Netherlands (14)										
1959-60	84,396	18,539	65,857	0	3	165	3,533	0	2,050	1,081
1960-61	80,114	14,327	65,787	0	0	21	2,154	0	690	1,154
1961-62	76,594	12,931	63,663	117	0	0	1,222	0	2,065	924
1962-63	78,920	14,554	64,366	8/	0	41	1,992	0	3,828	932
1963-64	74,933	14,282	60,651	0	0	0	2,390	0	2,877	1,044
1964-65	74,095	11,889	62,206	0	0	0	366	7	2,304	892
Malaysia (15)										
1959-60	134,434	133,710	724	80	131,003	0	0	0	24	994
1960-61	81,184	80,363	821	230	77,343	0	0	0	65	905
1961-62	101,239	99,725	1,514	258	96,778	0	0	0	43	297
1962-63	109,109	106,890	2,219	137	104,732	8/	0	0	18	350
1963-64	74,612	71,769	2,843	130	68,928	0	0	0	23	428
1964-65	73,679	70,484	3,195	68	66,318	0	0	0	32	424

Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year beginning July 1	Selected supplementary products									Other supple. and comple. products
	Cane sugar	Dutiable cattle and meats	Fruits, nuts, and vege- tables	Fats, oils, oilbearing materials	Tobacco, unmfd.	Apparel and wool	Hides and skins	Grains and preps.	Dairy prod- ucts	
	2/			4/			5/	6/	7/	
-- Thousand dollars --										
Indonesia (8)										
1959-60	0	0	42	169	93	8/	482	0	0	2,607
1960-61	0	0	26	1,652	107	0	244	0	0	1,552
1961-62	0	0	2	2,662	321	0	237	0	0	2,942
1962-63	0	0	13	464	468	0	335	0	0	1,705
1963-64	0	0	43	181	991	0	1,132	0	0	2,220
1964-65	0	8	28	376	1,416	0	1,117	1	0	2,931
Dominican Rep. (9)										
1959-60	11,011	2,112	579	67	123	0	100	1,016	8/	10,347
1960-61	68,165	1,549	810	2,126	402	0	0	1,132	7	11,607
1961-62	55,688	969	1,071	2,910	1,443	0	0	1,126	2	11,801
1962-63	86,814	5	901	1,932	2,840	0	0	713	0	9,638
1963-64	70,100	8/	994	2,407	5,408	0	0	8/	0	13,035
1964-65	50,179	25	1,848	1,159	7,936	0	1	8/	0	7,489
Ecuador (10)										
1959-60	0	0	8/	108	0	0	4	0	0	356
1960-61	624	0	6	0	0	0	5	0	0	700
1961-62	3,030	0	7	734	0	0	3	0	0	765
1962-63	7,975	0	35	406	0	0	3	0	0	1,411
1963-64	4,721	11	27	86	0	6	5	0	0	2,007
1964-65	6,089	0	25	0	20	0	2	8/	0	2,131
India (11)										
1959-60	0	209	25,800	7,118	0	684	5,923	0	0	11,023
1960-61	0	456	27,433	3,614	10	72	5,808	0	0	9,852
1961-62	24,413	267	22,875	4	8/	42	5,771	0	0	11,465
1962-63	8,576	985	25,439	229	42	28	4,985	8/	0	10,136
1963-64	20,647	493	28,046	286	74	90	5,122	1	8/	10,004
1964-65	16,161	372	32,017	44	381	75	3,379	1	8/	11,260
Argentina (12)										
1959-60	0	19,447	1,341	3,803	3	6,425	2,648	350	9,349	9,258
1960-61	318	22,635	723	4,266	8	5,358	932	300	8,451	9,927
1961-62	8	24,072	1,231	6,753	52	5,265	1,715	188	6,392	11,634
1962-63	5,378	27,236	1,419	4,273	217	9,570	1,735	445	7,143	11,480
1963-64	33,481	26,593	3,191	4,558	198	9,884	1,146	1,436	8,027	10,611
1964-65	3,420	22,289	1,226	4,768	282	10,239	802	876	9,860	10,024
Peru (13)										
1959-60	8,590	0	331	10	407	3,630	947	69	0	4,249
1960-61	53,491	0	658	0	264	2,094	755	72	0	5,289
1961-62	68,450	0	798	0	67	3,538	555	107	0	6,313
1962-63	46,930	0	984	0	26	5,642	364	87	0	9,696
1963-64	36,489	47	850	5	48	5,317	393	173	0	10,854
1964-65	32,483	7	762	0	54	5,489	319	195	0	4,449
Netherlands (14)										
1959-60	1	29,113	1,858	7,912	58	75	1,196	791	3,135	33,425
1960-61	1,960	30,956	1,515	5,324	137	46	1,018	725	3,008	31,406
1961-62	511	29,855	2,309	4,149	45	223	1,438	970	3,042	29,724
1962-63	195	32,053	1,892	4,156	55	35	1,234	721	3,335	28,451
1963-64	0	26,932	2,356	3,905	71	10	943	855	2,991	30,559
1964-65	3	25,855	3,299	4,681	125	12	1,213	1,020	2,951	31,367
Malaysia (15)										
1959-60	0	0	226	473	0	0	20	0	0	1,614
1960-61	0	0	729	0	0	0	78	0	0	1,834
1961-62	0	0	1,351	0	0	0	159	0	0	2,353
1962-63	0	0	2,078	0	0	0	128	8/	0	1,666
1963-64	0	0	2,660	14	0	0	131	0	0	2,298
1964-65	0	0	2,965	0	0	17	180	8/	0	3,675

Continued -

Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year beginning July 1	Total	Comple- mentary 1/	Supple- mentary 1/	Selected complementary products						
				Coffee	Crude rubber	Cocoa beans	Carpet wool	Bananas	Tea	Spices 2/
-- Thousand dollars --										
Italy (16)										
1959-60	57,014	4,899	52,115	0	0	0	1,638	0	0	71
1960-61	57,005	3,632	53,373	0	0	0	989	0	0	43
1961-62	62,132	3,194	58,938	13	0	0	623	0	0	42
1962-63	66,613	4,237	62,376	23	8/	0	694	0	0	36
1963-64	65,161	5,376	59,785	15	0	0	1,280	0	8/	46
1964-65	71,390	6,914	64,476	11	0	0	729	2	0	72
France (17)										
1959-60	42,075	6,976	35,099	0	46	0	1,835	0	32	222
1960-61	45,487	6,479	39,008	0	80	0	1,384	0	1	141
1961-62	51,878	5,492	46,386	0	31	0	1,049	0	11	126
1962-63	50,070	5,398	44,672	0	8	0	767	0	4	229
1963-64	57,900	7,159	50,741	0	0	0	1,455	0	5	334
1964-65	70,186	9,966	60,220	0	0	0	606	1	4	422
Denmark (18)										
1959-60	43,802	448	43,354	0	0	0	10	0	0	10
1960-61	43,908	299	43,609	0	0	0	5	0	0	5
1961-62	57,088	386	56,702	0	0	0	24	0	0	0
1962-63	63,979	174	63,805	0	0	0	18	0	0	6
1963-64	63,147	211	62,936	0	0	0	43	0	0	3
1964-65	66,876	194	66,682	0	0	0	63	0	0	0
Guatemala (19)										
1959-60	59,176	58,922	254	46,931	0	287	0	6,676	0	247
1960-61	57,562	56,206	1,356	44,661	4	250	0	8,035	0	295
1961-62	50,759	46,037	4,722	40,879	0	164	0	2,827	0	136
1962-63	66,757	54,523	12,234	50,148	13	81	0	1,996	0	158
1963-64	60,356	47,664	12,692	42,958	24	153	0	1,914	0	235
1964-65	63,643	54,252	9,391	51,025	14	84	0	205	0	241
Turkey (20)										
1959-60	66,396	4,177	62,219	0	0	0	2,762	0	0	44
1960-61	62,817	2,174	60,643	0	0	0	1,574	0	0	108
1961-62	57,425	1,315	56,110	0	0	0	938	0	0	116
1962-63	63,191	2,538	60,653	0	0	0	880	0	0	81
1963-64	58,163	3,200	54,963	0	0	0	1,816	0	10	156
1964-65	63,196	2,664	60,532	0	0	0	316	0	2	146
Ethiopia (21)										
1959-60	24,338	21,667	2,671	21,667	0	0	0	0	0	0
1960-61	30,078	29,148	930	29,148	0	0	0	0	0	0
1961-62	28,583	26,769	1,814	26,759	0	0	0	0	0	0
1962-63	32,524	30,878	1,646	30,865	0	11	0	0	0	2
1963-64	45,775	43,491	2,284	43,488	0	0	0	0	0	0
1964-65	56,629	53,756	2,873	53,751	0	0	3	0	0	0
Costa Rica (22)										
1959-60	28,033	22,529	5,504	10,052	180	4,080	0	7,610	0	0
1960-61	39,324	32,521	6,803	18,785	148	3,627	0	9,952	0	0
1961-62	35,719	31,717	4,002	18,697	119	1,951	0	10,899	0	0
1962-63	40,016	29,935	10,081	13,317	103	2,789	0	13,582	0	1
1963-64	45,754	34,070	11,684	18,031	64	3,400	0	12,496	0	1
1964-65	54,938	45,365	9,573	15,496	39	2,479	0	27,190	0	8
Ghana (23)										
1959-60	40,168	40,168	0	217	10	37,950	0	0	0	0
1960-61	58,864	58,864	0	90	0	58,096	0	0	0	8/
1961-62	56,211	56,210	1	814	2	54,460	0	0	0	0
1962-63	43,424	43,424	0	544	0	42,819	0	0	0	0
1963-64	44,108	44,108	8/	908	0	43,195	0	0	0	0
1964-65	54,066	53,143	923	533	0	52,532	0	0	0	0

Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year beginning July 1	Selected supplementary products										Other supple. and comple. products
	Cane sugar	Dutiable cattle and meats 2/	Fruits, nuts, and vege- tables	Fats, oils, oilbearing materials 4/	Tobacco, unmfd.	Apparel and wool	Hides and skins 5/	Grains and preps. 6/	Dairy prod- ucts 7/		
-- Thousand dollars --											
Italy (16)											
1959-60	0	1,356	15,733	5,527	1,240	89	227	1,020	11,838	18,275	
1960-61	0	1,204	17,160	4,751	1,307	17	162	917	13,478	16,977	
1961-62	8/	1,321	20,181	5,064	1,037	7	1,114	993	12,394	19,343	
1962-63	0	1,447	18,691	6,310	1,254	35	1,206	929	13,459	22,529	
1963-64	8/	1,394	18,080	5,258	797	91	1,079	837	11,471	24,813	
1964-65	0	1,331	17,706	6,041	1,645	44	1,166	816	14,450	27,377	
France (17)											
1959-60	8/	654	4,074	1,252	133	2,294	2,564	129	2,104	26,736	
1960-61	2	341	5,708	517	193	2,923	4,090	171	2,631	27,305	
1961-62	1,025	709	5,794	387	154	1,668	4,445	1,323	3,057	32,099	
1962-63	1,197	443	5,119	541	4	1,809	4,377	239	2,805	32,528	
1963-64	3,566	634	4,924	207	14	925	4,524	283	3,704	37,325	
1964-65	1,055	802	4,349	232	7	3,887	4,548	3,158	4,240	46,875	
Denmark (18)											
1959-60	0	30,957	251	644	0	46	397	255	3,460	7,772	
1960-61	0	32,113	308	212	153	94	264	522	3,936	6,296	
1961-62	0	42,367	603	373	0	24	174	301	4,355	8,867	
1962-63	0	50,316	232	440	0	47	65	731	4,898	7,226	
1963-64	0	48,457	383	266	0	27	79	752	4,512	8,625	
1964-65	2	50,815	312	280	0	0	203	1,450	4,701	9,050	
Guatemala (19)											
1959-60	0	0	10	111	0	0	8	11	0	4,895	
1960-61	855	0	45	287	0	0	0	1	0	3,129	
1961-62	1,570	2,454	125	275	0	0	0	0	0	2,329	
1962-63	6,810	4,669	99	331	0	0	0	0	0	2,452	
1963-64	7,153	4,935	14	231	0	0	4	0	0	2,735	
1964-65	4,168	4,339	16	315	0	0	0	0	0	3,236	
Turkey (20)											
1959-60	0	0	7,843	353	50,794	91	1,830	0	0	2,679	
1960-61	0	0	7,122	244	50,391	193	1,712	0	1	1,472	
1961-62	0	0	6,291	522	46,401	117	1,596	0	5	1,439	
1962-63	6,797	0	6,811	269	44,785	133	675	0	0	2,760	
1963-64	0	0	7,336	112	45,551	205	885	0	2	2,090	
1964-65	151	0	7,338	1,015	50,138	99	1,212	0	5	2,774	
Ethiopia (21)											
1959-60	0	0	25	12	0	0	2,346	0	0	288	
1960-61	0	0	0	29	0	0	536	0	0	365	
1961-62	0	0	5	69	0	0	1,258	0	0	492	
1962-63	0	0	3	263	0	0	1,017	0	0	363	
1963-64	0	25	3	298	8/	2	1,394	0	0	565	
1964-65	0	0	40	617	0	0	1,741	0	0	477	
Costa Rica (22)											
1959-60	233	5,106	3	32	0	0	0	0	0	737	
1960-61	2,388	3,857	1	354	0	0	0	0	0	212	
1961-62	2,274	1,429	3	53	0	0	0	0	0	294	
1962-63	5,618	4,052	16	67	9	0	0	0	0	462	
1963-64	5,010	6,144	24	173	34	0	1	0	0	376	
1964-65	4,521	4,431	29	63	8	0	0	0	0	674	
Ghana (23)											
1959-60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,991	
1960-61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	678	
1961-62	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	934	
1962-63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	61	
1963-64	0	0	0	8/	0	0	8/	0	0	5	
1964-65	0	0	0	923	0	0	0	0	0	78	

Continued -

Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year beginning July 1	Total	Comple- mentary 1/	Supple- mentary 1/	Selected complementary products						
				Coffee	Crude rubber	Cocoa beans	Carpet wool	Bananas	Tea	Spices 2/
-- <u>Thousand dollars</u> --										
Honduras (24)										
1959-60	21,060	19,917	1,143	8,818	29	0	0	10,928	0	12
1960-61	32,239	29,782	2,457	13,198	12	0	0	16,407	0	31
1961-62	27,227	24,125	3,102	6,459	0	0	0	17,421	0	54
1962-63	26,647	22,825	3,822	8,616	0	0	0	13,843	0	11
1963-64	29,084	24,906	4,178	8,870	0	0	0	15,771	0	96
1964-65	53,345	49,393	3,952	16,400	0	0	0	32,745	0	69
Angola (25)										
1959-60	27,155	26,733	422	26,075	0	17	0	0	0	0
1960-61	23,610	23,191	419	22,860	0	0	0	0	0	0
1961-62	28,068	27,765	303	26,874	0	0	0	0	0	0
1962-63	38,187	37,777	410	37,702	0	0	0	0	0	0
1963-64	41,071	40,836	235	40,674	0	0	0	0	0	0
1964-65	48,045	47,666	379	47,607	0	7	0	0	0	0
Ivory Coast 2/(26):										
1959-60	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1960-61	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1961-62	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1962-63	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1963-64	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1964-65	48,003	46,506	1,497	37,114	86	9,246	0	0	2	0
Spain (27)										
1959-60	36,347	1,470	34,877	0	0	0	754	0	0	77
1960-61	36,537	1,476	35,061	0	0	0	608	0	0	43
1961-62	40,399	1,056	39,343	0	0	0	427	0	0	9
1962-63	36,228	1,235	34,993	0	0	0	500	0	0	87
1963-64	42,797	1,953	40,844	0	0	0	1,029	0	0	320
1964-65	47,542	2,167	45,375	0	0	0	324	0	0	326
S.Africa, Rep. (28):										
1959-60	22,896	726	22,170	198	18	0	250	0	72	0
1960-61	19,117	653	18,464	161	54	0	233	0	0	0
1961-62	36,270	805	35,465	235	104	25	238	0	49	1
1962-63	46,004	783	45,221	109	0	0	529	0	30	16
1963-64	45,784	1,131	44,653	227	75	0	638	0	23	0
1964-65	40,299	1,207	39,092	180	0	60	615	0	66	0
Uganda 2/ (29)										
1959-60	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1960-61	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1961-62	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1962-63	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1963-64	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1964-65	40,046	39,783	263	38,053	0	102	0	0	637	2
Japan (30)										
1959-60	42,616	26,911	15,705	0	25	0	0	0	739	15
1960-61	42,208	25,389	16,819	0	25	0	0	0	799	7
1961-62	46,021	25,958	20,063	0	14	0	0	0	800	16
1962-63	45,906	24,925	20,981	0	97	0	0	0	812	7
1963-64	46,614	24,123	22,491	0	58	0	13	0	759	136
1964-65	38,294	13,364	24,930	0	5	84	9	0	681	52
West Germany (31)										
1959-60	30,153	4,378	25,775	0	0	49	1,013	0	4	15
1960-61	29,245	3,098	26,147	0	1	0	423	0	18	14
1961-62	29,359	2,689	26,670	0	1	0	543	0	30	19
1962-63	29,152	2,402	26,750	0	0	0	430	0	2	14
1963-64	32,322	2,875	29,447	6	0	0	487	0	1	33
1964-65	38,183	3,071	35,112	4	8/	0	153	0	7	45

Table 1A-- U. S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year beginning July 1	Selected supplementary products									Other supple. and comple. products
	Cane sugar	Dutiable cattle and meats 2/	Fruits, nuts, and vege- tables	Fats, oils, oilbearing materials 4/	Tobacco, unmfd.	Apparel wool	Hides and skins 5/	Grains and preps. 6/	Dairy prod- ucts 7/	
	-- Thousand dollars --									
Honduras (24)										
1959-60	0	814	304	0	0	0	24	0	0	131
1960-61	0	2,038	382	0	0	0	10	0	0	161
1961-62	0	2,764	314	0	2	0	3	0	0	210
1962-63	0	3,157	586	0	29	0	8	0	0	397
1963-64	378	2,988	323	12	269	0	16	0	0	361
1964-65	0	2,991	144	0	711	0	4	0	0	281
Angola (25)										
1959-60	0	0	0	186	0	0	0	0	0	877
1960-61	0	0	3	259	0	0	0	0	0	488
1961-62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,194
1962-63	0	0	7	129	0	0	0	0	0	349
1963-64	0	0	4	0	0	37	0	0	0	356
1964-65	0	0	0	0	0	44	0	0	0	387
Ivory Coast 2/(26)										
1959-60	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1960-61	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1961-62	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1962-63	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1963-64	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1964-65	0	0	0	1,477	0	0	0	0	0	78
Spain (27)										
1959-60	0	64	20,281	8,141	34	3	337	8/	0	6,656
1960-61	0	109	20,717	8,205	47	15	123	8/	9	6,661
1961-62	0	57	24,805	7,962	78	53	81	8/	1	6,926
1962-63	0	9	21,401	5,407	90	7	84	0	2	8,641
1963-64	0	3	21,492	9,479	61	48	532	2	11	9,820
1964-65	0	24	27,448	7,198	0	48	601	8/	2	11,571
S. Africa, Rep. (28)										
1959-60	0	0	629	92	0	19,833	1,102	0	2	700
1960-61	1	0	853	66	8/	16,491	625	24	0	609
1961-62	417	0	1,102	1,127	0	29,796	887	450	0	1,839
1962-63	15,699	0	877	554	8	25,267	483	0	2	2,430
1963-64	19,269	0	2,684	238	3	19,486	687	44	3	2,407
1964-65	13,311	0	2,202	102	4	21,392	629	0	0	1,738
Uganda 9/ (29)										
1959-60	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1960-61	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1961-62	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1962-63	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1963-64	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1964-65	0	0	33	0	0	0	185	0	0	1,034
Japan (30)										
1959-60	1	459	11,725	373	8/	367	112	319	2	28,479
1960-61	0	687	11,963	253	2	1,231	2	356	8	26,875
1961-62	1	826	14,313	1,210	6	643	59	457	4	27,672
1962-63	1	1,382	14,328	1,891	0	201	61	491	103	26,532
1963-64	1	1,188	15,863	1,817	8/	103	30	586	108	25,952
1964-65	1	1,133	17,876	1,799	1	32	17	598	15	15,991
West Germany (31)										
1959-60	1	2,732	713	2,088	14	268	1,733	2,171	756	18,596
1960-61	1	1,624	1,092	2,506	62	55	1,497	884	758	20,310
1961-62	1	1,187	932	4,093	0	17	1,573	685	752	19,526
1962-63	0	1,016	838	2,421	5	8/	1,937	414	380	21,695
1963-64	8/	967	954	950	6	8/	1,520	505	470	26,423
1964-65	0	974	1,051	2,367	20	23	1,619	1,044	429	30,447

Continued -

Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year beginning July 1	Total	Comple- mentary 1/	Supple- mentary 1/	Selected complementary products						
				Coffee	Crude rubber	Cocoa beans	Carpet wool	Bananas	Tea	Spices 2/
-- Thousand dollars --										
Greece (32)										
1959-60	28,926	378	28,548	0	0	0	108	0	0	150
1960-61	29,683	464	29,219	0	0	0	48	0	0	139
1961-62	29,259	362	28,897	0	0	0	16	0	0	202
1962-63	26,925	659	26,266	0	0	0	82	0	0	454
1963-64	28,102	373	27,729	0	0	0	38	0	0	291
1964-65	37,907	422	37,485	0	0	0	0	0	0	314
Poland (33)										
1959-60	28,387	152	28,235	0	0	0	0	0	0	114
1960-61	29,588	40	29,548	0	0	0	0	0	0	29
1961-62	33,589	168	33,421	0	0	0	0	0	0	137
1962-63	27,750	167	27,583	0	0	0	0	0	0	137
1963-64	27,770	107	27,663	0	0	0	0	0	0	94
1964-65	34,600	108	34,492	0	0	0	0	0	0	90
El Salvador (34)										
1959-60	29,640	29,276	364	24,908	0	0	0	0	0	2
1960-61	24,019	22,660	1,359	18,881	0	0	0	0	0	1
1961-62	36,975	35,623	1,352	34,619	0	0	0	0	0	0
1962-63	36,869	32,232	4,637	32,175	0	0	0	0	0	1
1963-64	40,199	38,381	1,818	38,197	0	0	0	24	0	8/
1964-65	33,285	29,769	3,516	29,118	0	0	0	313	0	3
Panama (35)										
1959-60	17,972	17,474	498	1,218	0	1,767	0	14,190	0	8
1960-61	13,254	12,213	1,041	356	1	1,727	0	9,818	0	0
1961-62	13,193	12,609	584	285	0	688	0	11,394	0	61
1962-63	12,129	10,953	1,176	45	0	1,324	0	9,380	0	0
1963-64	18,931	15,950	2,981	1,176	0	1,389	0	13,243	0	0
1964-65	32,435	30,771	1,664	23	0	926	0	29,705	0	0
Ceylon (36)										
1959-60	37,584	36,239	1,345	0	11,095	49	0	0	23,584	1,022
1960-61	31,652	31,606	46	0	8,328	13	0	0	22,669	303
1961-62	31,278	31,246	32	0	7,383	31	0	0	23,226	291
1962-63	32,757	32,755	2	6	7,029	5	0	0	24,877	491
1963-64	33,371	33,319	52	0	6,563	0	0	0	25,318	767
1964-65	31,891	31,737	154	0	4,612	0	0	0	25,402	895
Nicaragua (37)										
1959-60	13,720	7,190	6,530	6,943	0	36	0	211	0	0
1960-61	24,675	12,849	11,826	11,925	0	89	0	148	0	0
1961-62	22,361	11,071	11,290	8,309	0	0	0	106	0	0
1962-63	29,675	14,388	15,287	9,465	0	13	0	1,261	0	0
1963-64	24,230	10,148	14,082	5,690	0	39	0	1,248	0	0
1964-65	31,252	16,104	15,148	11,817	0	0	0	2,311	0	0
Nigeria (38)										
1959-60	33,360	28,566	4,794	92	10,045	18,047	0	0	0	68
1960-61	42,847	39,066	3,781	2	9,786	28,945	0	0	0	65
1961-62	45,136	41,759	3,377	152	11,080	29,953	0	0	0	116
1962-63	35,573	32,388	3,185	19	11,482	20,460	0	0	0	143
1963-64	25,753	22,300	3,453	122	9,821	11,646	0	0	7	399
1964-65	27,542	23,537	4,005	156	5,299	17,135	0	0	8	373
Taiwan (39)										
1959-60	7,747	3,003	4,744	0	0	0	0	0	1,670	1
1960-61	10,481	3,502	6,979	0	0	0	0	0	1,776	1
1961-62	33,749	3,034	30,715	0	0	0	0	0	1,838	2
1962-63	30,083	4,664	25,419	0	47	0	0	0	1,774	2
1963-64	30,897	4,294	26,603	0	0	0	0	0	1,821	6
1964-65	27,067	3,594	23,473	0	0	0	0	0	1,554	7

Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year beginning July 1	Selected supplementary products										Other suppl. and comple. products
	Cane sugar	Dutiable cattle and meats	Fruits, nuts, and vegetables	Fats, oils, oilbearing materials	Tobacco, unmd.	Apparel wool	Hides and skins	Grains and preps.	Dairy products		
		2/		4/			5/	6/	7/		
-- Thousand dollars --											
Greece (32)											
1959-60	0	0	1,519	238	26,259	0	91	0	69	492	
1960-61	0	0	1,565	89	26,901	0	74	8/	144	723	
1961-62	0	0	1,773	219	26,452	0	2	8/	138	457	
1962-63	0	0	2,296	1,388	22,189	0	9	0	70	437	
1963-64	0	0	2,118	366	24,631	0	40	0	180	438	
1964-65	0	0	2,396	228	33,841	0	87	0	401	640	
Poland (33)											
1959-60	0	24,332	419	429	0	0	810	1	1,264	1,018	
1960-61	1	25,783	252	249	0	0	616	3	1,538	1,117	
1961-62	0	27,729	487	263	0	0	1,269	1	2,107	1,596	
1962-63	0	23,543	436	195	0	0	908	19	861	1,651	
1963-64	0	24,349	555	225	0	0	948	5	197	1,397	
1964-65	0	30,241	1,032	172	0	0	1,720	13	172	1,160	
El Salvador (34)											
1959-60	0	0	0	227	0	0	6	0	0	4,497	
1960-61	943	0	8/	255	0	0	0	0	8/	3,939	
1961-62	810	0	6	306	0	0	0	0	1	1,233	
1962-63	4,190	0	18	172	0	0	0	0	0	313	
1963-64	1,056	0	25	147	0	0	0	0	0	750	
1964-65	3,001	0	29	140	0	0	0	0	1	680	
Panama (35)											
1959-60	463	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	319	
1960-61	1,019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	333	
1961-62	473	68	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	215	
1962-63	1,060	103	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	215	
1963-64	2,629	88	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	406	
1964-65	1,577	14	8/	0	0	0	0	0	0	190	
Ceylon (36)											
1959-60	0	0	148	1,197	0	0	0	0	0	489	
1960-61	0	0	38	0	0	0	8	0	0	293	
1961-62	0	0	31	1	0	0	0	0	0	315	
1962-63	0	0	8/	2	0	0	0	0	0	347	
1963-64	0	0	41	3	8/	0	0	3	0	676	
1964-65	0	0	153	1	0	0	0	0	0	828	
Nicaragua (37)											
1959-60	1,714	2,721	15	1,764	0	0	4	0	0	312	
1960-61	5,241	3,943	29	2,412	0	0	8	8/	1	879	
1961-62	3,981	4,912	100	1,772	0	0	0	0	1	3,180	
1962-63	6,017	7,066	23	1,966	0	0	2	0	0	3,862	
1963-64	3,559	7,744	25	2,126	0	0	0	0	0	3,799	
1964-65	5,682	6,925	11	2,146	13	0	0	1	0	2,346	
Nigeria (38)											
1959-60	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,752	0	0	356	
1960-61	0	0	0	72	0	0	3,633	0	0	344	
1961-62	0	0	8/	611	0	0	2,723	0	0	501	
1962-63	0	0	0	489	11	0	2,635	0	0	334	
1963-64	0	0	0	52	124	0	3,241	0	0	341	
1964-65	0	0	0	0	70	0	3,876	0	0	625	
Taiwan (39)											
1959-60	308	0	1,985	0	0	0	0	16	0	3,767	
1960-61	2,564	0	3,019	0	0	0	0	21	0	3,100	
1961-62	20,748	0	8,047	0	0	0	1	28	0	3,085	
1962-63	14,211	0	9,182	0	0	0	0	8	0	4,859	
1963-64	10,556	0	13,546	1	0	0	0	18	0	4,949	
1964-65	6,042	0	14,511	3	0	139	0	16	0	4,795	

Continued -

Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year beginning July 1	Total	Comple- mentary 1/	Supple- mentary 1/	Selected complementary products						
				Coffee	Crude rubber	Cocoa beans	Carpet wool	Bananas	Tea	Spices 2/
Burundi and Rwanda 2/ (40)				-- <u>Thousand dollars</u> --						
1959-60	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1960-61	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1961-62	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1962-63	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1963-64	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1964-65	24,349	24,349	0	24,309	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liberia (41)										
1959-60	29,847	29,847	0	300	29,513	34	0	0	0	0
1960-61	27,058	27,058	0	323	26,735	0	0	0	0	0
1961-62	23,656	23,655	1	525	23,130	0	0	0	0	0
1962-63	22,488	22,488	0	1,174	21,314	0	0	0	0	0
1963-64	22,354	22,354	8/	5,524	16,830	0	0	0	0	0
1964-65	24,247	24,228	19	3,092	21,136	0	0	0	0	0
Malagasy Rep. (42):										
1959-60	12,419	12,391	28	1,949	0	10	0	0	0	8,694
1960-61	10,592	10,018	574	1,908	25	21	0	0	0	6,163
1961-62	13,410	13,131	279	3,527	0	16	0	0	0	7,592
1962-63	17,321	15,263	2,058	4,466	0	16	0	0	0	8,310
1963-64	13,681	13,609	72	6,213	0	35	0	0	0	4,725
1964-65	21,970	20,659	1,311	9,542	0	0	20	0	0	8,070
United Kingdom (43):										
1959-60	27,818	10,850	16,968	0	37	64	3,003	0	2,384	8/
1960-61	22,228	8,550	13,678	0	13	0	4,116	0	1,308	17
1961-62	23,140	7,578	15,562	0	45	0	3,974	0	748	3
1962-63	28,062	9,793	18,269	8/	21	0	6,898	0	536	5
1963-64	24,027	8,843	15,184	0	4	0	6,396	0	355	11
1964-65	21,344	6,552	14,792	8/	4	0	5,192	11	355	16
Iran (44)										
1959-60	21,381	2,366	19,015	0	0	0	921	0	7	699
1960-61	15,495	1,082	14,413	0	0	0	217	0	0	341
1961-62	15,496	1,205	14,291	0	0	0	291	0	0	316
1962-63	14,856	1,124	13,732	0	0	0	173	0	0	365
1963-64	18,888	1,291	17,597	0	0	0	346	0	0	374
1964-65	20,684	1,600	19,084	0	0	0	251	0	0	740
Yugoslavia (45)										
1959-60	7,686	897	6,789	0	0	0	320	0	0	434
1960-61	10,174	891	9,283	0	0	0	341	0	0	444
1961-62	9,102	850	8,252	0	0	0	73	0	0	457
1962-63	14,035	932	13,103	0	0	0	164	0	0	435
1963-64	15,247	682	14,565	0	0	0	50	0	0	453
1964-65	19,003	652	18,351	0	0	171	5	0	0	269
Uruguay (46)										
1959-60	13,264	247	13,017	0	0	0	162	0	0	0
1960-61	16,845	207	16,638	0	0	0	110	0	0	0
1961-62	20,117	162	19,955	12	0	0	74	0	0	0
1962-63	18,161	240	17,921	69	0	0	121	0	0	0
1963-64	10,826	182	10,644	6	0	0	86	0	0	0
1964-65	18,710	108	18,602	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Thailand (47)										
1959-60	67,194	60,755	6,439	0	58,923	0	0	0	0	5
1960-61	38,351	30,465	7,886	0	28,070	0	0	0	0	1
1961-62	33,446	24,470	8,976	0	21,598	0	0	0	0	1
1962-63	35,066	27,033	8,033	0	23,835	0	0	0	0	3
1963-64	24,090	15,179	8,911	8/	11,365	0	0	0	2	1
1964-65	18,022	7,145	10,877	0	3,282	0	0	0	8	39

Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year beginning July 1	Selected supplementary products									Other supple. and comple. products
	Cane sugar	Dutiable cattle and meats 2/	Fruits, nuts, and vege- tables	Fats, oils oilbearing materials 4/	Tobacco, unmfd.	Apparel and wool	Hides and skins 5/	Grains and preps. 6/	Dairy prod- ucts 7/	
-- Thousand dollars --										
Burundi and Rwanda 2/ (40)										
1959-60	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1960-61	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1961-62	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1962-63	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1963-64	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1964-65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40
Liberia (41)										
1959-60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1960-61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1961-62	0	0	0	0	0	0	8/	0	0	1
1962-63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1963-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8/
1964-65	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0
Malagasy Rep. (42)										
1959-60	0	0	12	0	0	0	3	0	0	1,751
1960-61	0	0	448	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,027
1961-62	0	0	223	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,052
1962-63	1,923	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,588
1963-64	0	0	34	0	15	0	15	0	0	2,644
1964-65	1,035	0	128	0	148	0	0	0	0	3,027
United Kingdom(43)										
1959-60	53	697	2,756	2,304	17	611	1,049	2,848	76	11,919
1960-61	306	632	2,792	1,410	15	418	519	3,017	52	7,613
1961-62	585	915	3,397	977	15	340	643	3,127	58	8,313
1962-63	177	2,514	2,942	2,938	10	777	414	3,420	125	7,285
1963-64	3	798	3,224	816	1	600	313	3,010	125	8,371
1964-65	27	92	3,494	514	4	540	485	3,484	170	6,956
Iran (44)										
1959-60	0	0	3,304	17	2	7,598	7,492	1	0	1,340
1960-61	0	0	2,860	5	1	5,858	5,408	8/	0	805
1961-62	0	0	3,833	74	2	5,447	4,901	8/	11	621
1962-63	0	0	3,596	175	1	4,442	5,217	0	0	887
1963-64	0	0	4,529	0	1	4,644	7,443	2	0	1,549
1964-65	0	0	5,845	0	9	3,996	8,488	0	0	1,355
Yugoslavia (45)										
1959-60	0	36	444	247	3,727	0	0	0	125	2,353
1960-61	0	354	810	970	4,060	0	7	0	143	3,045
1961-62	0	1,205	421	23	3,972	0	0	0	207	2,744
1962-63	0	2,903	545	355	4,730	0	0	0	193	4,710
1963-64	0	3,811	554	0	6,259	1	0	0	163	3,956
1964-65	0	6,035	356	7	9,162	14	0	0	211	2,773
Uruguay (46)										
1959-60	0	2,933	0	0	0	9,235	42	0	143	749
1960-61	0	4,681	0	0	0	11,091	11	31	134	787
1961-62	0	5,591	13	0	0	12,981	8	0	394	1,044
1962-63	0	5,403	0	0	0	11,050	2	0	336	1,180
1963-64	0	4,505	0	41	8/	4,105	2	0	641	1,440
1964-65	0	4,053	147	58	10	12,392	6	4	501	1,539
Thailand (47)										
1959-60	0	0	6,185	0	0	0	60	0	0	2,021
1960-61	0	0	7,501	0	0	0	11	1	0	2,767
1961-62	0	0	7,468	0	0	0	35	1	0	4,343
1962-63	0	0	5,967	0	0	0	58	3	0	5,200
1963-64	0	15	7,829	0	0	0	5	0	0	4,873
1964-65	0	0	9,408	0	1	0	2	1	0	5,281

Continued -

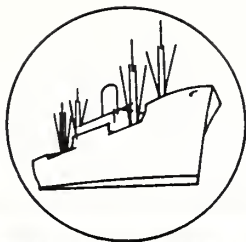
Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups,
specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year beginning July 1	Total	Comple- mentary 1/	Supple- mentary 1/	Selected complementary products						
				Coffee	Crude rubber	Cocoa beans	Carpet wool	Bananas	Tea	Spices 2/
-- <u>Thousand dollars</u> --										
Venezuela (48)										
1959-60	20,305	20,216	89	15,815	0	4,288	0	0	0	12
1960-61	24,548	24,346	202	20,719	0	2,578	0	14	0	640
1961-62	14,022	13,704	318	10,906	0	2,191	0	31	0	197
1962-63	16,673	16,256	417	12,597	0	2,610	0	210	0	231
1963-64	21,804	19,660	2,144	15,065	0	3,652	0	1	0	97
1964-65	17,498	16,636	862	12,875	0	2,688	0	11	0	44
Kenya 9/ (49)										
1959-60	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1960-61	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1961-62	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1962-63	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1963-64	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1964-65	16,728	15,807	921	9,347	0	0	0	0	3,640	13
Congo (Leopold- ville) 9/ (50)										
1959-60	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1960-61	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1961-62	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1962-63	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1963-64	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1964-65	15,788	9,968	5,820	3,899	5,309	0	0	0	225	0
L.A.F.T.A. 10/										
1959-60	1,183,546	928,541	255,005	779,939	269	49,853	35,918	37,001	309	3,837
1960-61	1,239,005	847,121	391,884	727,400	280	39,082	32,020	27,713	370	2,071
1961-62	1,226,393	766,910	459,483	662,398	510	22,013	28,606	33,474	423	2,263
1962-63	1,207,441	733,706	473,735	622,205	201	24,240	30,901	34,536	540	1,089
1963-64	1,311,058	842,993	468,065	713,846	245	30,573	23,789	46,837	419	1,785
1964-65	1,182,384	771,136	411,248	647,348	125	23,952	17,638	60,800	475	2,307
E.E.C. 11/										
1959-60	220,235	35,376	184,859	0	49	214	8,347	0	2,086	1,389
1960-61	220,216	28,296	191,920	0	81	21	5,134	0	709	1,352
1961-62	229,229	25,340	203,889	130	178	0	3,574	0	2,106	1,111
1962-63	235,353	28,083	207,270	23	8	41	4,523	0	3,834	1,212
1963-64	240,916	32,696	208,220	21	0	0	7,343	0	2,883	1,460
1964-65	265,227	34,151	231,076	15	8/	0	2,612	10	2,315	1,437
E.F.T.A. 12/										
1959-60	89,474	13,813	75,661	3	37	179	3,380	0	2,384	17
1960-61	86,233	12,982	73,251	88	13	34	4,974	0	1,308	25
1961-62	101,992	10,639	91,353	190	45	0	4,676	0	748	13
1962-63	113,860	13,417	100,443	39	21	0	7,595	0	536	18
1963-64	111,250	12,010	99,240	75	4	0	7,264	0	355	33
1964-65	113,151	8,972	104,179	47	4	1	5,414	11	355	30

Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year beginning July 1	Selected supplementary products									
	Cane sugar	Dutiable cattle and meats 2/	Fruits, nuts, and vegetables	Fats, oils, oilbearing materials 4/	Tobacco, unmd.	Apparel wool	Hides and skins 5/	Grains and preps. 6/	Dairy products 7/	Other suppl. and complo. products
-- <u>Thousand dollars</u> --										
Venezuela (48)										
1959-60	0	0	23	23	0	0	4	0	0	140
1960-61	0	0	3	155	0	0	9	0	8/	430
1961-62	0	0	64	168	1	0	0	0	0	464
1962-63	0	0	168	161	0	0	3	1	0	692
1963-64	1,592	0	175	147	0	0	8/	2	0	1,073
1964-65	420	0	267	111	16	0	7	3	0	1,056
Kenya 2/ (49)										
1959-60	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1960-61	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1961-62	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1962-63	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1963-64	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1964-65	0	0	410	50	7	0	325	0	0	2,936
Congo (Leopoldville) 2/ (50)										
1959-60	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1960-61	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1961-62	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1962-63	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1963-64	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1964-65	0	0	0	5,810	0	0	0	0	0	545
L.A.F.T.A. 10/										
1959-60	16,085	76,827	57,814	28,049	430	20,149	10,463	782	9,606	56,215
1960-61	156,480	83,509	52,937	26,813	748	19,089	5,455	664	8,611	55,763
1961-62	175,098	109,498	57,890	34,543	1,400	22,237	7,481	737	6,833	60,989
1962-63	167,992	117,398	64,006	30,455	3,741	27,093	6,086	813	7,536	68,609
1963-64	175,672	87,663	82,518	27,470	6,635	19,744	6,768	2,052	8,672	76,370
1964-65	126,307	75,253	84,174	30,484	8,643	30,713	5,907	1,752	10,539	55,967
E.E.C. 11/										
1959-60	20	33,923	23,361	17,063	1,445	2,743	5,997	4,461	17,884	101,253
1960-61	2,250	34,145	26,643	13,417	1,699	3,143	6,922	3,242	19,895	101,563
1961-62	1,784	33,072	30,542	13,973	1,236	1,934	8,924	4,902	19,264	106,499
1962-63	2,762	34,970	27,976	13,595	1,318	2,013	9,094	2,917	20,001	111,066
1963-64	3,566	29,949	27,882	10,489	888	1,332	8,190	3,089	18,638	125,186
1964-65	2,051	28,968	28,456	13,545	1,802	4,065	8,658	6,630	22,075	142,588
E.F.T.A. 12/										
1959-60	53	31,923	5,106	3,245	32	680	2,646	4,136	11,064	24,589
1960-61	307	32,961	5,702	2,130	168	519	1,865	4,525	11,491	20,123
1961-62	585	43,437	7,660	1,815	15	637	2,894	4,524	12,426	22,327
1962-63	178	53,251	5,744	3,994	10	986	2,086	5,344	12,946	21,112
1963-64	5	49,477	7,215	1,647	1	658	1,556	5,097	13,116	24,747
1964-65	33	51,060	7,380	1,412	4	589	1,969	6,300	13,801	24,741

1/ Imports similar to agricultural commodities produced commercially in the United States and others that are interchangeable in use to any significant extent with such U.S. commodities are supplementary. All other commodities are complementary. 2/ Includes mainly pepper, vanilla beans, cassia and cassia vera, nutmegs, and caraway seed. 3/ Includes mainly beef and veal; pork; mutton, goat, and lamb; and poultry meat. 4/ Includes mainly coconut oil, castor oil, olive oil, palm oil, carnauba wax, cacao butter, tung oil, and palm kernel oil; also copra, sesame seed, poppy seed, and sunflower seed. Excludes essential and distilled oils. 5/ Includes mainly sheep and lamb skins; goat and kid skins; cattle hides; horse, colt, and ass hides; kip skins; and calf skins. 6/ Includes mainly barley, barley malt, wheat, wheat flour, rye, corn, rice, and oats. 7/ Includes mainly cheese and casein. 8/ Less than \$500. 9/ Not separately classified prior to 1964-65. 10/ The Latin American Free Trade Association includes Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Mexico, Paraguay, Peru, and Uruguay. 11/ The European Economic Community (Common Market) includes the Netherlands, Belgium and Luxembourg, France, West Germany, and Italy. 12/ The European Free Trade Association includes the United Kingdom, Denmark, Switzerland, Sweden, Norway, Austria, and Portugal.



SPECIAL in this issue

IMPORTS OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES UNDER QUARANTINE, FISCAL YEAR 1964-65

Fresh and frozen fruits and vegetables and certain types of nuts entering the United States are subject to provisions of Plant Quarantines (Numbers 13, 28, and 56) and restrictive orders administered by the Plant Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service. Inspectors at ports of entry are required to inspect imports of fruits and vegetables from all sources except Canada for harmful insects and diseases.

Tables 11 and 12 were compiled from reports of inspectors in 40 major ports. Data differ from those of the U.S. Bureau of the Census in that commodity classifications are not identical, that Bureau of the Census does not report shipments of less than \$100, and that Canadian shipments are not under Plant Quarantine regulations.

U.S. imports of fruits and vegetables consist principally of products not grown domestically, or of products grown seasonally. Table 11 shows the volume of inspected imports (for consumption) of fresh fruits and vegetables by country of origin in fiscal 1964-65.

Fruits.--The major fruits imported into the United States in 1964-65 were apples, bananas, berries (frozen blueberries, frozen raspberries, and fresh and frozen strawberries), citrus fruits (grapefruit, limes, nectarines, oranges, and tangerines), grapes, mangoes, melons, papayas, peaches, pears, pineapples, plantains, and plums.

Ecuador supplied about 40 percent of the banana shipments, while plantains came primarily from Guatemala, Venezuela, and Mexico. Imports of plantains from Mexico increased from 2.0 million pounds in 1963-64 to 11.3 million pounds in 1964-65. Mexico supplied practically all of the imported strawberries. Total strawberry imports increased 21 percent to 54.8 million pounds. Mexico was also the major source of limes, mangoes, melons, oranges, pineapples, and tangerines. New Zealand shipped the bulk of the apples and Chile was the major source of grapes, nectarines, peaches, and plums. Poland was the major source of frozen blueberries and raspberries, and the British West Indies were the major source of papayas.

Honolulu was the major port of entry for apples. New York was the leading port of entry for bananas and plantains, frozen blueberries, lingonberries, raspberries, breadfruit, cherries, citrons, grapes, lemons, nectarines,

Table 11.--IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION) by country of origin: Fruits and vegetables under the provisions of the quarantines and restrictive orders administered by the Plant Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service, 1964-65

Commodity imported and country of origin	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65	Commodity imported and country of origin	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65
<u>Apples:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>	<u>Beans - Continued:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>
Argentina	314,463	<u>String - continued</u>	
Australia	218,879	France	100
British West Indies	460	Mexico	8,974,674
Dominican Republic	3,375	Total	8,982,010
New Zealand	1,721,460		
United Kingdom	54	<u>Beets:</u>	
West Germany	99	Dominican Republic	2,700
Total	2,258,790	Mexico	4,150
		Total	6,850
<u>Arrowhead:</u>		<u>Berries:</u>	
Hong Kong	98,582	<u>Blackberries, frozen -</u>	
		Netherlands	33,000
<u>Asparagus:</u>		Yugoslavia	893
Chile	224	Total	33,893
Japan	79,199		
Mexico	695,301	<u>Blueberries, frozen -</u>	
Total	774,724	Netherlands	128,498
		Poland	2,584,513
<u>Avocados:</u>		Sweden	101
British West Indies	37,248	West Germany	43
Dominican Republic	35,276	Yugoslavia	893
Haiti	522	Total	2,714,048
Total	73,046		
		<u>Gooseberries -</u>	
<u>Balsam apples:</u>		British West Indies	80
Mexico	34,690	Netherlands	17,636
		New Zealand	80,164
<u>Bananas:</u>	<u>Bunches</u>	Total	97,880
Bolivia	38,319		
British Honduras	70,203	<u>Lingonberries, frozen -</u>	
British West Indies	10,466	Dominican Republic	11,638
Chile	5,550	Finland	15,432
Costa Rica	11,811,514	Norway	11,044
Dominican Republic	38,658	Total	38,114
Ecuador	27,381,353		
France	117,245	<u>Raspberries, frozen -</u>	
French West Indies	249,328	British West Indies	11,200
Guatemala	24,422	Poland	169,692
Haiti	267	Total	180,892
Honduras	14,201,820		
Mexico	1,018,928	<u>Strawberries, fresh -</u>	
Nicaragua	785,707	Mexico	5,483,183
Panama	11,068,620	New Zealand	3,674
Venezuela	5,329	Total	5,486,857
Total	66,827,729		
		<u>Strawberries, frozen -</u>	
<u>Beans:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>	France	673
<u>Faba -</u>		Mexico	48,654,999
Italy	2,731	Netherlands	163,760
Japan	800	Poland	461,038
Mexico	136,382	Total	49,280,470
Portugal	1,808		
Total	141,721	<u>Breadfruit:</u>	
		British West Indies	3,380
<u>Lima -</u>		Dominican Republic	30,421
Malagasy Republic	88,450	Total	33,801
United Kingdom	180,886		
Total	269,336	<u>Brussels sprouts, fresh:</u>	
		Mexico	1,807,808
<u>Mung -</u>		Netherlands	29,700
India	1,593	Total	1,837,508
Peru	55,776		
Total	57,369	<u>Brussels sprouts, frozen:</u>	
		Belgium	208,852
<u>String -</u>		Ireland	50
Dominican Republic	7,236		

Continued -

Table 11.--IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION) by country of origin: Fruits and vegetables under the provisions of the quarantines and restrictive orders administered by the Plant Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service, 1964-65 - Continued

Commodity imported and country of origin	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65	Commodity imported and country of origin	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65
<u>Brussels sprouts, frozen - Continued:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>	<u>Corn (sweet corn):</u>	<u>Pounds</u>
Japan	1,250	Argentina	114,300
Mexico	15,400	Colombia	2,646
Netherlands	105,020	Mexico	297,639
Total	330,572	Peru	1,882,259
		Total	2,296,844
<u>Cabbage:</u>		<u>Cowpeas:</u>	
Denmark	90,000	India	1,140
Dominican Republic	508,269	Mexico	109,772
Mexico	125,740	Portugal	163,299
Netherlands	1,886,626	Total	274,211
Total	2,610,635		
<u>Carrots, fresh:</u>		<u>Cucumbers:</u>	
Mexico	1,821,582	British Honduras	2,641
		British West Indies	30,596,318
<u>Carrots, frozen:</u>		Dominican Republic	372,634
Belgium	44	Haiti	9,553
Netherlands	113,200	Mexico	39,903,837
Total	113,244	Venezuela	16,660
		Total	70,901,643
<u>Cassava:</u>		<u>Dasheens:</u>	
British West Indies	500	Azores	104,180
Colombia	20,871	British West Indies	49,950
Dominican Republic	3,751,692	British Western Pacific Islands	4,420
Guatemala	180,916	Dominican Republic	2,256,281
Mexico	164,886	Guatemala	14,775
Venezuela	72,372	Haiti	1,174,202
Total	4,191,237	Hong Kong	142,244
		Mexico	1,250
<u>Cauliflower, frozen:</u>		Portugal	16,587
Dominican Republic	1,950	Taiwan	5,500
		Venezuela	23,425
<u>Chayotes:</u>		Total	3,792,814
Dominican Republic	200		
Haiti	9,842	<u>Eggplant:</u>	
Mexico	64,631	British West Indies	850,832
Total	74,673	Dominican Republic	63,874
		Haiti	1,900
<u>Cherimoyas:</u>		Japan	2,040
British West Indies	1,920	Mexico	4,047,341
		Total	4,965,987
<u>Cherries, fresh:</u>			
Argentina	44,316	<u>Endives:</u>	
Chile	37,126	Belgium	1,439,654
Total	81,442	Netherlands	881
		Total	1,440,535
<u>Chestnuts:</u>		<u>Garlic:</u>	
France	4,575	Argentina	877,892
Hong Kong	16,360	Australia	5,845
Italy	14,541,703	Chile	559,582
Mexico	11,495	France	440
Portugal	6,614	Greece	15,000
Spain	38,582	Italy	6,191,232
Total	14,619,329	Japan	223,970
		Mexico	7,762,898
<u>Cippolini:</u>		New Zealand	2,100
Morocco	728,329	Peru	639,576
		Poland	106,505
<u>Citrons:</u>		Spain	1,295,276
Greece	322	Taiwan	897,409
Israel	11,668	Total	18,577,725
Italy	2,236		
Total	14,226	<u>Genips:</u>	
		British West Indies	170
<u>Coriander:</u>			
Mexico	202,309		

Continued -

Table 11.--IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION) by country of origin: Fruits and vegetables under the provisions of the quarantines and restrictive orders administered by the Plant Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service, 1964-65 - Continued

Commodity imported and country of origin	: Year beginning : July 1, : 1964-65	:	Commodity imported and country of origin	: Year beginning : July 1, : 1964-65
<u>Genips - Continued:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>	::	<u>Mangoes - Continued:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>
Dominican Republic	71,573	::	United Kingdom	700
Haiti	10,350	::	Total	1,050,749
Total	82,093	::		
<u>Ginger:</u>		::	<u>Melons:</u>	
British West Indies	3,000	::	<u>Watermelons -</u>	
British Western Pacific Islands	288,735	::	Colombia	2,138
Haiti	9,960	::	Dominican Republic	5,580
Hong Kong	4,785	::	El Salvador	1,628
Taiwan	4,400	::	Mexico	65,631,686
Total	310,880	::	Total	65,641,032
<u>Grapefruit:</u>		::	<u>Other melons -</u>	
British West Indies	456,949	::	Argentina	54,124
Dominican Republic	20,293	::	British West Indies	570,600
Haiti	1,932	::	Chile	27,926,022
Honduras	19,294	::	Dominican Republic	943,446
Mexico	1,573,706	::	Ecuador	124,809
Total	2,072,174	::	El Salvador	463,821
<u>Grapes:</u>		::	France	140
Argentina	792,766	::	Italy	39,680
Belgium	598	::	Mexico	155,216,261
Chile	14,799,906	::	Spain	10,911,218
Italy	19,850	::	Total	196,250,121
Mexico	1,227,351	::	<u>Mixed fruits:</u>	
Republic of South Africa	5,810,572	::	British West Indies	12,950
Total	22,651,043	::	Dominican Republic	5,280
<u>Guavas:</u>		::	Total	18,230
British West Indies	170	::	<u>Mustard greens:</u>	
<u>Husk tomatoes:</u>		::	Mexico	17,622
Mexico	325,266	::	<u>Nectarines:</u>	
<u>Kale:</u>		::	Argentina	1,565
Mexico	717	::	Chile	2,696,171
<u>Lemons:</u>		::	Total	2,697,736
Dominican Republic	6,747	::	<u>Nopales:</u>	
Italy	36,075	::	Mexico	12,890
Mexico	8,367	::	<u>Okra:</u>	
Total	51,189	::	Guatemala	90,990
<u>Lentils:</u>		::	Mexico	163,108
Spain	12,320	::	Panama	259,222
<u>Lettuce:</u>		::	Total	513,320
British West Indies	240	::	<u>Onions:</u>	
Dominican Republic	14,076	::	Belgium	1,760
Mexico	12,711	::	British West Indies	3,102
Total	27,027	::	Chile	2,425,013
<u>Limes:</u>		::	France	2,866
British West Indies	13,140	::	Haiti	2,564
Dominican Republic	2,700	::	Italy	3,437,882
Mexico	4,231,689	::	Japan	1,800
Total	4,247,529	::	Mexico	37,748,535
<u>Mangoes:</u>		::	Morocco	28,474
British West Indies	87,561	::	Netherlands	447,640
Dominican Republic	2,340	::	New Zealand	422,250
Haiti	203,739	::	Total	44,521,886
India	31	::	<u>Oranges, fresh:</u>	
Italy	3,564	::	British West Indies	105,473
Mexico	752,814	::	Dominican Republic	12,951
		::	Haiti	553,983
		::	Israel	507,431
		::	Japan	21,881

Continued -

Table 11.--IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION) by country of origin: Fruits and vegetables under the provisions of the quarantines and restrictive orders administered by the Plant Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service, 1964-65 - Continued

Commodity imported and country of origin	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65	Commodity imported and country of origin	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65
<u>Oranges, fresh - Continued:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>	<u>Pigeon peas - Continued:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>
Mexico	92,557,920	Tanzania	14,872
Total	92,759,639	Zambia, S.Rhodesia, and Malawi	51,000
		Total	435,954
<u>Oranges, mandarin, frozen:</u>		<u>Pineapples, fresh:</u>	<u>Crates</u>
Dominican Republic	4,716	British West Indies	16,475
Japan	1,037,355	Dominican Republic	448,022
Total	1,042,071	French West Indies	23,554
<u>Papayas, fresh:</u>		Haiti	359
British West Indies	503,461	Honduras	2,341
Colombia	7,309	Mexico	681,722
Dominican Republic	6,192	Total	1,172,473
Guatemala	111,418		
Haiti	105	<u>Plantains:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>
Honduras	1,965	British West Indies	1,380
Mexico	198,570	Costa Rica	3,363,662
Total	829,020	Dominican Republic	2,039,500
<u>Papayas, frozen:</u>		Ecuador	487,174
Dominican Republic	16,402	Guatemala	15,038,607
		Haiti	299,312
<u>Parsley:</u>		Mexico	11,274,395
Dominican Republic	3,918	Panama	2,941,855
Mexico	17,425	Peru	12,025
Total	21,343	Venezuela	12,667,219
		Total	48,125,129
<u>Peaches:</u>			
Argentina	12,810	<u>Plums:</u>	
Chile	550,511	Argentina	120,866
Total	563,321	Chile	2,459,319
<u>Peas, fresh:</u>		Mexico	151,366
Dominican Republic	11,194	Nicaragua	580
Japan	12,396	Total	2,732,131
Mexico	4,962,209		
New Zealand	315,360	<u>Pumpkins:</u>	
Peru	682	Azores	2,205
Portugal	4,762	British West Indies	31,765
Taiwan	11,025	Dominican Republic	285,268
Total	5,317,628	Guatemala	39,682
		Haiti	125
<u>Peas, frozen:</u>		Mexico	480,219
Japan	2,232	Venezuela	155,537
Netherlands	132	Total	994,801
Taiwan	314,871		
Total	317,235	<u>Purslane:</u>	
<u>Pears:</u>		Mexico	13,812
Argentina	3,842,213		
Chile	269,507	<u>Radishes:</u>	
Mexico	554	Mexico	122,758
Republic of South Africa	1,002,400		
United Kingdom	600	<u>Shallots:</u>	
Total	5,115,274	Belgium	13,916
		France	693
<u>Peppers:</u>		Haiti	1,500
British West Indies	691,393	Mexico	300
Dominican Republic	1,248,902	Netherlands	22,000
Guatemala	10,884	Spain	220
Haiti	200	Total	38,629
Mexico	20,450,581		
Venezuela	465	<u>Spinach:</u>	
Total	22,402,425	Mexico	36,781
<u>Pigeon peas:</u>			
Dominican Republic	350,082	<u>Squash:</u>	
		British West Indies	504,723
		Dominican Republic	49,250
		Mexico	6,313,950
		Total	6,867,923

Continued -

Table 11.--IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION) by country of origin: Fruits and vegetables under the provisions of the quarantines and restrictive orders administered by the Plant Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service, 1964-65 - Continued

Commodity imported and country of origin	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65	Commodity imported and country of origin	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65
<u>Tamarinds:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>	<u>Waterchestnuts:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>
Mexico	750	Hong Kong	791,231
		Mexico	1,950
<u>Tangerines:</u>		Taiwan	8,655
British West Indies	1,910	Total	801,836
Mexico	11,508,607		
Total	11,510,517	<u>Yams:</u>	
		British West Indies	512,750
<u>Tomatoes:</u>		Dominican Republic	191,938
British West Indies	1,260,430	Haiti	5,270
Chile	6,480	Hong Kong	38,864
Dominican Republic	224,918	Japan	20,965
French West Indies	12,920	Total	769,787
Guatemala	10,797		
Haiti	1,580	<u>Yam bean root:</u>	
Mexico	287,923,283	Mexico	344,327
New Zealand	182		
Venezuela	454,591	<u>Yucca:</u>	
Total	289,895,181	Dominican Republic	417,036
		Guatemala	21,020
<u>Turnips:</u>		Mexico	9,865
Mexico	13,673	Total	447,921

In addition to the regulated imports for consumption recorded in the above table, the Plant Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service supervised the entry, under permit, either for exportation or for transportation and exportation, of fruits and vegetables as follows:

Commodity	1964-65 Unit	Quantity
Asparagus	Pounds :	130,448
Bananas	Bunches:	4,799,007
Beans, string	Pounds :	55,635
Brussels sprouts	" :	46,872
Cabbage	" :	1,112,500
Cippolini	" :	10,200
Corn	" :	3,438,139
Cucumbers	" :	338,753
Dasheens	" :	357
Eggplant	" :	18,094
Garlic	" :	874,944
Grapefruit	" :	718,819
Grapes	" :	32,400
Melons (watermelons) ..	" :	1,491,549
Melons (other)	" :	6,556,652
Onions	" :	1,263,952
Oranges	" :	12,770,135
Peas	" :	280,368
Peppers	" :	1,107,159
Pineapples	Crates :	1,212
Squash	Pounds :	38,086
Strawberries, frozen ..	" :	8,311,248
Tangerines	" :	2,775,069
Tomatoes	" :	15,557,333
Waterchestnuts	" :	1,200

Table 12.--IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION) by port of entry: Fruits and vegetables under the provisions of the quarantines and restrictive orders administered by the Plant Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service, 1964-65

Commodity imported and port of entry	: Year beginning :: : July 1, :: : 1964-65 ::	Commodity imported and port of entry	: Year beginning : July 1, : 1964-65
<u>Apples:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>	<u>Beans:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>
Blaine	325,000	<u>Faba -</u>	
Galveston	320,000	Boston	2,731
Honolulu	698,860	El Paso	190
Houston	218,418	Honolulu	800
Los Angeles	493,360	New York	1,808
New Orleans	96,045	San Diego	136,192
New York	3,528	Total	141,721
San Francisco	103,119		
Virgin Islands	460	<u>Lima -</u>	
Total	2,258,790	New York	269,336
<u>Arrowhead:</u>		<u>Mung -</u>	
Honolulu	9,000	New York	57,369
Los Angeles	8,945		
New York	4,887	<u>String -</u>	
San Francisco	75,750	Calexico	329,426
Total	98,582	Chicago	425
		El Paso	5,617
<u>Asparagus:</u>		Hidalgo	6,526
Calexico	677,790	New York	7,336
Hidalgo	16,409	Nogales	8,408,740
Los Angeles	47,100	San Diego	223,805
Miami	224	San Luis	135
New York	4,199	Total	8,982,010
Nogales	1,102		
San Francisco	27,900	<u>Beets:</u>	
Total	774,724	El Paso	3,634
		Puerto Rico	2,700
<u>Avocados:</u>		San Diego	516
Miami	125	Total	6,850
New York	10,516		
Puerto Rico	24,007	<u>Berries:</u>	
Virgin Islands	19,220	<u>Blackberries, frozen -</u>	
West Palm Beach	19,178	Detroit	33,000
Total	73,046	New York	893
		Total	33,893
<u>Balsam apples:</u>			
Nogales	34,690	<u>Blueberries, frozen -</u>	
		Baltimore	104,081
<u>Bananas:</u>	<u>Bunches</u>	Boston	45,956
Baltimore	4,176,000	New York	2,564,011
Brownsville	635,383	Total	2,714,048
Calexico	31,895		
Charleston	3,108,478	<u>Gooseberries -</u>	
Eagle Pass	411	Blaine	5,265
El Paso	28,564	New York	17,636
Freeport	442,342	San Francisco	74,899
Galveston	1,665,148	Virgin Islands	80
Gulfport	7,214,391	Total	97,880
Hidalgo	226,876		
Jacksonville	871,043	<u>Lingonberries, frozen -</u>	
Laredo	85,568	New York	38,114
Los Angeles	6,805,195		
Miami	494,130	<u>Raspberries, frozen -</u>	
Mobile	1,403,802	New York	180,892
New Orleans	15,333,589		
New York	17,899,555	<u>Strawberries, fresh -</u>	
Nogales	1,879	Calexico	960
Norfolk	1,067	Chicago	793
San Diego	21,560	Hidalgo	5,277,769
San Francisco	1,680,784	Honolulu	3,674
San Luis	265	Laredo	157,352
Seattle	1,173,887	Los Angeles	3,341
Tampa	3,524,109	New York	37,068
Virgin Islands	1,808	San Diego	5,900
Total	66,827,729	Total	5,486,857

Continued -

Table 12.--IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION) by port of entry: Fruits and vegetables under the provisions of the quarantines and restrictive orders administered by the Plant Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service, 1964-65 - Continued

Commodity imported and port of entry	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65	Commodity imported and port of entry	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65
Berries - Continued:	Pounds	Chayotes:	Pounds
Strawberries, frozen -		Callexico	6,144
Brownsville	3,434,224	Eagle Pass	1,355
El Paso	386,824	Laredo	5,331
Hidalgo	800,791	Miami	150
Laredo	43,966,110	New York	9,892
New York	632,556	Roma	1,390
Tampa	59,965	San Diego	50,351
Total	49,280,470	San Luis	60
		Total	74,673
Breadfruit:		Cherimoyas:	
New York	30,421	Virgin Islands	1,920
Virgin Islands	3,380		
Total	33,801	Cherries, fresh:	
		New York	81,442
Brussels sprouts, fresh:		Chestnuts:	
New York	29,700	Boston	11,023
San Diego	1,807,808	Callexico	4,795
Total	1,837,508	New York	14,596,811
Brussels sprouts, frozen:		San Diego	6,700
Boston	7,500	Total	14,619,329
Los Angeles	1,250		
New York	306,422	Cippolini:	
San Diego	15,400	Boston	5,222
Total	330,572	New York	723,107
Cabbage:		Total	728,329
Boston	600,706		
Brownsville	31,750	Citrons:	
Chicago	12,250	New York	14,226
El Paso	36,258		
Hidalgo	37,640	Coriander:	
New York	1,138,670	Brownsville	811
Philadelphia	225,000	Chicago	61,561
Puerto Rico	508,269	El Paso	6,192
San Diego	192	Laredo	640
San Luis	19,900	New York	498
Total	2,610,635	San Diego	132,607
		Total	202,309
Carrots, fresh:		Corn (sweet corn):	
Brownsville	705	Brownsville	478
Laredo	1,792,435	Callexico	273
New York	22,500	El Paso	156
Nogales	5,942	Los Angeles	114,300
Total	1,821,582	New York	2,646
Carrots, frozen:		Nogales	292,581
New York	72,269	San Diego	4,151
San Francisco	40,975	San Francisco	1,882,259
Total	113,244	Total	2,296,844
Cassava:		Cowpeas:	
Callexico	750	Brownsville	109,558
El Paso	3,250	El Paso	104
Miami	1,191,667	Laredo	110
New Orleans	17,210	New York	111,370
New York	2,750,232	Port Everglades	53,069
Port Everglades	64,242	Total	274,211
Puerto Rico	1,575		
San Diego	159,311	Cucumbers:	
San Francisco	2,500	Brownsville	13,622
Virgin Islands	500	Callexico	16,902
Total	4,191,237	El Paso	160,393
Cauliflower, frozen:		Hidalgo	3,943,874
Puerto Rico	1,950	Jacksonville	17,655
		Laredo	2,511,637

Continued -

Table 12.--IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION) by port of entry: Fruits and vegetables under the provisions of the quarantines and restrictive orders administered by the Plant Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service, 1964-65 - Continued

Commodity imported and port of entry	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65	Commodity imported and port of entry	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65
<u>Cucumbers - Continued:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>	<u>Garlic - Continued:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>
Los Angeles	44,621	San Luis	130
Miami	41,290	Total	18,577,725
New York	278,162		
Nogales	32,607,587	<u>Genips:</u>	
Port Everglades	4,680	Miami	1,028
Puerto Rico	59,897	New York	80,895
Roma	600,553	Virgin Islands	170
San Diego	77	Total	82,093
San Luis	4,571		
Virgin Islands	164	<u>Ginger:</u>	
West Palm Beach	30,595,958	Blaine	6,200
Total	70,901,643	Honolulu	66,600
		Los Angeles	89,846
<u>Dasheens:</u>		New York	9,960
Honolulu	13,400	San Francisco	135,274
Los Angeles	20,220	Seattle	3,000
Miami	2,230,131	Total	310,880
New York	1,259,683		
Port Everglades	7,500	<u>Grapefruit:</u>	
Puerto Rico	146,586	Brownsville	242,280
San Diego	4,594	Hidalgo	1,331,426
San Francisco	106,700	Miami	1,932
Virgin Islands	4,000	New York	475,573
Total	3,792,814	Puerto Rico	17,893
		Virgin Islands	3,070
<u>Eggplant:</u>		Total	2,072,174
El Paso	1,345		
Jacksonville	500	<u>Grapes:</u>	
New York	48,085	Brownsville	14,637
Nogales	4,045,996	Eagle Pass	3,249
Puerto Rico	18,949	El Paso	810
Virgin Islands	280	Galveston	101,103
West Palm Beach	850,832	Gulfport	289,244
Total	4,965,987	Hidalgo	79,467
		Houston	505,434
<u>Endives:</u>		Laredo	31,791
Boston	5,055	New Orleans	202,127
Los Angeles	1,451	New York	19,543,629
Miami	1,981	Nogales	1,097,082
New York	1,413,383	San Diego	315
San Francisco	18,665	West Palm Beach	782,155
Total	1,440,535	Total	22,651,043
<u>Garlic:</u>		<u>Gueavas:</u>	
Baltimore	30,000	Virgin Islands	170
Blaine	1,165		
Boston	154,456	<u>Husk tomatoes:</u>	
Brownsville	14,331	Callexico	16,021
Callexico	313,829	Chicago	35,414
Del Rio	556	Eagle Pass	8,876
Eagle Pass	1,716	El Paso	4,148
El Paso	1,137,727	Laredo	20,885
Galveston	39,684	New York	64
Hidalgo	33,183	Nogales	19,036
Honolulu	9,600	Roma	9,883
Houston	134,089	San Diego	210,939
Laredo	5,079,614	Total	325,266
Los Angeles	57,091		
New Orleans	671,037	<u>Kale:</u>	
New York	5,351,465	San Diego	717
Nogales	450,615		
Philadelphia	33,069	<u>Lemons:</u>	
Puerto Rico	4,873,944	Laredo	325
Roma	5,548	New York	36,075
San Diego	146,331	Puerto Rico	6,627
San Francisco	38,545	San Diego	8,042

Continued -

Table 12.--IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION) by port of entry: Fruits and vegetables under the provisions of the quarantines and restrictive orders administered by the Plant Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service, 1964-65 - Continued

Commodity imported and port of entry	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65	Commodity imported and port of entry	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65
<u>Lemons - Continued:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>	<u>Melons - Continued:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>
Virgin Islands	120	<u>Other melons - continued</u>	
Total	51,189	Hidalgo	7,106,310
<u>Lentils:</u>		Jacksonville	153,954
Boston	12,320	Laredo	71,302,844
<u>Lettuce:</u>		Los Angeles	54,723
Brownsville	2,965	Miami	497,306
Eagle Pass	44	New Orleans	838,116
El Paso	314	New York	38,200,455
Hidalgo	1,280	Nogales	70,022,895
Nogales	2,369	Puerto Rico	256,650
Puerto Rico	14,076	Roma	487,167
San Diego	5,739	San Diego	9,330
Virgin Islands	240	West Palm Beach	1,014,892
Total	27,027	Total	196,250,121
<u>Limes:</u>		<u>Mixed fruits:</u>	
Brownsville	218,112	Miami	5,280
Eagle Pass	3,998	Virgin Islands	12,950
El Paso	380,003	Total	18,230
Hidalgo	14,833	<u>Mustard greens:</u>	
Laredo	3,514,182	El Paso	17,622
Los Angeles	65,871	<u>Nectarines:</u>	
Puerto Rico	4,380	Gulfport	5,291
Roma	490	New York	2,692,445
San Diego	34,200	Total	2,697,736
Virgin Islands	11,460	<u>Nopales:</u>	
Total	4,247,529	Brownsville	3,766
<u>Mangoes:</u>		Eagle Pass	650
Hidalgo	303,492	Laredo	3,744
Laredo	449,322	Roma	4,520
New York	223,207	San Diego	210
Puerto Rico	700	Total	12,890
Virgin Islands	74,028	<u>Okra:</u>	
Total	1,050,749	Brownsville	163,108
<u>Melons:</u>		Miami	269,612
<u>Watermelons -</u>		New Orleans	80,600
Brownsville	723,475	Total	513,320
Calxico	6,450,852	<u>Onions:</u>	
Del Rio	3,856	Blaine	35,348
Eagle Pass	4,201	Boston	167,348
El Paso	2,205,126	Brownsville	25,227
Hidalgo	5,064,549	Calxico	500
Jacksonville	5,400	Chicago	2,866
Laredo	8,770,634	Del Rio	278
Los Angeles	191,066	Eagle Pass	453,653
Miami	1,808	El Paso	682,855
Nogales	35,772,712	Hidalgo	15,603,392
Philadelphia	2,138	Honolulu	424,050
Puerto Rico	450	Laredo	16,834,678
Roma	6,159,155	Los Angeles	1,760
San Diego	217,690	New York	5,979,339
San Luis	67,920	Nogales	3,361,407
Total	65,641,032	Portland	161,800
<u>Other melons -</u>		Roma	747,913
Brownsville	199,329	San Diego	38,632
Calxico	877,112	Seattle	840
Chicago	218	Total	44,521,886
Del Rio	175	<u>Oranges, fresh:</u>	
Eagle Pass	1,106	Brownsville	17,340,342
El Paso	5,155,052	El Paso	168,689
Gulfport	72,487		

Continued -

Table 12.--IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION) by port of entry: Fruits and vegetables under the provisions of the quarantines and restrictive orders administered by the Plant Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service, 1964-65 - Continued

Commodity imported and port of entry	: Year beginning : July 1, : 1964-65	:	Commodity imported and port of entry	: Year beginning : July 1, : 1964-65
<u>Oranges, fresh - Continued:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>	:	<u>Peas, frozen - Continued:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>
Hidalgo	74,198,153	:	Honolulu	2,232
Laredo	850,736	:	Los Angeles	122,065
Miami	553,983	:	New York	132
New York	611,821	:	San Diego	14,264
Puerto Rico	8,831	:	San Francisco	141,782
Seattle	7,381	:	Seattle	26,255
Vancouver	14,500	:	Total	317,235
Virgin Islands	5,203	:		
Total	93,759,639	:	<u>Pears:</u>	
<u>Oranges, mandarin, frozen:</u>		:	El Paso	254
Blaine	967,000	:	Houston	303,804
New York	50,530	:	New Orleans	79,442
Puerto Rico	4,716	:	New York	4,730,874
Seattle	19,825	:	Puerto Rico	600
Total	1,042,071	:	San Diego	300
		:	Total	5,115,274
<u>Papayas, fresh:</u>		:	<u>Peppers:</u>	
Brownsville	57,927	:	Brownsville	101,559
Calexico	1,397	:	Calexico	627,949
Eagle Pass	1,100	:	Chicago	62,548
Hidalgo	5,269	:	Del Rio	5,435
Laredo	33,674	:	Eagle Pass	75,505
Los Angeles	55,102	:	El Paso	1,905,935
Miami	214,655	:	Hidalgo	126,386
New Orleans	1,400	:	Laredo	2,674,406
New York	4,437	:	Los Angeles	124
Nogales	20,756	:	Miami	26,232
Port Everglades	77,195	:	New York	180,412
Roma	375	:	Nogales	13,620,040
San Diego	12,949	:	Puerto Rico	1,054,168
San Francisco	110,118	:	Roma	435,938
San Luis	50	:	San Diego	794,685
Tampa	2,765	:	San Luis	20,071
West Palm Beach	229,851	:	Virgin Islands	840
Total	829,020	:	West Palm Beach	690,192
		:	Total	22,402,425
<u>Papayas, frozen:</u>		:	<u>Pigeon peas:</u>	
New York	16,402	:	New York	158,850
		:	Puerto Rico	257,104
<u>Parsley:</u>		:	Total	415,954
Chicago	1,143	:		
El Paso	4,074	:	<u>Pineapples, fresh:</u>	<u>Crates</u>
New York	3,918	:	Baltimore	23,554
San Diego	12,208	:	Brownsville	334,910
Total	21,343	:	Eagle Pass	307
<u>Peaches:</u>		:	El Paso	9,860
New Orleans	74,587	:	Hidalgo	190,878
New York	488,734	:	Jacksonville	533
Total	563,321	:	Laredo	141,173
		:	Los Angeles	2,205
<u>Peas, fresh:</u>		:	Miami	440,641
Baltimore	11,025	:	New Orleans	1,954
Brownsville	10,095	:	New York	7,256
Calexico	70,357	:	Puerto Rico	30
Laredo	324	:	San Diego	1,573
New York	338,051	:	Tampa	746
Nogales	4,832,109	:	Virgin Islands	400
Port Everglades	4,762	:	West Palm Beach	16,453
Puerto Rico	1,581	:	Total	1,172,473
San Diego	49,324	:		
Total	5,317,628	:	<u>Plantains:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>
		:	Calexico	1,330
<u>Peas, frozen:</u>		:	Charleston	45,210
Baltimore	10,505	:	El Paso	13,787

Continued -

Table 12.--IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION) by port of entry: Fruits and vegetables under the provisions of the quarantines and restrictive orders administered by the Plant Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service, 1964-65 - Continued

Commodity imported and port of entry	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65	Commodity imported and port of entry	Year beginning July 1, 1964-65
Plantains - Continued:	Pounds	Squash - Continued:	Pounds
Freeport	46,860	Hidalgo	91,162
Laredo	68,829	Laredo	17,766
Los Angeles	1,742,680	Nogales	5,225,793
Miami	19,265,824	Puerto Rico	49,250
Mobile	4,965	Roma	63,433
New Orleans	1,206,233	San Diego	22,873
New York	21,606,435	San Luis	1,664
Philadelphia	86,748	West Palm Beach	504,723
Port Everglades	176,042	Total	6,867,923
San Diego	1,459,335		
Tampa	2,398,181	Tamarinds:	
Virgin Islands	2,670	Calxico	550
Total	48,125,129	Chicago	200
		Total	750
Plums:		Tangerines:	
Gulfport	12,346	Boston	81,200
Hidalgo	104,509	Brownsville	594,016
Houston	24,912	Hidalgo	10,833,391
Laredo	36,513	New York	1,190
Miami	580	Virgin Islands	720
New Orleans	125,268	Total	11,510,517
New York	2,428,003		
Total	2,732,131	Tomatoes:	
		Blaine	6,040
Pumpkins:		Brownsville	2,096,440
Brownsville	186,256	Calxico	4,216,261
Eagle Pass	150	Chicago	3,739
Hidalgo	79,974	Del Rio	1,638
Laredo	117,229	Eagle Pass	30,444
Miami	57,847	El Paso	556,622
New York	443,556	Hidalgo	4,889,602
Nogales	491	Laredo	4,193,906
Puerto Rico	10,830	Miami	8,900
Roma	95,487	New Orleans	10,797
Tampa	416	New York	488,548
Virgin Islands	2,565	Nogales	269,211,772
Total	994,801	Puerto Rico	233,834
		Roma	548,454
Purslane:		San Diego	2,131,217
El Paso	5,831	San Luis	28,097
San Diego	7,981	Virgin Islands	4,600
Total	13,812	West Palm Beach	1,234,270
		Total	289,895,181
Radishes:		Turnips:	
El Paso	119,418	El Paso	13,673
San Diego	3,340		
Total	122,758	Waterchestnuts:	
		Boston	4,000
Shallots:		Honolulu	37,900
Eagle Pass	300	Los Angeles	258,286
Los Angeles	1,000	New York	181,575
Miami	1,240	Portland	14,250
New York	35,836	San Diego	1,950
Philadelphia	253	San Francisco	293,195
Total	38,629	Seattle	10,680
		Total	801,836
Spinach:		Yams:	
El Paso	36,737	Honolulu	18,020
San Diego	44	Los Angeles	7,835
Total	36,781	Miami	7,605
		New York	395,639
Squash:		Puerto Rico	175,464
Brownsville	498,998	San Francisco	33,654
Calxico	230,086		
Eagle Pass	5,856		
El Paso	156,319		

Continued -

Table 12.--IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION) by port of entry: Fruits and vegetables under the provisions of the quarantines and restrictive orders administered by the Plant Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service, 1964-65 - Continued

Commodity imported and port of entry	: Year beginning : July 1, : 1964-65	:	Commodity imported and port of entry	: Year beginning : July 1, : 1964-65
<u>Yams - Continued:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>	:	<u>Yam bean root - Continued:</u>	<u>Pounds</u>
Seattle	320	:	Roma	9,638
Virgin Islands	131,250	:	San Diego	255,493
Total	769,787	:	San Luis	358
<u>Yam bean root:</u>		:	Total	344,327
Brownsville	843	:		
Calexico	20,201	:	<u>Yucca:</u>	
Chicago	3,855	:	New Orleans	21,020
Eagle Pass	7,236	:	New York	414,936
El Paso	610	:	Puerto Rico	2,100
Laredo	14,227	:	San Diego	9,865
Nogales	31,866	:	Total	447,921

NOTE

The following table shows commodity revisions of fruits and vegetables under quarantine for fiscal year 1963-64 (published in the May 1965 issue of Foreign Agricultural Trade of the United States). These quantities should be added to the 1963-64 data as originally published:

Commodity imported	: Country of origin	: Unit	: Quantity
Bananas	Dominican Republic	Bunches	3,182
Bananas	Ecuador	"	3,980,191
Brussels sprouts, frozen	Netherlands	Pounds	7,500
Chayotes	Mexico	"	325
Endives	Belgium	"	5,055
Garlic	Mexico	"	1,656
Grapes	Argentina	"	504,861
Husk tomatoes	Mexico	"	2,050
Limes	Mexico	"	678
Pears	Argentina	"	292,781
Peppers	Mexico	"	11,259
Plums	Argentina	"	17,637
Onions	Mexico	"	852
Squash	Mexico	"	1,883
Tomatoes	Mexico	"	9,987
Watermelons	Mexico	"	736

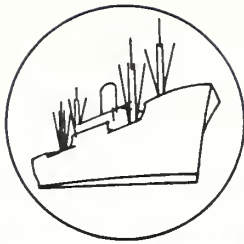
peaches, pears, and plums. Grapefruit, limes, mangoes, melons, oranges, and tangerines entered the United States mainly through the Mexican border points at Hidalgo, Laredo, El Paso, Nogales, and Calexico.

Vegetables.--U.S. vegetable imports in 1964-65 consisted mainly of asparagus, string beans, brussels sprouts, cabbage, carrots, sweet corn, cucumbers, eggplant, garlic, onions (including cippolini and shallots), peas, peppers, pumpkins, squash, and tomatoes. Quantities of edible rootstocks (arrowhead, cassava, dasheens, and yam bean root) were also reported.

Mexico was the major supplier of asparagus, brussels sprouts, string beans, carrots, cucumbers, eggplant, garlic, onions, peas, peppers, pumpkins, squash, tomatoes, and yam bean root. The Netherlands shipped most of the cabbage. Most of the corn came from Peru. Edible rootstocks, such as arrowhead, cassava, and dasheens came principally from Hong Kong and the Dominican Republic.

The Mexican border points of Calexico, Nogales, El Paso, Laredo, and Hidalgo were the major ports of entry in 1964-65 for the bulk of U.S. fresh vegetable imports. Cucumbers mainly entered through West Palm Beach, while cassava mainly entered through New York.

Nuts.--Chestnut and waterchestnut imports in 1964-65 entered mainly through New York and San Francisco, and shipments originated mostly from Italy and Hong Kong.



Export Highlights

JULY-APRIL 1965-66

U.S. agricultural exports during July-April 1965-66 were estimated at \$5,570 million -- up 11 percent from the \$5,033 million for the same period in 1964-65 (table 13). April exports were estimated at \$543 million. Substantial increases occurred in exports of feed grains, hides and skins, milled rice, protein meal, and soybeans. Other increases occurred in fruits and preparations, poultry products, wheat and flour, vegetables and preparations, meats and meat products, and tobacco. Cotton exports continued to decline and during July-April 1965-66 were valued at 32 percent below the corresponding months a year ago. In addition, exports of cottonseed and soybean oil, dairy products, fats, oils, and greases were down. Overall, increases in agricultural exports more than offset the declines and resulted in a total increase for the July-April 1965-66 period.

April 1966 exports are estimated to be about 2 percent below April 1965. The value of grains and preparations, including feed grains, milled rice, and wheat and flour were up about 14 percent, while animals and products were down 11 percent. Declines occurred in exports of cotton, oilseeds, and oilseed products. April 1966 exports were 13 percent below those in March 1966, primarily because of reduced shipments of cotton, grains and preparations, oilseeds and products, and tobacco. Based on export values through April, exports will reach \$6.7 billion for this fiscal year ending June 30, 1966.

Grains and preparations continued to be the leading agricultural commodities exported and accounted for 43 percent of the total, compared with 39 percent during July-April 1964-65. The share attributed to animals and animal products declined from 13 to 12 percent from the earlier year.

In addition to increases in feed grains, exports of wheat and flour increased 10 percent, to \$1,132 million in July-April 1965-66 from \$1,028 million in the same period of 1964-65. Japan continued to be the leading cash buyer of U.S. wheat, with the United Kingdom also making large purchases. Increased purchases were imported by EEC countries, notably West Germany and the Netherlands. West Germany increased purchases of wheat to supplement its reduced 1965 crop which was also of lower quality. The increased exports to the Netherlands probably resulted from rising transshipments -- some of which terminated in eastern European countries. Other principal foreign outlets for U.S. exports of wheat included India, Pakistan, Brazil, Yugoslavia, Korea, and the Philippine Republic. India, largest outlet for wheat sold under Government programs, received 172.7 million bushels during July-February 1965-66.

Table 13.--U.S. agricultural exports: Value by commodity, July-April
1964-65 and 1965-66

Commodity	1964-65	1965-66 1/	Change
	-- Million dollars --		Percent
Animals and animal products:			
Dairy products 2/.....	179	153	-15
Fats, oils, and greases.....	198	168	-15
Hides and skins.....	78	113	+45
Meats and meat products.....	93	100	+8
Poultry products.....	57	64	+12
Other.....	59	61	+3
Total animals, etc. 2/.....	664	659	+1
Cotton, excluding linters.....	502	343	-32
Fruits and preparations.....	237	276	+16
Grains and preparations:			
Feed grains, excluding products...	743	1,102	+48
Rice, milled.....	156	191	+22
Wheat and flour.....	1,028	1,132	+10
Other.....	52	73	+40
Total grains, etc.....	1,979	2,498	+26
Oilseeds and products:			
Cottonseed and soybean oils 3/.....	213	162	-24
Soybeans.....	496	590	+19
Protein meal.....	152	184	+21
Other.....	72	66	-8
Total oilseeds, etc. 3/.....	933	1,002	+7
Tobacco, unmanufactured.....	338	359	+6
Vegetables and preparations.....	124	135	+9
Other.....	256	298	+16
Total exports.....	5,033	5,570	+11

1/ Partly estimated.

2/ Prior to January 1, 1965, excludes Title III, P.L. 480 donations of butter and ghee, which are included in "Other" agricultural exports.

3/ Prior to January 1, 1965, excludes Title III, P.L. 480 donations, which are included in "Other" agricultural exports.

EXPORTS TO THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY, JULY-MARCH 1965-66

Total U.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community (EEC) totaled \$1,251 million for July-March 1965-66, up \$211 million -- or 20 percent -- from the same 3 quarters of the preceding year, and up \$230 million from those 2 years earlier. March 1966 exports were down 12 percent from a year earlier but up 31 percent from March 1964. March 1965 exports were abnormally high due to accumulations of merchandise stockpiled from the January-February dock strike.

Exports of agricultural commodities subject to the EEC's variable levies increased substantially in July-March 1965-66 accounting for 46 percent of the total compared with 38 percent in both July-March 1964-65 and 1963-64. Feed grains continued to be the predominant commodity in the 1965-66 period, and amounted to \$415 million, or 72 percent of the variable levy commodities. Exports of wheat increased from those in that period a year earlier, and were above those 2 years earlier.

Exports of poultry and eggs during July-March 1965-66 were up 13 percent from the preceding year period but down 6 percent from the 1963-64 level. Although live poultry, broilers and fryers, stewing chickens, and other fresh poultry declined in total, exports of turkeys increased sufficiently to more than offset this decline. Exports of poultry meat, other than turkey, dropped to \$7.0 million from \$10.1 million in July-March 1964-65, while turkey exports increased to \$15.4 million from \$10.4 million.

Exports of agricultural commodities subject to variable levies increased due to larger exports of feed grains and wheat. Excluding these commodities, July-March exports of variable levy products declined \$19 million, or 19 percent from a year earlier to \$80 million. Larger quantities of wheat were exported to EEC countries due to short crops in those countries. West Germany and Belgium had poor harvests and poor quality wheat. Increased exports to the Netherlands resulted from increased transshipments from that country. Continued increases in livestock production in the EEC countries without corresponding increases in feed grain production has increased EEC requirements for imported grains.

March 1966 exports were valued at 12 percent below March 1965. However, the value of exports subject to variable levies were up by 3 percent. Increases in exports of wheat, rice, and rye more than offset declines in exports of feed grains, animal products, and poultry. The total decline amounted to \$7 million, while increased exports of wheat, rice, and rye amounted to \$8.9 million.

Agricultural commodities not subject to variable levies of the EEC amounted to \$679 million during July-March 1965-66, up 6 percent from the year-earlier months. The increase occurred principally in soybeans, which were valued at \$204 million compared with \$153 million in the corresponding months of 1964-65. Noticeable increases in exports of other commodities not subject to variable levies occurred for fruits and vegetables, hides and skins, oilcake and meal, unmanufactured tobacco, variety meats, and tallow. In March 1966, however,

Table 14.--U.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community: Value by commodity, March and July-March 1963-66 ^{1/}

Commodity	March			July-March		
	1964	1965	1966	1963-64	1964-65	1965-66
-- Thousand dollars --						
<u>Variable levy commodities:</u> ^{2/}						
Feed grains	20,945	49,772	46,594	209,239	277,076	414,527
Rice	1,981	1,364	1,651	9,352	6,583	9,836
Rye grain	207	49	130	5,430	1,336	1,128
Wheat grain	5,568	4,004	12,499	75,127	21,987	78,342
Wheat flour	91	185	154	2,639	1,191	879
Beef and veal (excluding variety meats) and cattle	85	313	131	294	1,540	1,642
Dairy products	2,993	2,044	28	26,967	42,822	18,126
Lard ^{3/}	459	87	81	2,297	917	1,161
Pork (excluding variety meats) and swine	1,768	89	22	8,989	332	152
Poultry and eggs:						
Live poultry	82	45	70	709	604	1,033
Broilers and fryers	1,242	633	628	9,409	5,466	5,469
Stewing chickens	784	743	58	5,975	3,819	1,113
Turkeys	511	1,139	487	8,464	10,396	15,412
Other fresh poultry	25	197	23	292	788	437
Eggs	147	221	177	1,783	1,124	1,669
Total poultry and eggs	2,791	2,978	1,443	26,632	22,197	25,133
Other	1,414	2,260	2,298	18,561	21,926	21,553
Total	38,302	63,145	65,031	385,527	397,907	572,479
<u>Non-variable levy commodities:</u>						
Canned poultry ^{4/}	308	554	354	2,034	2,718	2,299
Cotton, excluding linters	20,015	13,904	5,016	162,563	111,235	43,873
Fruits and vegetables ..	5,659	6,584	5,727	70,637	67,329	79,432
Hides and skins	2,267	3,431	4,905	15,440	18,217	26,004
Oilcake and meal	2,122	16,074	10,766	40,185	78,751	99,248
Soybeans	16,983	29,328	25,693	143,061	152,511	203,879
Tallow ^{4/}	4,333	4,094	4,206	23,953	26,419	27,244
Tobacco, unmanufactured	6,516	11,507	11,952	76,524	71,961	89,157
Variety meats, fresh, frozen ^{4/}	2,721	5,216	3,275	18,689	23,784	26,749
Vegetable oils, expressed	5,362	4,006	1,601	20,908	28,818	14,008
Food for relief or charity	495	174	512	7,177	3,058	3,448
Other	5,080	5,947	5/ 5,134	54,330	56,945	5/ 63,301
Total	71,861	100,819	5/ 79,141	635,501	641,746	5/ 678,642
Total EEC	110,163	163,964	5/ 144,172	1,021,028	1,039,653	5/ 1,251,121

^{1/} Compiled from U.S. Bureau of the Census data. ^{2/} Grains, poultry, and pork were subject to variable levies beginning on July 30, 1962; rice, on September 1, 1964; and beef and dairy products, on November 1, 1964. The variable levy classification is designed to show overall changes in exports rather than to measure the impact of the variable levies. ^{3/} Lard for food is a variable levy commodity while lard for industrial use is bound in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) at 3 percent ad valorem. U.S. lard is for food use. ^{4/} Although canned poultry, tallow, and variety meats are subject to variable levies, the import duties are bound in GATT.

^{5/} Preliminary.

these exports not subject to variable levies were below those of March 1965. March 1966 exports of hides and skins, tallow, and tobacco were up slightly, while the remaining commodities declined, compared with shipments in March 1965. Work stoppage at U.S. ports in January and February 1965 probably caused larger-than-normal exports during March 1965.

Of total U.S. exports to the EEC, the Netherlands accounted for the largest share -- about one-third for the July-March 1965-66 period. U.S. exports to the Netherlands were \$403 million, an increase of 26 percent over the same 3 quarters a year earlier (table 15). Most of this increase occurred in exports of agricultural products subject to the EEC's variable levies -- principally feed grains and wheat. Soybeans accounted for the largest share of products not subject to variable levies.

West Germany received 29 percent of the U.S. agricultural exports to the EEC. Most of these were products not subject to variable levies. These shipments accounted for two-thirds of West Germany's purchases from the United States. Soybeans were the largest single item of the non-variable-levy commodities, followed by tobacco, and fruits and vegetables. Feed grains -- subject to variable levies -- had the largest export value, and amounted to \$78.4 million for July-March 1965-66.

Belgium, Luxembourg, France, and Italy accounted for the remaining 38 percent, with Italy receiving the largest share. Feed grains accounted for the largest share of exports to Italy, Belgium, and Luxembourg. France received 29 percent of the oilcake and meal exported from the United States to the EEC countries.

Table 15.-U.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community: Value by commodity, July-March 1963-64, 1964-65, and 1965-66 1/

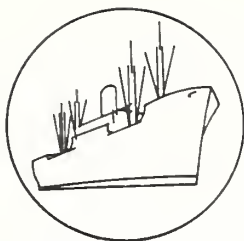
Commodity exported	Netherlands		Belgium and Luxembourg		France	
	July-March		July-March		July-March	
	1963-64	1964-65	1963-64	1964-65	1963-64	1964-65
-- 1,000 dollars --						
Variable levy commodities: 2/						
Feed grains.....	89,430	101,353	138,971	40,015	43,422	72,033
Rice.....	3,897	1,049	2,058	1,198	927	1,080
Rye grain.....	4,078	49	487	185	---	75
Wheat grain.....	24,579	10,439	32,081	7,334	835	8,896
Wheat flour.....	1,583	1,138	799	39	22	18
Beef and veal (excluding variety meats) and cattle.....	37	158	277	9	5	78
Dairy products.....	8,198	15,717	16,292	5,184	7,641	274
Lard 3/.....	74	40	18	311	50	32
Pork (excluding variety meats) and swine.....	3,642	63	70	511	144	32
Poultry and eggs:						
Live poultry.....	102	31	83	174	129	131
Broilers and fryers.....	2,580	932	1,309	2	1	4
Stewing chickens.....	623	677	347	10	3	11
Turkeys.....	1,003	1,365	2,662	54	120	151
Other fresh poultry.....	34	145	186	2	4	3
Eggs.....	25	51	146	251	283	238
Total poultry and eggs.....	4,367	3,201	4,733	493	540	538
Other.....	12,555	14,691	15,051	532	809	697
Total.....	152,440	147,898	210,837	55,811	54,395	83,753
Non-variable levy commodities:						
Canned poultry 4/.....	51	75	159	6	1	4
Cotton, excluding linters.....	15,045	9,742	4,949	15,502	11,819	5,187
Fruits and vegetables.....	16,927	14,205	18,007	11,579	10,139	11,129
Hides and skins.....	5,948	7,002	12,608	148	221	659
Oilcake and meal.....	8,773	19,947	19,050	4,977	12,035	10,131
Soybeans.....	45,999	58,864	72,530	11,203	14,798	19,799
Tallow 4/.....	8,076	9,441	12,903	1,501	1,800	606
Tobacco, unmanufactured.....	16,510	13,187	19,837	8,685	7,078	9,118
Variety meats, fresh, frozen 4/.....	5,804	7,388	9,123	495	1,021	1,038
Vegetable oils, expressed.....	11,292	9,662	5,111	778	812	125
Food for relief or charity.....	139	121	184	1	---	44
Other.....	19,143	21,738	5/18,164	5,481	5,282	5/6,583
Total.....	153,707	171,372	5/192,625	60,356	65,006	5/64,423
Total.....	306,147	319,270	5/403,462	116,167	119,401	5/148,176
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Table 15.--U.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community: Value by commodity, July-March 1963-64, 1964-65, and 1965-66 ^{1/}

Commodity exported	West Germany		Italy		Total EEC	
	1963-64	1964-65	1963-64	1964-65	1963-64	1964-65
	July-March	July-March	July-March	July-March	July-March	July-March
Variable levy commodities: ^{2/}						
-- 1,000 dollars --						
Feed grains.....	31,398	49,709	78,442	47,482	121,035	209,239
Rice.....	3,622	3,978	5,071	1	3	9,352
Rye grain.....	1,167	1,287	566	---	---	5,430
Wheat grain.....	18,554	2,463	17,619	8,276	5,826	75,127
Wheat flour.....	20	13	26	985	14	2,639
Beef and veal (excluding variety meats) and cattle....	1	68	110	---	284	294
Dairy products.....	3,352	2,463	788	10,195	711	26,967
Lard ^{3/}	1,901	826	1,111	4	---	2,297
Pork (excluding variety meats) and swine.....	294	37	25	102	4	8,989
Poultry and eggs:						
Live poultry.....	49	33	30	362	716	709
Broilers and fryers.....	6,798	4,389	4,086	5	42	9,409
Stewing chickens.....	5,322	3,127	744	---	2/	5,975
Turkeys.....	6,820	8,024	11,729	572	853	8,464
Other fresh poultry.....	229	620	219	23	29	292
Eggs.....	1,078	455	558	428	727	1,783
Total poultry and eggs.....	20,296	16,648	17,366	1,390	2,367	26,632
Other.....	2,375	1,946	989	1,923	3,169	18,561
Total.....	82,980	79,438	122,113	70,743	133,407	385,527
Non-variable levy commodities:						
Canned poultry ^{4/}	1,952	2,635	2,135	25	---	2,034
Cotton, excluding linters.....	48,227	29,354	10,645	42,544	10,233	162,563
Fruits and vegetables.....	26,136	30,809	33,781	5,005	4,176	70,637
Hides and skins.....	4,554	7,825	8,388	3,670	3,001	15,440
Oilcake and meal.....	4,850	18,190	29,951	8,304	10,912	40,185
Soybeans.....	54,126	48,578	69,328	24,658	38,297	143,061
Tallow ^{4/}	4,272	4,076	4,422	9,420	7,917	23,953
Tobacco, unmanufactured.....	48,630	43,982	54,445	643	2,405	76,524
Variety meats, fresh, frozen ^{4/}	5,693	5,496	3,874	337	26	18,689
Vegetable oils, expressed.....	7,847	17,374	7,790	889	208	20,908
Food for relief or charity.....	129	108	41	6,894	3,168	7,177
Other.....	17,998	18,436	5/22,061	4,942	5/6,869	54,330
Total.....	224,414	226,863	5/246,861	107,331	5/87,212	635,501
Total.....	307,394	306,301	5/368,974	178,074	5/220,619	1,021,028

1/ Compiled from U.S. Bureau of the Census data. ^{2/} Grains, poultry, and pork were subject to variable levies beginning on July 30, 1962; rice on September 1, 1964; and beef and dairy products on November 1, 1964. The variable levy classification is designed to show overall changes in exports rather than to measure the impact of the variable levies. ^{3/} Lard for food is a variable levy commodity while lard for industrial use is bound in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) at 3 percent ad valorem. U.S. lard is for food use. ^{4/} Although canned poultry, tallow, and variety meats are subject to variable levies, the import duties are bound in GATT. ^{5/} Preliminary.



Government Program Export Highlights

JULY-DECEMBER 1965

U.S. agricultural exports totaled a record \$3,378.9 million in July-December 1965, up \$132 million from the comparable period of 1964. All of the gain was in commercial exports for dollars, which advanced \$320.1 million to \$2,694.5 million from the year-earlier total. Exports under Government-financed programs fell \$188.1 million to \$684.4 million from the 1964 period. Dollar exports of feed grains rose the most, \$185.4 million. Commercial exports of wheat and flour gained nearly \$100 million and dollar shipments of soybeans, rice, and fruits also increased substantially. Three-fifths of the decline of nearly \$100 million was in dollar sales of cotton. Exports of dairy products fell \$20.1 million with the decreases nearly equally divided between exports under Government-financed programs and exports for dollars. The reduction in commercial exports of tobacco was partially offset by an increase in exports under Government programs. Exports of animals and products declined slightly partly due to price increases in some products which to some extent offset volume declines. Shipments of vegetables and preparations rose slightly (table 16).

Commercial Sales for Dollars

The sharp increase, \$99.3 million, in dollar exports of wheat and flour was more than offset by a decline of \$155.5 million in exports under Government-financed programs. Substantial reductions in Title I shipments were mainly responsible for the decrease in program shipments. A rise in exports to the EEC, the United Kingdom, and Japan accounted for most of the gain in dollar exports of wheat from a year earlier. Exports to Japan, the leading dollar market, totaled \$52 million and represented nearly one-fourth of all dollar exports of wheat during the period.

Commercial exports of U.S. feed grains for dollars rose \$185.4 million from a year earlier and made up nearly three-fifths of the total increase in dollar sales during the period. Demand continued strong for U.S. feed grains to meet the feeding requirements for the expanding livestock industries of Western Europe and Japan. An additional factor was the substantial reduction in coarse grain and root crop production in Western Europe.

Feed grain exports to Japan totaled \$127 million, up \$50 million from a year earlier. Shipments to the Netherlands rose \$24 million to \$96 million; exports

Table 16.--Exports under specified Government-financed programs, commercial sales for dollars, and total agricultural exports: Value by commodity July-December 1965 compared with July-December 1964

Commodity	Exports under Government-financed programs			Commercial sales for dollars ^{1/}			Total agricultural exports		
	1964	1965	Change	1964	1965	Change	1964	1965	Change
	Million dollars			Million dollars			Million dollars		
Wheat and wheat flour	558.7	403.2	-155.5	140.5	239.8	+99.3	699.2	643.0	-56.2
Feed grains, excluding products	20.6	29.2	+8.6	431.9	617.3	+185.4	452.5	2/646.5	+194.0
Rice, milled	23.0	31.4	+8.4	47.6	80.0	+32.4	70.6	111.4	+40.8
Cotton	87.6	49.0	-38.6	229.2	170.0	-59.2	316.8	219.0	-97.8
Tobacco, unmanufactured	23.2	51.9	+28.7	238.6	197.3	-41.3	261.8	249.2	-12.6
Oilseeds and products	73.3	60.0	-13.3	518.9	573.2	+54.3	3/592.2	633.2	+41.0
Dairy products	43.8	33.3	-10.5	72.3	62.7	-9.6	4/116.1	96.0	-20.1
Animals and products, except dairy	18.5	9.5	-9.0	287.1	294.9	+7.8	305.6	304.4	-1.2
Fruits and preparations	---	0.3	+0.3	158.5	182.0	+23.5	158.5	182.3	+23.8
Vegetables and preparations	3.9	1.2	-2.7	74.0	78.2	+4.2	77.9	79.4	+1.5
Other	19.9	15.4	-4.5	175.8	199.1	+23.3	195.7	214.5	+18.8
Total agricultural exports	872.5	684.4	-188.1	2,374.4	2,694.5	+320.1	3,246.9	3,378.9	+132.0

^{1/} Exports outside Government-financed programs. ^{2/} Total exports of feed grains, excluding products, include the estimated value of donations of grain sorghums under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census for July-December 1965, \$0.1 million. ^{3/} Total exports of oilseeds and products include the estimated value of donations of vegetable oils under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census for July-December 1964, \$7.8 million. ^{4/} Total exports of dairy products include the estimated value of donations of butter and butteroil under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census for July-December 1964, \$9.8 million.

to Italy increased \$39 million to \$85 million. Substantial increases were noted in exports of feed grains to Spain, Belgium-Luxembourg, West Germany, the United Kingdom, and Israel.

U.S. dollar exports of milled rice totaled \$80.0 million in July-December 1965, up \$32.4 million from the same period of the previous year. Program exports rose \$8.4 million. A strong demand existed for U.S. rice associated with smaller supplies in major producing countries. Japan was the leading dollar market for U.S. rice during the period and Viet-Nam was the principal destination for program exports, which were mostly sales for foreign currency under Title I.

Commercial exports of cotton from the United States declined \$59.2 million to \$170.0 million from the year-earlier total. Program exports were \$38.6 million less than the 1964 period. Exports to most countries were smaller. Shipments to the EEC totaled \$29 million, one-third of the 1964 total. Exports to Japan, amounting to \$48.0 million were only slightly below those of a year earlier. They made up over one-fifth of total U.S. cotton exports. Record Free World cotton production, increased production of man-made fibers, and the working down of stocks in major importing countries because of uncertainty over world price trends are factors responsible for the decline.

U.S. commercial exports of unmanufactured tobacco fell \$41.3 million to \$197.3 million in the last 6 months of 1965 compared with the same period a year earlier. The decline in dollar exports was partially offset by a gain of \$28.7 million in exports under Government programs. Exports to the United Kingdom, the principal dollar market, declined \$22.0 million to \$71.0 million from the previous year. Smaller reductions took place in exports to West Germany, Switzerland, France, and Italy. Exports to Japan rose over one-third to \$35 million. Increases were also noted in shipments to the Netherlands, Australia, Belgium-Luxembourg, Ireland, and Denmark.

An increase of over \$50.0 million in shipments of soybeans, all for dollars, and a smaller gain in exports of oilcake and meal largely accounted for the increase of \$54.3 million in commercial exports of oilseeds and products in July-December 1965 compared with a year earlier. The reduction of \$13.3 million in program shipments took place in vegetable oils, principally in cottonseed oil.

Demand continues strong for soybeans for oil and meal. Western Europe's need for edible vegetable oils was up substantially because of below average olive oil crops in several major producing countries of the Mediterranean Basin. In addition, demand for protein meal in Western Europe continued to grow as the result of the expanding livestock industry.

Exports of soybeans to Japan, the leading dollar market, increased \$17.0 million to \$88.0 million from a year earlier and made up nearly one-fourth of total soybean exports valued at \$373 million. Exports to the EEC advanced \$26.0 million to \$134.0 million, over one-third of total soybean exports. Shipments

to Canada, including an undetermined amount of transshipments through ports on the St. Lawrence Seaway, fell 14 percent from the previous year to \$59.0 million. Shipments to Spain advanced \$10.0 million to \$16.0 million. Exports to Denmark and the United Kingdom were higher than in the 1964 period.

U.S. exports of dairy products fell 17 percent to \$96.0 million in July-December 1965 from \$116.1 million in the comparable period of 1964. The decline was distributed nearly equally between dollar exports and shipments under Government programs. The decrease in commercial exports mainly reflected a sharp reduction in exports of butter to Western Europe. There was a strong demand for U.S. butter in this area in 1964 because of a temporary shortage. In 1965, import requirements for butter in Western Europe were reduced substantially because of increased production. Smaller shipments of anhydrous milkfat largely accounted for the decline in program exports. Exports of nonfat dry milk fell over 80 million pounds with most of the decline in exports for dollars. Price increases offset the volume decline and resulted in a value increase of \$15.0 million in exports of nonfat dry milk.

U.S. exports of animals and products, 97 percent of which were commercial sales for dollars, declined less than 1 percent in July-December 1965 from the year-earlier total. The small value decline obscured more substantial reductions in the volume of shipments of some commodities for which prices have advanced because of reduced supplies.

U.S. exports of animal fats fell 23 percent in volume to 1,132 million pounds from 1,476 million pounds, but only 15 percent in value, to \$104.4 million from \$123.1 million a year earlier, reflecting for the most part a decline in exports of lard. Lower U.S. pork production and higher U.S. prices, as well as larger supplies in Europe, discouraged U.S. lard exports. Exports of meats and meat products decreased 16 percent in volume to 178 million pounds from 212 million a year earlier. Shipments of beef and veal, and pork fell to about three-fifths of the quantity shipped in July-December 1964. Variety meat shipments declined 5 percent. Price increases offset the reductions in volume for some products and resulted in a small increase in the total value of exports of meats and meat products.

Exports of hides and skins rose 11 percent in number, but increased 18 percent in value to \$58.0 million in July-December 1965 from \$49.0 million in July-December 1964.

U.S. exports of fruits and preparations, nearly all for dollars, rose about \$24.0 million to \$182.3 million in the second half of 1965 compared with the comparable period a year earlier. The increase resulted mainly from larger shipments of fresh fruits -- apples, citrus fruits, grapes, and pears -- canned peaches and pineapples, and dried prunes and raisins.

Shipments abroad of U.S. vegetables and preparations, nearly all of which were commercial exports, rose \$1.5 million to \$79.4 million in July-December 1965 from \$77.9 million a year earlier. Relatively small value increases took place in shipments of soups, tomato paste and puree, dried peas, fresh lettuce, onions, frozen vegetables, and dehydrated soups and vegetables. These advances

were partially offset by slight value declines in exports of canned asparagus, dried beans, fresh potatoes and tomatoes, and canned tomato juice.

Exports under credit sales programs.--Disbursements under credits authorized by the Export-Import Bank and purchases under the CCC credit sales program (included in exports outside Government-financed programs -- dollar sales -- in this report) rose to \$95.4 million in July-December 1965 from \$66.1 million a year earlier. Most of the increase was in purchases of wheat, corn, and grain sorghums under the CCC program (table 17).

The \$21.3 million of wheat exported under the CCC credit sales program went to 12 countries, including \$7.7 million to Lebanon, \$5.4 million to India, and \$2.5 million to the United Arab Republic (Egypt). Exports of corn totaled \$37.8 million, including \$12.5 million to Italy, \$11.7 million to Japan, \$3.2 million to Greece, and \$2.6 million to the Netherlands. Shipments of grain sorghums amounted to \$10.2 million of which \$9.8 million were destined for Japan. Purchases of barley were for export to Greece, and \$6.6 million of total cotton purchases of \$7.8 million were for export to Japan.

Exports under credits authorized by the Export-Import Bank totaled \$17.1 million in July-December 1965 compared with \$11.1 million a year earlier. Disbursements in the last 6 months of 1965, all for exports of cotton, included \$16.9 million for export to Japan, over \$0.1 million to Austria, and less than \$0.1 million to Australia. Of the \$17.1 million, \$16.7 million were disbursed by commercial banks under Export-Import guarantees against political and/or financial risk and \$0.4 million were disbursed by participating banks on a non-recourse basis.

Exports Under Government-financed Programs

Shipments under Government-financed programs, principally under P.L. 480, declined to \$684.4 million in July-December 1965 from \$872.5 million a year earlier. Exports under Title I, P.L. 480, fell \$227.1 million to \$406.3 million. Long-term supply and dollar credit sales under Title IV, as well as donations under Title III, were smaller. Partially offsetting increases took place in barter shipments which nearly doubled and in donations under Title II (tables 18 and 19).

Exports of wheat and flour, cotton, and vegetable oils under Title I were sharply reduced from a year earlier. Although lard, dry beans, peas and lentils, poultry, and beef were exported in July-December 1964 under the sales for foreign currency program, they were not shipped under the program in the last 6 months of 1965. Substantial reductions took place in exports under this program to Brazil, Pakistan, and the United Arab Republic (Egypt), Turkey, China (Taiwan), and Korea compared with the same period of 1964. Although exports to India under Title I in July-December 1965 were lower than the year-earlier total, 1966 shipments of grains for food -- wheat and grain sorghums -- have been accelerated to twice the monthly volume of the last half of 1965. Exports to South Viet-Nam under Title I were more than double.

Table 17.--U.S. credit sales of agricultural commodities: Value by commodity,
July-December 1965 1/

Commodity	: Export-Import :		
	: bank loans	: CCC credit	: Total
	: and medium term:	: sales <u>3/</u>	: credit sales
	: guarantees <u>2/</u> :	:	:
-- <u>Million dollars</u> --			
Wheat.....	---	21.3	21.3
Corn.....	---	37.8	37.8
Grain sorghums.....	---	10.2	10.2
Barley.....	---	1.2	1.2
Cotton.....	17.1	7.8	24.9
Total.....	17.1	78.3	95.4

1/ Credits for relatively short periods repayable in dollars plus interest (covering the financing costs of the lending agency).

2/ Includes disbursements by U.S. commercial banks under Export-Import Bank medium-term guarantees against political and/or financial risk.

3/ Purchases during the period.

Table 18.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by commodity, July-December 1965

Public Law 480										P.L. 87-195: Total										Agency for :agricultural:agricultural:										Total																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
Commodity		Title I : Title II :		Title III :		Title IV :		Long-term :		Inter- :		supply and :		National :		under :		outside :		specified :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government :		Government 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Table 19.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Quantity by commodity, July-December 1965

Commodity	Unit	Public Law 480				P.L. 87-195				Total			
		Title I	Title II	Title III	Title IV	Agency for	Inter-	Inter-	Inter-	agricultural	agricultural	agricultural	Total
		Sales	Famine	Foreign	Barter	supply and	national	national	national	exports	exports	exports	exports
		for	and other	donations:	2/	dollar	Development	specified	specified	under	outside	outside	outside
		foreign	emergency	1/	2/	credit	(A.I.D.)	Government	Government	Government	Government	Government	Government
		currency	relief			sales	programs	3/	programs	4/	programs	4/	programs
-- Thousand units --													
Wheat (60 lb.)	Bu.	171,923	10,485	366	21,155	12,021	4	215,954	138,609	354,563			
Wheat flour	Cwt.	6,295	1,443	3,430	---	205	2	11,375	5,562	16,937			
Corn (56 lb.)	Bu.	4,316	2,174	137	2,790	3,104	189	12,710	323,036	335,746			
Grain sorghums (56 lb.)	Bu.	5,226	464	86	773	283	---	6,832	101,018	5/107,850			
Barley (48 lb.)	Bu.	316	---	---	---	---	---	316	37,662	37,662			
Corn meal	Cwt.	---	41	1,370	---	---	---	1,411	461	1,872			
Wheat cereal foods to be cooked	Lb.	---	6/18,996	6/166,612	---	---	---	185,608	7/-21,687	163,921			
Rice, milled	Cwt.	5,268	---	---	---	52	100	5,420	10,024	15,444			
Cotton, running bale	Bale	144	---	---	186	61	4	395	1,335	1,730			
Tobacco, unmanufactured	Lb.	27,763	---	---	45,264	924	1,008	74,959	221,770	296,729			
Cottonseed oil	Lb.	66,050	---	8/921	53,108	---	---	120,079	112,706	232,785			
Soybean oil	Lb.	123,099	6,507	8/91,147	38,956	69,664	3,518	332,891	273,997	606,888			
Feeds and fodders	S.T.	---	---	---	---	---	9/	9/	9/	9/			
Milk, evaporated and condensed	Lb.	36,194	---	---	---	---	155	36,349	10,623	46,972			
Milk, whole dried	Lb.	2,233	---	---	---	---	121	2,354	7,908	10,262			
Milk, nonfat dry	Lb.	14,630	13,704	127,397	221	---	---	155,952	305,111	461,063			
Butter	Lb.	1,190	10/-334	---	---	---	118	974	3,335	4,309			
Anhydrous milkfat	Lb.	1,128	533	974	---	---	---	2,635	2,374	5,009			
Infants' and dietetic foods	Lb.	---	---	---	---	---	8,563	8,563	385	8,948			
Tallow, edible and inedible	Lb.	25,600	---	---	---	7,090	35,597	68,287	870,936	939,223			
Hides and skins	No.	---	---	---	---	---	237	237	9,186	9,423			
Cattle	No.	---	---	---	---	---	11/	11/	30	30			
Seeds	Cwt.	---	---	---	---	---	2	---	463	465			
Beans, dry edible	Cwt.	---	---	---	---	---	11/	150	1,778	1,928			
Peas and lentils, dry edible	Cwt.	---	---	---	---	---	11/	11/	1,613	1,613			

1/ Foreign donations are authorized under Sec. 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 and Sec. 302, Title III, P.L. 480. 2/ The barter program is authorized under the Charter Act of the Commodity Credit Corporation; Sec. 303, Title III, P.L. 480; and other legislation. 3/ Includes expenditures under commodity (project and non-project) programs and economic development loans. 4/ "Total agricultural exports outside specified Government-financed programs" (sales for dollars) include, in addition to unassisted commercial transactions, shipments of some commodities with governmental assistance in the form of (1) extension of credit and credit guarantees for relatively short periods, (2) sales of Government-owned commodities at less than domestic market prices, and (3) export payments in cash or in kind. 5/ The quantity shown for total agricultural exports of grain sorghums includes the quantity reported by the Bureau of the Census plus the quantity shown as foreign donations under Title III. Relief shipments of this commodity were not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census. 6/ Bulgur wheat 17,780,000 pounds and rolled wheat 1,216,000 pounds under Title II. Bulgur wheat 122,679,000 pounds and rolled wheat 43,933,000 pounds under Title III. 7/ The excess of the Government program portion over total agricultural exports may be attributed to lags in reporting or to differences in classification procedures. 8/ Reported as soybean and cottonseed oil. Breakdown between the two oils is estimated. 9/ Not available. 10/ Net adjustment from a previous period. 11/ Less than 500 units.

A sharp increase in donations of wheat under Title II was responsible for the rise of \$21.7 million in shipments under this title in July-December 1965 compared with the same period of 1964. The principal recipients of wheat, which made up two-thirds of donations during the period, were Korea, Pakistan, Tunisia, and Afghanistan.

Foreign donations under Title III totaled \$64.0 million in the last 6 months of 1965, \$13.0 million below July-December 1964. Substantial reductions took place in donations of wheat and butteroil, plus smaller declines in other commodities. Despite a limited supply of nonfat dry milk available for foreign donation, this program was continued without serious interruption with priority in allocation given to child feeding programs.

Shipments under the barter program totaled \$105.0 million, nearly twice those of the same period of 1964. Increases of more than \$25.0 million in both wheat and tobacco accounted for most of the gain.

During July-December 1965, barter contracts totaling \$105.3 million were signed by the Commodity Credit Corporation. Of this total about \$100 million was for procurement of materials and services abroad for the Department of Defense and the Agency for International Development. Three contracts were signed in the amount of \$6.0 million for acquisition from Free World sources of iodine and palladium to be delivered to the Supplemental Stockpile. Special invitations for barter offers of additional strategic materials are announced when it appears that such barterers are in the national interest.

Exports under the long-term supply and dollar credit sales program authorized by Title IV totaled \$40.9 million in July-December 1965, about two-fifths of the total of a year earlier. A reduction in shipments of wheat was largely responsible for the decline. Yugoslavia was the principal destination for shipments under this Title. Other major recipients were Iran, China (Taiwan), and Kenya.

Table 20.--Exports under specified Government-financed programs, commercial sales for dollars, and total agricultural exports: Value by commodity, July-September 1965 compared with July-September 1964

Commodity	Exports under Government- financed programs			Commercial sales for dollars 1/			Total agricultural exports		
	1964	1965	Change	1964	1965	Change	1964	1965	Change
	Million dollars			Million dollars			Million dollars		
Wheat and wheat flour.....	229.0	211.7	-17.3	94.8	125.5	+30.7	323.8	337.2	+13.4
Feed grains, excluding products.....	12.7	13.9	+1.2	186.2	281.3	+95.1	198.9	2/295.2	+96.3
Rice, milled.....	8.6	9.4	+0.8	16.5	31.1	+14.6	25.1	40.5	+15.4
Cotton.....	38.7	19.2	-19.5	92.5	59.5	-33.0	131.2	78.7	-52.5
Tobacco, unmanufactured.....	11.6	20.6	+9.0	97.0	78.9	-18.1	108.6	99.5	-9.1
Oilseeds and products.....	40.4	39.4	-1.0	183.3	180.9	-2.4	3/223.7	220.3	-3.4
Dairy products.....	13.5	19.3	+5.8	39.1	34.5	-4.6	4/52.6	53.8	+1.2
Animals and products except dairy....	5.5	6.0	+0.5	136.8	136.0	-0.8	142.3	142.0	-0.3
Fruits and preparations.....	---	---	---	79.7	96.0	+16.3	79.7	96.0	+16.3
Vegetables and preparations.....	2.0	1.2	-0.8	29.6	35.4	+5.8	31.6	36.6	+5.0
Other.....	10.3	9.2	-1.1	66.2	83.1	+16.9	76.5	92.3	+15.8
Total agricultural exports.....	372.3	349.9	-22.4	1,021.7	1,142.2	+120.5	1,394.0	1,492.1	+98.1

1/ Exports outside Government-financed programs. 2/ Total exports of feed grains, excluding products, include the estimated value of donations of grain sorghums under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census. 3/ Total exports of oilseeds and products include the estimated value of donations of vegetable oils under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census, prior to January 1, 1965 as follows: 1964, \$4.5 million. 4/ Total exports of dairy products include the estimated value of donations of butter and butteroil under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census, prior to January 1, 1965 as follows: 1964, \$2.0 million.

Table 21.--U.S. credit sales of agricultural commodities, Value by commodity,
July-September 1965 1/

Commodity	: Export-Import :			:
	: bank loans : CCC credit :			Total
	:and medium term: sales <u>3/</u> :			credit sales
	: guarantees <u>2/</u> :			:
	-- <u>Million dollars</u> --			
Wheat.....	---	5.6		5.6
Corn.....	---	6.7		6.7
Grain sorghums.....	---	6.6		6.6
Cotton.....	12.2	1.7		13.9
Total.....	12.2	20.6		32.8

1/ Credits for relatively short periods repayable in dollars plus interest (covering the financing costs of the lending agency).

2/ Includes disbursements by U.S. commercial banks under Export-Import Bank medium-term guarantees against political and/or financial risk.

3/ Purchases during the period.

Table 23.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Quantity by commodity, July-September 1965

Commodity	Public Law 480										P.L. 87-195				Total			
	Title I		Title II		Title III		Title IV		Agency for:		Title IV		Inter-		Total		agricultural:	
	Unit:	Sales for foreign currency	Famine and other emergency relief	Foreign donations	Barter 2/	Long-term supply and dollar credit (A.I.D.)	Development: specified Government programs 3/	Inter-national: under specified Government programs 4/	Agency for:	Inter-national: under specified Government programs 4/	Long-term supply and dollar credit (A.I.D.)	Development: specified Government programs 3/	Inter-national: under specified Government programs 4/	Agency for:	Inter-national: under specified Government programs 4/	Total	agricultural:	exports outside specified Government programs
-- Thousand units --																		
Wheat (60 lb.).....:Bu.:	98,371	3,118	196	8,488	8,120	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	118,293	69,450	187,743
Wheat flour.....:Cwt.:	3,402	381	2,128	---	36	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	5,947	2,251	8,198
Coru (56 lb.).....:Bu.:	2,963	943	30	1,290	970	132	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	6,328	136,887	143,215
Grain sorghums (56 lb.).....:Bu.:	2,635	103	78	359	283	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3,458	54,419	57,877
Barley (48 lb.).....:Bu.:	295	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	295	16,012	16,307
Corn meal.....:Cwt.:	---	9	890	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	899	112	1,011
Wheat cereal foods to be cooked.....:Lb.:	---	6/13,892	6/89,255	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	103,147	7/-36,048	67,099
Rice, milled.....:Cwt.:	1,702	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1,702	4,000	5,702
Cotton, running bale.....:Bale:	79	---	---	54	16	2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	151	458	609
Tobacco, unmanufactured.....:Lb.:	11,640	---	---	17,239	214	687	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	29,780	89,336	119,116
Cottonseed oil.....:Lb.:	56,696	---	---	42,550	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	105,059	22,236	127,295
Soybean oil.....:Lb.:	74,437	2,348	8/77,226	26,099	3,349	88	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	183,547	157,898	341,445
Oilcake and meal.....:S.T.:	---	---	---	---	---	1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1	437	438
Feeds and fodders, except oilcake and meal.....:S.T.:	---	---	---	---	---	5	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	5	9/	9/
Milk, evaporated and condensed.....:Lb.:	15,009	---	---	---	---	85	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	15,094	6,347	21,441
Milk, whole dried.....:Lb.:	40	---	---	---	---	20	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	60	5,409	5,409
Milk, nonfat dry.....:Lb.:	8,188	8,166	92,812	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	109,166	177,825	286,991
Butter.....:Lb.:	675	10/-334	---	---	---	118	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	459	2,506	2,965
Anhydrous milkfat.....:Lb.:	---	588	974	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1,562	869	2,431
Infants' and dietetic foods.....:Lb.:	---	---	---	---	---	238	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	238	3,915	4,153
Tallow, edible and inedible.....:Lb.:	26,594	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	47,976	421,451	469,427
Hides and skins.....:No.:	---	---	---	---	---	95	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	95	3,979	4,074
Beans, dry edible.....:Cwt.:	---	---	150	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	150	883	1,033

1/ Foreign donations are authorized under Sec. 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 and Sec. 302, Title III, P.L. 480.

2/ The Barter program is authorized under the Charter Act of the Commodity Credit Corporation; Sec. 303, Title III, P.L. 480; and other legislation.

3/ Includes expenditures under commodity (non-project) programs and economic development loans.

4/ "Total agricultural exports outside specified Government-financed programs" (sales for dollars) include, in addition to unassisted commercial transactions, shipments of some commodities with governmental assistance in the form of (1) extension of credit and credit guarantees for relatively short periods, (2) sales of Government-owned commodities at less than domestic market prices, and (3) export payments in cash or in kind.

5/ The quantity shown for total agricultural exports of grain sorghums includes the quantity reported by the Bureau of the Census plus the quantity shown as foreign donations under Title III. Relief shipments of this commodity are not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census.

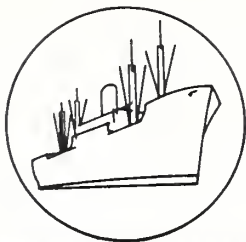
6/ Bulgur wheat 13,680,000 lbs. and rolled wheat 212,000 lbs. under Title II. Bulgur wheat 72,667,000 lbs. and rolled wheat 16,588,000 lbs. under Title III.

7/ The excess of the Government program portion over total agricultural exports may be attributed to lags in reporting or to differences in classification procedures.

8/ Reported as soybean and cottonseed oil. Breakdown between the two oils is estimated.

9/ Not available.

10/ Net adjustment from a previous period.



Import Highlights

JULY-MARCH 1965-66

U.S. agricultural imports for consumption in July-March 1965-66 totaled \$3,326 million, up 13 percent from the \$2,935 million a year earlier. A large portion of the increase (\$391 million) over last year resulted from greater imports of supplementary (competitive or partially competitive) products. Agricultural imports in March 1966 amounted to \$431 million -- \$238 million were supplementary and the remaining \$193 million were complementary (noncompetitive) imports. This was slightly higher than the value of imports of \$420 million in March 1965.

Nonagricultural imports were up during July-March 1965-66 to \$13,758 million from \$11,383 million in the same months of 1964-65. This continued increase reflected the high level of U.S. economic activity. The gain was primarily in industrial raw materials, iron and steel manufactures, and petroleum.

SUPPLEMENTARY IMPORTS

Supplementary imports in July-March 1965-66 were up 18 percent from the year-earlier months, increasing to \$1,815 million from \$1,542 million.

Animals and animal products increased 39 percent to \$789 million from \$569 million. Live animal imports in July-March 1965-66 rose sharply to \$111 million from \$45 million in the same months of last year. Imports this year were up 147 percent, accounting for the largest percentage increase of any product or product group.

Imports of meat and meat products, apparel wool, and dairy products for July-March 1965-66 were also up sharply from the previous year. The value of meat and meat products increased 32 percent to \$392 million. Apparel wool was up to \$130 million from \$97 million a year ago, and dairy products advanced to \$61 million from \$48 million for July-March of last year. Imports of grains and preparations declined from \$34 million to \$31 million, down 9 percent.

COMPLEMENTARY IMPORTS

Imports of complementary agricultural products reached \$1,511 million during July-March 1965-66 compared with \$1,393 million for the same period last year. Sharp increases occurred in imports of spices, essential oils, and cocoa beans.

Table 24.--U.S. agricultural imports for consumption:
Value by commodity, July-March
1964-65 and 1965-66

Commodity	July-March		Change
	1964-65	1965-66	
	<u>Million dollars</u>		<u>Percent</u>
SUPPLEMENTARY			
<u>Animals and animal products:</u>			
Animals, live	45	111	+147
Dairy products	48	61	+27
Hides and skins	49	56	+14
Meat and meat products	296	392	+32
Wool, apparel	97	130	+34
Other	34	39	+15
Total animals and products	569	789	+39
Cotton, excluding linters	20	21	+5
Fruits and preparations	81	83	+2
Grains and preparations	34	31	-9
Nuts and preparations	58	64	+10
Oilseeds and products	134	137	+2
Sugar, cane	319	339	+6
Tobacco, unmanufactured	93	93	0
Vegetables and preparations	80	94	+18
Wines	48	56	+17
Other	106	108	+2
Total supplementary	1,542	1,815	+18
COMPLEMENTARY			
Bananas, fresh	115	124	+8
Coffee	824	903	+10
Cocoa beans	88	105	+19
Essential oils	20	24	+20
Rubber, crude, natural	138	134	-3
Spices	28	37	+32
Tea	40	44	+10
Wool, carpet	55	55	0
Other	85	85	0
Total complementary	1,393	1,511	+8
Total imports	2,935	3,326	+13

Spices were valued at \$37 million compared with \$28 million a year earlier. Essential oils, although accounting for a relatively small share of total agricultural imports, were up 20 percent. Cocoa bean imports advanced to \$105 million from \$88 million last year.

Coffee imports accounted for the largest single share of imports and were valued at \$903 million during July-March 1965-66. This was 10 percent above the \$824 million for the same period a year earlier. March 1966 coffee imports totaled \$119 million compared with \$127 million in March 1965.

Imports of carpet wool remained unchanged from the July-March period a year ago; March 1966 imports, however, were \$1 million below those of March 1965.

The value of imports of crude natural rubber was down 3 percent from last year, reflecting the lower unit value of crude rubber. In terms of volume, crude rubber imports have increased. During July-March 1965-66, they amounted to 768 million pounds compared with 715 million pounds during July-March of last year.

Table 25.U.S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value
by commodity, 1964 and 1965

Commodity exported	Unit	Year ended December 31 1/			
		Quantity		Value	
		1964	1965	1964	1965
		Thousands	Thousands	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
ANIMAL AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS					
<u>Animals, live:</u>					
Cattle	No.	62	54	17,582	17,084
Poultry, live -					
Baby chicks	No.	25,147	30,061	9,575	11,077
Other live poultry	---	2/	2/	1,962	2,517
Other	---	2/	2/	7,077	4,789
Total animals, live	---	---	---	36,196	35,467
<u>Dairy products:</u>					
Anhydrous milk fat, including					
donations	Lb.	25,324	15,831	13,066	10,198
Butter (excluding dehydrated) in-					
cluding donations	Lb.	130,345	45,966	50,625	19,540
Cheese, including donations	Lb.	9,086	6,832	4,043	3,498
Infants' and dietetic foods,					
chiefly milk	Lb.	18,552	16,002	10,808	11,124
Milk -					
Condensed and evaporated, in-					
cluding donations	Lb.	100,551	90,499	20,883	19,783
Dried whole	Lb.	12,337	20,037	5,532	8,213
Nonfat dry, including donations ..	Lb.	1,310,902	863,074	112,678	117,653
Other	---	2/	2/	5,953	6,029
Total dairy products	---	---	---	223,588	196,038
<u>Fats, oils, and greases:</u>					
Lard	Lb.	682,001	250,872	69,810	30,214
Tallow, edible	Lb.	4,910	3,908	530	517
Tallow, inedible	Lb.	2,111,449	1,997,966	153,824	178,628
Other fats and greases	Lb.	304,533	146,479	25,172	16,260
Total fats, oils, and greases ...	Lb.	3,102,893	2,399,225	249,336	225,619
<u>Meat and meat products:</u>					
Beef and veal	Lb.	54,671	43,791	22,406	22,618
Pork	Lb.	132,987	47,654	38,779	16,406
Sausage casings	Lb.	14,176	12,887	9,305	8,682
Variety meats	Lb.	229,428	219,630	47,582	55,056
Other (including meat extracts)	Lb.	16,342	21,629	6,584	9,312
Total meat (except poultry)	Lb.	447,604	345,591	124,656	112,074
<u>Poultry products:</u>					
Eggs, dried, frozen, or preserved ..	Lb.	3,711	2,951	4,111	2,015
Eggs in the shell -					
Hatching	Doz.	7,025	7,508	8,083	7,326
Other	Doz.	1,669	6,321	624	2,338
Poultry meat -					
Chickens, fresh or frozen	Lb.	159,108	111,119	38,183	28,375
Turkeys, fresh or frozen	Lb.	43,233	58,499	15,632	20,636
Other, fresh or frozen	Lb.	6,220	11,137	2,086	3,898
Canned and preserved	Lb.	22,645	21,188	5,408	5,511
Total poultry products	---	---	---	74,127	70,099

Table 25.--U.S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value
by commodity, 1964 and 1965 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	Year ended December 31 1/			
		Quantity		Value	
		1964	1965	1964	1965
				1,000	1,000
Other animal products:		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Feathers, crude	Lb.	1,848	1,556	1,621	1,633
Gelatin, edible	Lb.	3,390	2,419	7,938	1,807
Hair, raw or dressed, new	Lb.	6,843	7,764	2,532	2,358
Hides and skins, raw 3/	No.	16,959	18,981	92,694	108,528
Honey	Lb.	8,949	13,806	1,734	2,266
Wool, unmanufactured	Clb.	2,773	9,126	3,289	7,906
Other	---	2/	2/	22,715	22,984
Total other animal products	---	---	---	132,523	147,482
Total animals and products	---	---	---	840,426	786,779
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS					
Cotton, unmanufactured:					
Cotton	RBle	5,241	3,795	681,734	486,169
Linters	RBle	307	301	8,356	8,551
Total cotton and linters	RBle	5,548	4,096	690,090	494,720
Fruits and preparations:					
Canned -					
Fruit cocktail	Lb.	134,025	143,447	21,990	22,999
Peaches	Lb.	211,157	243,669	23,410	26,179
Pears	Lb.	5,585	6,823	1,073	1,299
Pineapples	Lb.	109,965	100,327	16,612	15,491
Other	Lb.	37,284	65,658	6,756	10,955
Total canned fruits	Lb.	498,016	559,924	69,841	76,923
Dried -					
Prunes	Lb.	86,004	127,046	17,315	22,906
Raisins and currants	Lb.	101,752	121,745	19,050	20,792
Other	Lb.	15,963	17,662	5,230	6,147
Total dried fruits	Lb.	203,719	266,453	41,595	49,845
Fresh -					
Apples	Lb.	215,594	252,165	19,084	22,523
Berries	Lb.	24,765	19,869	4,970	4,654
Grapefruit	Lb.	165,567	195,994	11,322	11,394
Grapes	Lb.	195,369	247,539	19,166	22,712
Lemons and limes	Lb.	228,518	222,124	16,791	18,379
Oranges and tangerines	Lb.	426,281	506,654	37,506	43,460
Pears	Lb.	56,596	65,622	5,274	6,360
Other	Lb.	160,262	214,003	11,304	15,766
Total fresh fruits	Lb.	1,472,952	1,723,970	125,417	145,248
Fruit juices -					
Grapefruit	Gal.	2,854	4,514	3,511	4,272
Orange	Gal.	7,023	8,593	18,796	17,873
Other	Gal.	12,241	10,257	12,267	10,821
Total fruit juices	Gal.	22,118	23,364	34,574	32,966
Frozen fruits (incl. specialties)	Lb.	9,614	16,736	1,824	2,826
Other	---	2/	2/	5,353	5,315
Total fruits and preparations	---	---	---	278,604	313,123

Continued-

Table 25.--U.S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value
by commodity, 1964 and 1965 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	Year ended December 31 ^{1/}			
		Quantity		Value	
		1964	1965	1964	1965
				1,000	1,000
		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Grains and preparations:					
Feed grains and products -					
Barley grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	71,780	63,790	79,498	76,384
Corn grain, including					
donations (56 lb.)	Bu.	479,572	596,750	651,663	832,216
Grain sorghums (56 lb.)	Bu.	100,264	172,346	121,857	208,887
Oats grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	3,905	23,585	2,683	16,619
Total feed grains	MTon	16,350	21,268	855,701	1,134,106
Barley malt	Lb.	90,013	71,217	5,410	5,287
Corn grits and hominy	Lb.	46,800	34,251	1,903	1,456
Cornmeal & flour, incl. donations:	Cwt.	5,088	4,018	19,608	16,215
Cornstarch	Lb.	76,163	69,547	6,665	6,795
Oatmeal, groats, and rolled oats:	Lb.	9,043	9,730	718	835
Total feed grains and products:	MTon	16,923	21,729	890,005	1,164,694
Rice -					
Milled, including donations	Lb.	2,926,582	3,407,695	204,694	243,401
Paddy or rough	Lb.	12,363	12,511	1,032	1,070
Total rice (milled basis)	Lb.	2,934,618	3,415,827	205,726	244,471
Rye grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	5,649	2,315	8,022	2,825
Wheat and flour, incl. donations -					
Wheat grain (60 lb.)	Bu.	755,976	650,374	1,361,465	1,063,631
Wheat flour, wholly U.S. wheat ..	Cwt.	42,252	30,441	170,928	120,427
Total wheat and flour	Bu.	852,311	719,779	1,532,393	1,184,058
Bakery products	Lb.	15,956	14,336	6,465	6,387
Other	---	2/	2/	13,655	30,520
Total grains and preparations ..	---	---	---	2,656,266	2,632,955
Oilseeds and products:					
Oils, edible and inedible,					
including donations -					
Cottonseed oil	Lb.	603,464	564,816	69,418	75,931
Soybean oil	Lb.	1,273,177	1,219,518	140,088	164,679
Other	Lb.	288,443	264,343	38,069	42,074
Total oils (except essential):	Lb.	2,165,084	2,048,677	247,575	282,684
Oilseeds -					
Flaxseed (56 lb.)	Bu.	6,947	3,925	20,037	11,732
Soybeans (60 lb.)	Bu.	209,507	227,660	566,892	650,066
Other	Lb.	17,348	10,611	22,218	25,319
Total oilseeds	---	---	---	609,147	687,117
Protein meal (oilcake and meal) ..	STon	1,897	2,436	144,540	186,673
Total oilseeds and products	---	---	---	1,001,262	1,156,474
Tobacco, unmanufactured:					
Burley	Lb.	52,885	45,295	42,188	34,314
Cigar wrapper	Lb.	5,246	3,921	12,247	13,919
Dark-fired Kentucky and Tennessee:	Lb.	20,849	21,620	10,546	11,354
Flue-cured	Lb.	395,682	350,596	325,419	298,490
Maryland	Lb.	12,320	10,116	9,631	7,930
Other	Lb.	27,472	36,527	12,801	16,679
Total tobacco, unmanufactured ..	Lb.	514,454	468,075	412,832	382,686

Continued-

Table 25.--U.S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value
by commodity, 1964 and 1965 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	Year ended December 31 ^{1/}			
		Quantity		Value	
		1964	1965	1964	1965
				1,000	1,000
		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Vegetables and preparations:					
Canned -					
Asparagus	Lb.	61,745	46,443	15,571	12,482
Soups	Lb.	17,649	17,787	3,219	4,039
Tomato paste and puree	Lb.	12,226	13,701	2,485	3,149
Tomato sauce (cooking purposes) ..	Lb.	1,777	3,505	238	485
Other	Lb.	61,157	73,327	9,012	10,163
Total canned vegetables	Lb.	154,554	154,763	30,525	30,318
Dry, ripe beans, incl. donations ..	Lb.	323,696	281,022	27,222	23,163
Dry, ripe peas (incl. cow & chick) ..	Lb.	248,308	300,098	16,277	17,705
Fresh -					
Lettuce	Lb.	175,929	180,801	8,338	9,721
Onions	Lb.	86,397	123,342	4,098	5,534
Potatoes, white	Lb.	146,969	166,624	6,008	6,776
Tomatoes	Lb.	102,389	97,871	10,183	9,671
Other	Lb.	355,758	341,944	20,922	21,937
Total fresh vegetables	Lb.	867,442	910,582	49,549	53,639
Frozen vegetables (including					
specialties)	Lb.	19,748	14,919	3,855	3,475
Tomato juice	Gal.	4,319	2,990	3,356	2,569
Soups and vegetables, dehydrated ..	Lb.	16,837	17,588	6,717	7,018
Vegetable seasonings	Lb.	6,458	9,219	3,964	3,801
Other	---	<u>2/</u>	<u>2/</u>	16,552	13,662
Total vegetables and preparation:---		---	---	158,017	155,350
Other vegetable products:					
Coffee	Lb.	28,643	24,856	35,469	30,866
Drugs, herbs, roots, crude	Lb.	3,321	10,782	4,317	7,084
Essential oils, natural	Lb.	8,743	9,990	19,380	22,593
Feeds & fodders (except oilcake) ..	---	<u>2/</u>	<u>2/</u>	64,273	83,260
Flavoring sirups for beverages ...	Gal.	1,272	6,110	7,683	24,357
Hops	Lb.	23,204	20,702	14,201	12,850
Nursery and greenhouse stock	---	<u>2/</u>	<u>2/</u>	7,618	8,379
Nuts and preparations	Lb.	122,506	217,852	27,160	43,334
Seeds, field and garden	Lb.	99,361	83,768	26,677	27,321
Spices	Lb.	3,648	5,809	2,812	3,687
Other, including donations	---	<u>2/</u>	<u>2/</u>	100,429	42,819
Total other vegetable products ..	---	---	---	310,019	306,550
Total vegetable products	---	---	---	5,507,090	5,441,858
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS	---	---	---	6,347,516	6,228,637
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EXPORTS ..	---	---	---	19,639,718	20,774,698
TOTAL EXPORTS, ALL COMMODITIES ..	---	---	---	25,987,234	27,003,335

^{1/} Preliminary. ^{2/} Reported in value only. ^{3/} Excludes the number of "other hides and skins," reported in value only.

Table 26 -- U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity, March 1965 and 1966 and July-March 1964-65 and 1965-66

Commodity exported	Unit:	March 1/		July-March 1/	
		Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
		1965	1966	1964-65	1965-66
		Thousands	1,000 dollars	Thousands	1,000 dollars
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS					
Animals, live:					
Cattle	No.	6	2,180	35	11,325
Poultry, live -					
Baby chicks (chickens)	No.	2,688	1,006	18,825	6,466
Other live poultry	---	2/	242	2/	1,650
Other	---	2/	223	2/	3,832
Total animals, live	---	---	3,651	---	24,058
Dairy products:					
Anhydrous milk fat, including donations	Lb.	1,749	1,165	15,978	9,541
Butter, including donations	Lb.	13,020	5,773	114,549	48,117
Cheese, including donations	Lb.	644	340	6,313	3,117
Infants' and dietetic foods, chiefly milk ..	Lb.	1,393	948	11,209	7,396
Milk and cream -					
Condensed and evaporated, incl. donations ..	Lb.	6,540	1,465	76,369	16,081
Dry, whole milk and cream	Lb.	2,186	888	9,769	4,717
Fresh	Gal.	70	140	788	1,012
Nonfat dry, including donations	Lb.	50,677	7,569	645,098	64,011
Other	---	2/	440	2/	3,275
Total dairy products	---	---	18,728	---	157,491
Fats, oils, and greases:					
Lard	Lb.	18,384	2,299	370,648	39,880
Tallow -					
Edible	Lb.	841	121	3,931	475
Inedible	Lb.	164,816	15,201	1,464,489	116,875
Other animal fats, oils, and greases	Lb.	9,201	1,153	159,272	14,571
Total fats, oils, and greases	Lb.	193,242	18,774	1,998,340	171,801
Meat and meat products:					
Beef and veal	Lb.	7,268	3,457	49,257	20,749
Pork	Lb.	6,725	1,948	54,173	15,351
Sausage casings	Lb.	1,596	1,019	9,275	5,804
Variety meats (edible offals)	Lb.	31,614	7,308	169,542	36,687
Other, including meat extracts	Lb.	1,742	817	13,249	5,403
Total meat and products (except poultry) ..	Lb.	48,945	14,549	295,496	83,994
Poultry products:					
Eggs, dried and otherwise preserved	Lb.	205	192	2,289	1,221
Eggs in the shell -					
Hatching	Doz.	929	864	5,117	5,412
Other	Doz.	128	42	1,535	542
Poultry meat -					
Chickens, fresh or frozen	Lb.	12,366	3,004	101,514	23,707
Turkeys, fresh or frozen	Lb.	3,728	1,293	37,433	13,348
Other, fresh or frozen	Lb.	1,596	574	7,669	2,246
Canned and otherwise preserved	Lb.	2,965	741	15,468	3,877
Total poultry products	---	---	6,710	---	51,641

Continued -

Table 26.-- U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity,
March 1965 and 1966 and July-March 1964-65 and 1965-66 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	March 1/		July-March 1/	
		Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
		1965	1966	1965-65	1964-65
		Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
		dollars	dollars	dollars	dollars
Other animal products:					
Feathers, crude or dressed	Lb.	242	179	1,469	1,207
Gelatin, edible	Lb.	186	126	2,467	4,811
Hair, raw or dressed (except wool)	Lb.	826	218	5,409	1,696
Hides and skins, raw (except furs)	No.	1,923	9,110	12,456	67,720
Honey	Lb.	1,015	189	5,904	1,150
Wool, unmanufactured	Lb.	769	682	2,761	2,875
Other	Lb.	2/	2,673	2/	16,774
Total other animal products		---	13,177	---	96,239
Total animals and animal products					
		---	75,589	---	585,224
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS					
Cotton, unmanufactured:					
Cotton	RBale:	584	75,047	3,435	449,581
Linters	RBale:	37	1,022	186	5,162
Total cotton and linters	RBale:	621	76,069	3,621	454,743
Fruits and preparations:					
Canned -					
Fruit cocktail	Lb.	25,034	3,539	141,000	21,599
Peaches	Lb.	19,795	2,083	202,094	21,621
Pears	Lb.	975	174	5,333	980
Pineapples	Lb.	4,046	606	73,064	10,751
Other	Lb.	2,899	627	30,847	5,412
Total canned fruits	Lb.	52,749	7,029	452,338	60,363
Dried -					
Prunes	Lb.	8,677	1,690	80,238	15,038
Raisins (dried grapes)	Lb.	9,301	1,530	89,520	16,073
Other	Lb.	1,136	389	13,980	4,416
Total dried fruits	Lb.	19,114	3,609	183,738	35,527
Fresh -					
Apples	Lb.	22,158	2,010	174,007	15,583
Berries	Lb.	898	231	14,087	2,638
Grapefruit	Lb.	27,146	1,324	129,359	7,775
Grapes	Lb.	4,297	556	193,315	18,710
Lemons and limes	Lb.	12,899	1,172	131,004	10,652
Oranges and tangerines	Lb.	48,307	57,555	268,266	381,503
Pears	Lb.	2,555	264	54,784	6,922
Other	Lb.	2,442	291	102,766	7,267
Total fresh fruits	Lb.	120,702	10,264	1,067,588	92,897
Fruit juices -					
Grapefruit	Gal.	848	720	2,416	2,661
Orange	Gal.	922	2,092	4,991	12,717
Other	Gal.	908	850	8,798	8,093
Total fruit juices	Gal.	2,678	3,662	16,205	23,471
Frozen fruits	Lb.	451	77	6,218	1,137
Other	Lb.	2/	336	2/	4,075
Total fruits and preparations		---	24,977	---	217,470
		---	24,977	---	252,570

Continued -

Table 26.-- U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity,
March 1965 and 1966 and July-March 1964-65 and 1965-66 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	March 1/		Value		July-March 1/		Value	
		Quantity	1966	1965	1966	Quantity	1965-66	1964-65	1965-66
				1,000	dollars	Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Grains and grain products:									
Feed grains and products -									
Barley grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	2,237	4,282	2,746	5,812	38,045	52,131	42,325	64,975
Corn grain, including donations (56 lb.)	Bu.	67,776	65,466	99,333	99,214	375,309	501,218	519,050	695,374
Grain sorghums (56 lb.)	Bu.	17,834	28,260	22,348	34,392	81,694	180,769	99,153	217,570
Oats grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	12	721	12	596	2,934	23,866	1,997	16,951
Total feed grains	M.Ton	2,223	2,484	124,439	140,014	12,480	18,805	662,525	994,870
Malt and flour, including barley malt	Lb.	3,652	6,258	354	404	50,810	62,056	3,324	3,969
Corn grits and hominy	Lb.	4,832	6,060	204	261	31,981	30,571	1,317	1,331
Cornmeal, including donations	Out.	528	357	2,166	1,470	3,425	3,170	13,284	12,605
Cornstarch	Lb.	7,622	10,000	727	1,005	54,470	58,822	4,753	5,811
Oatmeal, groats, and rolled oats	Lb.	149	629	27	68	7,522	11,454	569	915
Total feed grains and products	M.Ton	2,278	2,531	127,917	143,222	12,864	19,182	685,772	1,019,501
Rice -									
Milled, including donations	Lb.	537,203	230,182	37,554	16,411	1,861,453	2,316,411	131,850	167,819
Paddy or rough	Lb.	4,646	3,942	391	356	9,415	10,133	812	884
Total rice (milled basis)	Lb.	540,223	232,744	37,945	16,767	1,867,574	2,322,997	132,662	168,703
Rye grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	133	88	173	130	1,468	1,676	1,912	2,055
Wheat and flour, including donations -									
Wheat grain (60 lb.)	Bu.	70,902	87,955	120,211	142,720	453,066	567,723	801,945	918,684
Wheat flour, wholly of U. S. wheat	Out.	2,022	2,074	7,940	8,122	25,972	22,576	107,524	91,114
Total wheat and flour	Bu.	75,511	92,685	128,151	150,842	512,283	619,196	909,469	1,009,798
Bakery products	Lb.	1,792	1,806	708	866	11,847	12,313	4,923	5,631
Other, including donations	---	2/	2/	3,561	5,645	2/	2/	13,876	28,479
Total grains and preparations	---	---	---	298,455	317,472	---	---	1,748,614	2,234,167
Oilseeds and products:									
Oils, including donations -									
Cottonseed oil	Lb.	65,628	37,657	9,895	4,922	476,170	340,441	61,513	43,170
Soybean oil	Lb.	153,226	71,141	21,352	11,010	1,065,228	809,646	130,388	109,462
Other	Lb.	37,134	15,597	6,201	3,095	236,373	179,733	33,773	28,870
Total oils (except essential)	Lb.	255,988	124,395	37,448	19,027	1,777,771	1,329,820	225,674	181,502
Oilseeds -									
Flaxseed (56 lb.)	Bu.	1	1	3	4	5,873	3,272	16,815	9,787
Soybeans (60 lb.)	Bu.	24,998	21,556	77,005	63,706	157,189	195,244	440,591	539,923
Other	---	2/	2/	1,001	1,657	2/	2/	15,142	22,705
Total oilseeds	---	---	---	78,009	65,367	---	---	472,548	572,415
Protein meal (oil-cake and meal)	S.Ton	375	240	28,572	18,675	1,839	2,124	138,429	164,350
Total oilseeds and products	---	---	---	144,029	103,069	---	---	836,651	918,267
Tobacco, unmanufactured:									
Burley	Lb.	3,480	2,907	2,802	2,387	32,744	37,972	26,869	29,407
Cigar wrapper	Lb.	374	269	1,033	1,031	2,550	3,474	7,511	11,693
Dark-fired Kentucky and Tennessee	Lb.	4,630	3,053	2,579	1,641	16,987	19,986	8,858	10,401
Flue-cured	Lb.	31,910	27,867	23,835	24,256	286,232	295,956	242,507	261,770
Maryland	Lb.	597	1,079	502	979	8,274	8,831	6,468	7,042
Other	Lb.	2,975	4,110	1,883	1,431	22,828	31,289	11,411	12,807
Total tobacco, unmanufactured	Lb.	43,966	39,285	32,634	31,725	369,615	397,508	303,624	333,120

Continued -

Table 26.-- U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity,
March 1965 and 1966 and July-March 1964-65 and 1965-66 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	March 1/			July-March 1/		
		1965	1966	1965	1965-66	1964-65	1965-66
		Thousands	Thousands	1,000 dollars	Thousands	Thousands	1,000 dollars
Vegetables and preparations:							
Canned -							
Asparagus	lb.	5,173	1,061	1,170	266	49,293	28,050
Soups	lb.	1,794	1,473	439	339	12,370	14,277
Tomato paste and puree	lb.	1,453	692	300	193	10,654	9,910
Tomato sauce for cooking purposes	lb.	127	290	17	46	1,680	213
Other	lb.	7,258	6,449	1,085	937	47,269	53,628
Total canned vegetables	lb.	15,805	9,965	3,011	1,781	121,204	107,245
Dried beans, including donations	lb.	15,724	6,803	1,320	808	256,981	221,670
Dried peas, including cow and chick	lb.	32,036	19,301	1,816	1,409	223,958	217,663
Fresh -							
Lettuce	lb.	21,252	33,030	813	1,774	113,325	153,789
Onions	lb.	25,263	9,248	936	422	75,800	81,832
Potatoes (except sweet potatoes)	lb.	4,280	20,321	208	624	56,034	94,251
Tomatoes	lb.	4,524	2,951	495	309	71,877	64,826
Other	lb.	51,944	69,912	2,943	4,515	208,473	251,945
Total fresh vegetables	lb.	107,263	135,462	5,395	7,644	525,509	646,643
Frozen vegetables	lb.	1,338	1,315	379	283	11,189	12,836
Soups and vegetables, dehydrated	lb.	1,628	2,553	682	772	12,018	16,399
Vegetable seasonings	lb.	821	740	345	352	5,397	7,443
Tomato juice, canned	gal.	357	236	277	220	2,573	1,825
Other	---	2/	2/	1,370	1,836	2/	2/
Total vegetables and preparations	---	---	---	14,595	15,105	---	---
Other vegetable products:							
Coffee	lb.	1,514	1,989	1,723	2,426	17,279	20,872
Drugs, herbs, roots, leaves, etc., crude	lb.	1,484	820	859	509	4,774	6,632
Essential oils, natural	lb.	1,335	985	2,507	2,098	6,728	7,092
Feeds and fodders (except oil-cake and meal)	---	2/	2/	7,284	9,646	2/	2/
Flavoring sirups, sugars, and extracts	---	2/	2/	3,387	3,099	2/	2/
Hops	lb.	2,983	2,931	1,923	1,652	19,289	19,079
Nursery and greenhouse stock	---	2/	2/	868	1,084	2/	2/
Mits and preparations	lb.	21,898	15,661	3,445	3,026	93,253	187,415
Seeds (except oilseeds)	lb.	7,690	10,427	2,228	2,451	77,060	80,575
Spices	lb.	770	645	407	493	3,018	2,214
Other, including donations	---	2/	2/	5,205	4,625	2/	2/
Total other vegetable products	---	---	---	29,836	31,109	---	---
Total vegetable products	---	---	---	620,595	551,926	---	---
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS							
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EXPORTS							
TOTAL EXPORTS, ALL COMMODITIES							

1/ Preliminary.

2/ Reported in value only.

3/ Excludes the number of "other hides and skins", reported in value only.

Table 27. — U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity, March 1965 and 1966 and July-March 1964-65 and 1965-66

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	March 1/			July-March 1/		
		Quantity		Value	Quantity		Value
		1965	1966	1965	1966	1965-66	1966-65
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS							
Animals, live:							
Cattle, dutiable	No.	56	114	3,277	9,754	385	1,033
Cattle, free (for breeding)	No.	2	3	484	924	12	14
Horesee	No.	2/	2/	227	1,023	2	2
Other (including live poultry)	---	3/	3/	101	247	3/	3/
Total animals, live	---	---	---	4,089	11,948	---	---
Dairy products:							
Butter	Lb.	36	60	19	34	485	587
Cheese -							
Blue-mold	Lb.	479	597	241	298	2,784	3,388
Cheddar	Lb.	205	397	63	139	1,781	1,535
Edam and Gouda	Lb.	607	914	282	405	4,899	6,415
Pecorino	Lb.	1,499	1,300	1,049	1,103	13,406	13,483
Swiss	Lb.	1,373	1,758	795	952	11,831	13,965
Other	Lb.	5,394	6,131	2,076	2,312	21,991	31,812
Total cheese	Lb.	9,557	11,097	4,506	5,209	56,692	70,598
Casein or lactarene	Lb.	15,126	7,292	3,592	2,102	78,454	63,166
Other	---	3/	3/	120	422	3/	3/
Total dairy products	---	---	---	8,237	7,767	---	---
Hides and skins, raw (except furs):							
Calf skins	Lb.	261	169	112	100	5,593	1,788
Cattle hides	Lb.	650	1,170	102	343	7,738	14,336
Goat and kid skins	Lb.	2,602	1,587	1,769	1,449	12,428	13,512
Sheep and lamb skins	Lb.	11,705	10,114	6,530	6,933	41,438	46,027
Other 4/	Lb.	3,341	2,894	1,849	1,574	29,108	23,019
Total hides and skins, raw	Lb.	18,559	15,934	10,362	10,399	96,305	98,682
Meat and meat products:							
Beef and veal -							
Fresh, chilled, or frozen	Lb.	65,848	42,997	21,688	16,149	447,880	484,648
Other	Lb.	7,166	6,904	2,771	2,752	63,467	92,286
Total beef and veal	Lb.	73,014	49,901	24,459	18,901	511,347	576,934
Mutton, goat, and lamb	Lb.	4,608	8,067	1,082	2,220	18,269	44,753
Pork -							
Fresh, chilled, or frozen	Lb.	3,722	4,146	1,390	1,941	29,854	35,852
Hams and shoulders, canned cooked	Lb.	18,859	21,599	12,245	16,777	107,388	150,262
Other	Lb.	4,193	5,752	3,254	2,237	25,106	36,104
Total pork	Lb.	26,774	31,497	15,872	21,972	162,348	222,218
Sausage casing	---	3/	3/	2,078	1,995	3/	3/
Other (including meat extracte)	Lb.	7,359	9,687	1,563	2,096	59,426	70,351
Total meat and products (except poultry):	---	---	---	45,054	47,184	---	---
Poultry products:							
Eggs, dried, frozen, otherwise preserved	Lb.	74	188	4	121	85	327
Eggs in the shell	Doz.	53	424	59	208	863	1,307
Poultry meat	Lb.	5	11	31	48	168	210
Total poultry products	---	---	---	94	377	---	---

Continued —

Table 27.—U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity,
March 1965 and 1966 and July-March 1964-65 and 1965-66 - Continued

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	March 1/		Value		Quantity		July-March 1/		Value	
		1965	1966	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1965	1966	1964-65	1965-66	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
Wool, unmanufactured (except free in bond):											
40's to 56's	G.lb.	5,747	6,677	3,400	3,720	21,931	34,790	14,501	19,441	19,441	19,441
Finer than 56's	G.lb.	19,012	23,635	12,503	14,966	92,617	149,964	65,869	93,582	93,582	93,582
Other wools	G.lb.	2,843	3,101	2,674	2,394	18,114	21,083	16,460	16,948	16,948	16,948
Total wool, unmanufactured	G.lb.	27,602	33,413	18,577	21,080	132,662	205,837	96,830	129,971	129,971	129,971
Other animal products:											
Bones, hoofs, and horns, unmanufactured	---	3/	3/	266	528	3/	3/	1,549	2,705	1,549	2,705
Bristles, sorted, bunched, or prepared	Lb.	498	393	1,678	1,034	2,190	2,554	8,172	8,109	8,172	8,109
Fats, oils, greases, edible and inedible ..	---	3/	2/	209	135	3/	3/	1,571	1,400	1,571	1,400
Feathers, crude	Lb.	290	273	537	565	2,576	2,942	4,334	5,162	4,334	5,162
Gelatin, edible	Lb.	765	1,012	432	517	5,114	7,342	2,628	3,778	2,628	3,778
Hair, unmanufactured	Lb.	837	1,025	716	755	7,165	8,101	5,827	6,589	5,827	6,589
Honey	Lb.	1,099	993	120	95	5,006	9,217	614	924	614	924
Other	---	3/	3/	1,469	1,486	3/	3/	7,862	9,593	7,862	9,593
Total other animal products	---	---	---	5,427	5,115	---	---	32,557	38,260	32,557	38,260
Total animals and animal products	---	---	---	91,840	103,870	---	---	568,685	789,450	568,685	789,450
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS											
Cotton, unmanufactured (40 lb.):											
Cotton	Bale	7	6	866	955	107	110	20,355	21,046	20,355	21,046
Linters	Bale	15	17	523	440	119	127	2,962	3,254	2,962	3,254
Total cotton and linters	Bale	22	23	1,389	1,395	226	237	23,317	24,300	23,317	24,300
Fruits and preparations:											
Apples, green or ripe (50 lb.)	Bu.	71	12	305	66	708	367	3,209	1,632	3,209	1,632
Berries	Lb.	11,235	15,616	1,637	3,086	44,831	62,836	7,250	12,575	7,250	12,575
Dates	Lb.	98	1,281	9	123	36,919	29,044	3,564	2,636	3,564	2,636
Figs	Lb.	2,973	2,343	332	252	17,786	17,898	1,900	1,999	1,900	1,999
Grapes (40 lb.)	Cu.Ft.	192	240	396	610	1,008	740	2,052	1,409	2,052	1,409
Melons	Lb.	33,018	38,396	1,338	1,721	55,873	71,552	2,321	3,146	2,321	3,146
Olives in brine	Gal.	1,659	1,975	3,158	3,477	10,928	8,882	16,912	17,135	16,912	17,135
Oranges, mandarin, canned	Lb.	8,412	6,626	1,734	1,342	42,133	42,751	8,775	8,666	8,775	8,666
Pineapples, canned, prepared or preserved ..	Lb.	21,910	17,307	2,442	2,046	110,239	124,673	12,203	14,264	12,203	14,264
Pineapple juice	Gal.	1,706	778	438	185	8,017	6,428	2,602	1,759	2,602	1,759
Other	---	3/	3/	2,487	2,344	3/	3/	19,908	17,986	19,908	17,986
Total fruits and preparations	---	---	---	14,276	15,252	---	---	80,696	83,207	80,696	83,207
Grains and preparations:											
Barley grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	90	40	120	79	8,366	4,827	11,066	6,743	11,066	6,743
Barley malt	Lb.	4,766	3,257	231	163	57,058	35,866	2,767	1,739	2,767	1,739
Corn grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	156	71	270	170	662	708	1,305	1,576	1,305	1,576
Oats grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	263	290	280	290	2,186	2,531	1,936	2,195	1,936	2,195
Rice	Lb.	3,242	4,532	184	243	6,406	52,050	822	2,728	822	2,728
Rye grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	142	212	169	233	1,664	1,025	2,003	1,121	2,003	1,121
Wheat grain for domestic use (60 lb.)	Bu.	205	135	414	272	637	384	1,183	765	1,183	765
Wheat flour	Lb.	0	0	0	0	14	709	2	39	2	39
Other	---	3/	3/	1,401	1,674	3/	3/	12,562	14,415	12,562	14,415
Total grains and preparations	---	---	---	3,069	3,124	---	---	33,646	31,321	33,646	31,321

Continued -

Table 27.-- U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity,
March 1965 and 1966 and July-March 1964-65 and 1965-66 - Continued

Commodity Imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	March 1/		Value		Quantity		July-March 1/		Value	
		1965	1966	1,000 dollars	1966	1964-65	1965-66	1964-65	1965-66	1,000 dollars	1965-66
Wata and preparations:											
Almonds	Lb.	29	18	16		274	238	157		135	
Brazil nuts	Lb.	363	154	177	84	24,318	19,842	6,928		6,855	
Cashew nuts	Lb.	5,786	4,267	3,090	2,210	51,020	53,882	26,376		27,752	
Coconut meat, fresh, frozen, or prepared ..	Lb.	8,251	8,314	1,079	1,046	94,286	104,013	12,266		14,075	
Pistache nuts	Lb.	2,659	2,209	1,412	1,175	10,624	15,909	8,752		8,379	
Other	Lb.	3/	3/	583	487	3/	3/	7,053		6,379	
Total nuts and preparations	---	---	---	6,157	5,011	---	---	58,159		63,948	
Oilseeds and products:											
Oils, edible and inedible -											
Cacao butter	Lb.	2,600	4,027	1,231	1,613	12,994	15,168	6,242		5,343	
Carnauba wax	Lb.	1,476	1,604	675	546	8,298	10,533	3,604		3,793	
Castor oil	Lb.	11,527	10,360	1,124	1,031	96,211	101,192	9,489		8,949	
Coconut oil	Lb.	49,638	87,172	6,487	10,900	335,082	357,941	41,116		45,313	
Olive oil, edible	Lb.	3,861	5,818	1,199	1,723	40,498	31,927	11,354		9,940	
Palm oil	Lb.	818	2,370	84	261	5,192	7,737	525		919	
Palm kernel oil	Lb.	6,581	10,674	894	1,525	65,643	69,639	8,113		10,473	
Tung oil	Lb.	1,909	4,253	421	916	23,129	18,024	4,049		4,049	
Other	Lb.	2,070	2,092	439	498	14,944	19,804	3,257		4,148	
Total oils (except essential)	Lb.	80,480	128,370	12,554	19,013	601,991	631,965	88,403		92,927	
Oilseeds -											
Copra	Lb.	89,264	49,915	7,529	4,300	500,994	406,633	40,167		36,529	
Sesame seed	Lb.	4,329	3,341	536	446	16,398	21,007	2,441		3,261	
Other	---	3/	3/	203	268	3/	3/	1,582		2,465	
Total oilseeds	---	---	---	8,268	5,014	---	---	44,190		42,255	
Protein meal (oilcake and meal)	Lb.	8,424	12,137	244	380	34,468	76,897	981		2,291	
Total oilseeds and products	---	---	---	21,066	24,407	---	---	133,274		137,473	
Sugar and related products:											
Cane sugar	S.Ton	261	316	26,695	36,304	2,812	2,957	318,683		339,136	
Molasses unfit for human consumption	Gal.	16,648	28,718	1,712	2,242	151,464	178,629	17,002		14,523	
Other	---	3/	3/	432	572	3/	3/	5,055		5,598	
Total sugar and related products	---	---	---	28,839	39,118	---	---	340,740		359,257	
Vegetables and preparations:											
Canned mushrooms	Lb.	1,098	1,386	599	746	5,213	8,393	2,947		4,991	
Canned tomatoes, tomato paste and sauce ..	Lb.	8,748	10,689	1,065	1,260	82,493	109,849	10,147		12,338	
Fresh or dried -											
Cucumbers	Lb.	17,031	17,885	1,279	1,342	70,362	64,437	4,849		4,605	
Garlic	Lb.	3,031	1,532	395	212	12,967	10,784	1,663		1,385	
Onions	Lb.	11,344	13,000	520	698	37,943	38,943	2,480		2,480	
Potatoes, white	Lb.	32,336	7,636	1,299	260	250,236	84,089	7,148		2,212	
Tomatoes, natural state	Lb.	59,073	68,850	6,438	10,467	153,904	200,340	16,304		29,325	
Turnips and rutabagas	Lb.	8,979	10,345	216	169	17,388	78,225	1,896		1,739	
Pickled vegetables	Lb.	1,969	1,729	248	289	12,987	20,429	1,859		2,437	
Tapioca, tapioca flour, and cassava	Lb.	53,998	29,384	1,780	932	259,858	241,566	8,210		8,123	
Other	Lb.	3/	3/	3,217	4,240	3/	3/	22,927		24,958	
Total vegetables and preparations	---	---	---	17,056	20,615	---	---	79,689		94,193	

Continued -

Table 27.-- U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity,
March 1965 and 1966 and July-March 1964-65 and 1965-66 - Continued

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	March 1/		Value		Quantity		July-March 1/	
		1965		1966		1965		1966	
		Thousands	1,000 dollars	Thousands	1,000 dollars	Thousands	1,000 dollars	Thousands	1,000 dollars
Other vegetable products:									
Feeds and fodders (except oilcake and meal):	---	3/	657	315	1,688	286	3/	6,305	13,501
Hops	Lb.	---	7	9	1,759	1,431	39	32	6,599
Jute and jute butts, unmanufactured	L.Ton:	---	---	---	2,058	1,941	---	---	5,949
Malt liquors	Gal.	---	1,979	1,693	1,451	990	3/	14,670	16,187
Nursery and greenhouse stock	---	3/	---	---	2,199	1,763	3/	12,607	13,343
Seeds, field and garden	---	2/	---	---	2,999	1,356	2/	51,382	13,944
Spices	Lb.	---	7,458	8,424	1,208	1,356	40,827	128,561	93,398
Tobacco, unmanufactured	Lb.	---	17,395	13,523	11,888	9,981	138,584	13,412	47,838
Wines	Gal.	---	1,556	1,512	5,916	5,981	11,993	7,660	6,471
Other	---	3/	---	---	1,498	913	3/	---	---
Total other vegetable products	---	---	---	---	30,362	25,798	---	---	223,688
Total vegetable products									
	---	---	---	---	122,414	134,720	---	---	973,509
TOTAL SUPPLEMENTARY IMPORTS									
	---	---	---	---	214,254	238,590	---	---	1,542,194
COMPLEMENTARY									
Bananas	Lb.	---	327,290	324,444	14,940	15,295	2,526,482	2,609,920	114,538
Coffee (including into Puerto Rico)	Lb.	---	324,813	315,609	126,535	118,228	2,017,369	2,420,850	824,293
Coffee essences, substitutes and adulterants:	Lb.	---	73	430	76	461	2,453	2,903	3,316
Cocoa or cacao beans	Lb.	---	56,864	104,419	11,850	15,380	419,215	765,793	88,138
Cocoa and chocolate, prepared	Lb.	---	12,848	10,634	2,105	1,267	94,944	93,393	16,856
Drugs, herbs, roots, etc.	---	3/	---	---	2,230	2,445	3/	---	---
Essential or distilled oils	---	2/	---	---	3,569	2,462	3/	---	---
Fibers, unmanufactured	L.Ton:	---	13	16	2,801	2,675	114	130	23,334
Rubber, crude	Lb.	---	95,300	90,199	18,257	15,240	715,360	768,014	138,159
Silk, raw	Lb.	---	307	254	1,533	1,571	3,131	2,882	15,598
Spices	Lb.	---	15,144	7,215	5,470	2,981	80,660	77,518	28,296
Tea	Lb.	---	16,192	14,677	6,912	6,495	91,256	99,897	40,417
Wool, unmanufactured (free in bond)	G.Lb.	---	15,848	13,564	8,511	6,856	94,523	107,000	55,436
Other complementary agricultural products	---	3/	---	---	1,239	777	3/	---	---
TOTAL COMPLEMENTARY IMPORTS	---	---	---	---	206,028	192,133	---	---	1,392,808
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS									
	---	---	---	---	420,282	430,723	---	---	2,935,002
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL IMPORTS									
	---	---	---	---	1,578,961	1,800,947	---	---	11,383,731
TOTAL IMPORTS, ALL COMMODITIES									
	---	---	---	---	1,999,243	2,231,670	---	---	14,318,733
1/ Preliminary.									
2/ Less than 500.									
3/ Reported in value only.									
4/ Excludes the weight of "other hides and skins", reported in pieces only.									

1/ Preliminary.

2/ Less than 500.

3/ Reported in value only.

4/ Excludes the weight of "other hides and skins", reported in pieces only.

Table 28.-- U. S. agricultural exports and imports (for consumption): Value by country,
July-February 1965-66

Country	Agricultural			Country	Agricultural		
	Exports	Total	Imports		Exports	Total	Imports
	Thousand dollars	Thousand dollars	Thousand dollars		Thousand dollars	Thousand dollars	Thousand dollars
Greenland	0	0	0	Europe - Continued:			
Canada	398,835	178,115	6,344	Norway	29,738	1,805	62
Miquelon and St. Pierre Is. .	12	1	1	Denmark	55,813	61,235	166
				United Kingdom	309,279	18,711	5,798
				Ireland	19,800	6,424	928
Latin American Republics:				Netherlands	356,068	61,088	7,514
Mexico	60,311	171,793	49,510	Belgium and Luxembourg ..	135,676	7,901	1,158
Guatemala	6,754	40,445	34,790	Unidentified W. Europe 1/:	0	---	---
El Salvador	5,097	30,013	28,193	France	96,340	47,407	5,617
Honduras	3,942	39,558	35,552	West Germany	326,522	28,476	1,883
Micaragua	5,038	18,204	9,344	East Germany	10,532	198	0
Costa Rica	3,427	31,508	26,407	Austria	9,342	1,738	53
Panama	11,219	26,551	25,662	Czechoslovakia	30,103	1,380	6
Cuba	0	1,573	0	Hungary	4,502	382	96
Haiti	6,201	9,608	6,991	Switzerland	47,386	8,612	1,286
Dominican Republic	14,931	58,641	15,741	Finland	13,032	1,073	28
Colombia	22,855	156,423	148,963	Estonia	0	0	0
Venezuela	50,955	12,826	12,250	Latvia	0	0	0
Ecuador	7,344	69,858	63,330	Lithuania	0	2	0
Peru	21,874	61,006	20,154	Poland and Danzig	21,922	26,086	141
Bolivia	6,339	1,860	590	U.S.S.R. (Russia)	15,312	2,011	695
Chile	24,823	2,824	50	Azores	542	159	0
Brazil	62,713	333,679	266,389	Spain	115,662	28,388	1,504
Paraguay	263	9,159	2,037	Portugal	16,061	6,549	138
Uruguay	893	20,369	59	Gibraltar	120	2	0
Argentina	2,986	60,031	13,513	Malta and Gozo	744	0	0
Total L. A. Republics ..	317,965	1,155,929	759,525	Italy	192,143	53,668	5,933
				Free Terr. of Trieste	24	3	2
Other Latin America:				Yugoslavia	73,561	15,045	566
British Honduras	1,523	737	258	Albania	4	98	42
Canal Zone	0	195	195	Greece	17,495	25,126	327
Bermuda	4,024	0	0	Rumania	2,037	433	61
Bahamas	9,951	1,102	5	Bulgaria	1,597	1,248	283
Jamaica	14,390	6,804	1,465	Turkey	17,085	45,988	1,306
Leeward and Windward Is. .	2,002	1,508	1,191	Cyprus	581	838	375
Barbados	1,506	1,648	0				
Trinidad and Tobago	6,490	2,883	1,041	Total Europe	1,955,722	454,606	36,443
Netherlands Antilles	7,112	73	48				
French West Indies	1,410	3,937	629	Asia:			
British Guiana	2,570	2,799	6	Syrian Arab Republic	1,126	1,707	1,400
Surinam	2,234	256	256	Lebanon	15,568	3,264	1,119
French Guiana	82	54	49	Iran	1,715	3,456	2,009
Falkland Islands	8	0	0	Iraq	29,925	13,224	909
				Israel	48,567	1,082	233
Total Latin America	371,267	1,177,925	764,668	Jordan	5,938	19	19
				Gaza Strip	9	6	0
Europe:				Kuwait	3,976	0	0
Iceland	3,311	388	262	Saudi Arabia	14,303	0	0
Sweden	33,388	2,144	197	Other Arabia Pen. States ..	523	816	809

Continued -

Table 28.-- U. S. agricultural exports and imports (for consumption): Value by country,
July-February 1965-66 - Continued

Country	Agricultural			Country	Agricultural		
	Exports	Total	Imports		Exports	Total	Imports
Asia - Continued:				Africa - Continued:			
Aden	1,142	30	0	Canary Islands	7,308	1	0
Bahrain	898	0	0	Other Spanish Africa	152	228	228
Afghanistan	4,071	1,863	16	Federal Rep. of Cameroon	892	5,667	5,161
India	325,982	53,775	19,854	Central African Republic	4	17	17
Goa, Damao, and Diu	0	0	0	Gabon	63	0	0
Pakistan	74,879	9,484	2,894	Mauritania	28	1	0
Nepal	28	2	0	Senegal	5,776	21	0
Ceylon	1,885	21,889	21,869	Guinea	4,150	9,033	9,005
Burma	1,317	163	0	Ivory Coast	1,754	28,162	27,655
Thailand	13,350	11,403	5,160	Togo	365	703	693
Viet-Nam	64,744	863	649	Other Western Africa	1,255	518	151
Laos	524	346	346	Chana	4,980	25,637	25,040
Cambodia	400	1,352	1,352	Nigeria	6,101	30,495	27,383
Malaysia	11,130	48,390	46,145	Sierra Leone	1,322	704	694
Indonesia	1,693	80,691	78,263	British West Africa	54	2	2
Philippines	46,567	188,603	7,136	Madeira Islands	1,183	39,546	39,324
Macao	315	52	36	Angola	127	585	580
Other S. and S.E. Asia	10	255	234	Other W. Port. Africa	5,245	28,612	28,608
China	0	0	0	Liberia	18,934	10,933	8,436
Outer Mongolia	0	1,850	45	Burundi and Rwanda	296	18,037	18,037
North Korea	0	0	0	Congo (Leopoldville)	561	215	0
Korea, Republic of	65,426	5,583	4,871	Somali Republic	2,565	25,835	24,195
Hong Kong	28,856	1,576	179	Ethiopia	150	256	244
Taiwan	49,473	19,181	3,473	French Somaliland	360	31,234	31,121
Japan	611,197	23,716	8,179	Uganda	9,867	6,396	6,106
Mansel and Nanpo Islands	15,336	18	18	Kenya	3,225	5,463	5,298
Total Asia	1,440,873	494,659	207,217	Tanzania (formerly Tangan- yika and Zanzibar)	29	248	245
Australia and Oceania:				Seychelles and Depend.	166	2,074	22
Australia	29,539	165,867	502	Mauritius and Depend.	410	2,781	612
New Guinea	412	2,742	2,742	Mozambique	678	20,686	19,346
New Zealand and W. Samoa	5,276	80,491	19,808	Malagasy Republic	20,585	26,796	1,322
British W. Pacific Is.	981	5,900	53	Rep. of South Africa	1,801	959	454
French Pacific Islands	1,750	127	126	Zambia, S. Rhod., Malawi	197,085	335,133	280,639
Trust Terr. of Pacific Is.	795	0	0	Total Africa	4,402,547	2,895,566	1,318,543
Total Australia and Oceania	38,753	255,127	23,231	Total all countries			1,577,023
Africa:				E. F. C. (Common Market):			
Morocco	13,868	1,291	467	Netherlands	356,068	61,088	7,514
Algeria	7,096	169	82	Belgium and Luxembourg	135,676	7,901	1,158
Tunisia	9,477	315	0	France	96,340	47,017	5,617
Libya	1,318	2	0	West Germany	326,522	28,476	1,883
United Arab Rep. (Egypt)	60,896	10,501	44	Italy	192,143	53,668	5,933
Sudan	3,981	908	67	Total E. F. C.	1,106,749	198,540	22,105
							176,435

1/ Not available by countries.

Table 29 .-- U. S. agricultural exports and imports (for consumption): Value by country,
July-March 1965-66

Country	Agricultural			Country	Agricultural		
	Exports	Total	Imports		Exports	Total	Imports
			Thousand dollars				Thousand dollars
Greenland	0	4	0	Europe - Continued:			
Canada	438,531	196,964	7,115	4: Norway	35,297	1,961	63
Miquelon and St. Pierre Is. .	16	1	1	0: Denmark	62,731	72,259	180
				0: United Kingdom	351,650	20,649	6,420
				0: Ireland	22,284	8,464	1,077
Latin American Republics:				0: Netherlands	403,462	71,228	8,505
Mexico	66,875	213,832	57,538	0: Belgium and Luxembourg ..	148,176	9,216	1,185
Guatemala	7,922	53,030	45,792	0: Unidentified W. Europe ..	0	---	---
El Salvador	6,520	31,785	29,603	0: France	109,890	52,955	6,362
Honduras	4,710	48,321	43,744	0: West Germany	368,974	31,874	2,178
Nicaragua	5,653	22,443	12,165	0: East Germany	11,768	198	0
Costa Rica	3,902	37,042	30,100	0: Austria	9,902	1,986	60
Panama	12,707	29,975	28,722	0: Czechoslovakia	34,979	1,497	12
Cuba	0	1,819	0	0: Hungary	4,545	447	96
Haiti	7,288	10,206	7,327	0: Switzerland	53,956	9,853	1,399
Dominican Republic	18,627	65,916	17,523	0: Finland	14,278	1,228	28
Colombia	25,294	171,312	163,676	0: Estonia	0	0	0
Venezuela	58,088	15,402	14,783	0: Latvia	0	0	0
Ecuador	8,561	76,491	69,851	0: Lithuania	0	0	0
Peru	26,505	66,269	21,231	0: Poland and Danzig	0	2	0
Bolivia	6,545	1,909	609	0: U.S.S.R. (Russia)	26,755	30,606	150
Chile	25,803	4,546	110	0: Azores	556	163	163
Brazil	67,843	369,786	297,094	0: Spain	148,722	34,329	1,644
Paraguay	287	10,061	2,290	0: Portugal	20,528	7,588	140
Uruguay	1,101	24,114	89	0: Gibraltar	139	2	0
Argentina	3,377	69,400	15,539	0: Malta and Gozo	778	0	0
Total L. A. Republics ..	357,608	1,323,659	857,786	0: Italy	220,619	59,662	6,602
				0: Free Terr. of Trieste	24	3	1
Other Latin America:				0: Yugoslavia	86,771	17,140	617
British Honduras	1,735	784	305	0: Albania	25,261	105	63
Canal Zone	0	195	195	0: Greece	2,758	28,322	385
Bermuda	4,689	29	0	0: Rumania	1,614	488	73
Bahamas	11,833	1,640	5	0: Bulgaria	1,501	1,501	295
Jamaica	16,608	8,055	1,781	0: Turkey	52,251	1,525	1,206
Leeward and Windward Is. .	2,432	1,598	1,196	0: Cyprus	641	888	381
Barbados	1,752	1,931	0	0: Total Europe	2,244,080	522,163	481,448
Trinidad and Tobago	7,214	3,336	1,392	0: Asia:			
Netherlands Antilles	8,067	80	55	0: 3,308:			
French West Indies	2,986	3,950	642	0: 3,179:			
British Guiana	2,611	3,210	31	0: Syrian Arab Republic	1,154	2,159	1,784
Surinam	101	273	273	0: Lebanon	18,886	3,862	1,225
French Guiana	8	54	49	0: 5: Iraq	31,208	3,779	2,229
Falkland Islands		0	0	0: 0: Iran	14,763	1,716	955
				0: Israel	58,848	19	270
Total Latin America	419,332	1,348,794	863,710	0: Jordan	6,134	0	19
				0: Gaza Strip	9	7	0
Europe:				0: Kuwait	4,548	0	0
Iceland	3,751	549	357	0: Saudi Arabia	15,646	0	0
Sweden	38,528	2,479	203	0: 2,276:	706	1,269	1,260
				0: Other Arabia Pen. States ..			

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Explanatory Note

U.S. foreign agricultural trade statistics in this report include official U.S. data based on compilations of the Bureau of the Census. Agricultural commodities consist of (1) nonmarine food products and (2) other products of agriculture which have not passed through complex processes of manufacture such as raw hides and skins, fats and oils, and wine. Such manufactured products as textiles, leather, boots and shoes, cigarettes, naval stores, forestry products, and distilled alcoholic beverages are not considered agricultural.

The trade statistics exclude shipments between the 50 States and Puerto Rico, between the 50 States and the island possessions, between Puerto Rico and the island possessions, among the island possessions, and intransit through the United States from one foreign country to another when documented as such through U.S. Customs.

EXPORTS The export statistics also exclude shipments to the U.S. armed forces for their own use and supplies for vessels and planes engaged in foreign trade. Data on shipments valued at less than \$100 are not compiled by commodity and are excluded from agricultural statistics but are reflected in nonagricultural and overall export totals in this report. The agricultural export statistics include shipments under P.L. 87-195 (Act for International Development), principally sales for foreign currency; under P.L. 83-480 (Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act), and related laws; and involving Government payments to exporters. (USDA payments are excluded from the export value.) Separate statistics on Government program exports are compiled by USDA from data obtained from operating agencies.

The export value, the value at the port of exportation, is based on the selling price (or cost if not sold) and includes inland freight, insurance, and other charges to the port. The country of destination is the country of ultimate destination or where the commodities are to be consumed, further processed, or manufactured. When the shipper does not know the ultimate destination, the shipments are credited to the last country, as known to him at time of shipment from the United States, to which the commodities are to be shipped in their present form. Except for Canada, export shipments valued \$100-\$499 are included on the basis of sampling estimates; shipments to Canada valued \$100-\$1,999 are sampled.

IMPORTS Imports for consumption consist of commodities released from U.S. Customs custody upon arrival, or entered into bonded manufacturing warehouse, or withdrawn from bonded storage warehouse for consumption. The agricultural statistics exclude low-value shipments from countries not identified because of illegible reporting, but they are reflected in nonagricultural and overall import totals in this report.

The import value, defined generally as the market value in the foreign country, excludes import duties, ocean freight, and marine insurance. The country of origin is defined as the country where the commodities were grown or processed. Where the country of origin is not known, the imports are credited to the country of shipment.

Imports similar to agricultural commodities produced commercially in the United States and others that are interchangeable in use to any significant extent with such U.S. commodities are supplementary, or partly competitive. All other commodities are complementary, or noncompetitive.

Further explanatory material on foreign trade statistics and compilation procedures of the Bureau of the Census is contained in the publications of that agency.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20250

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE